CHEAP and EFFECTIVE REMEDY FOR CUTS, BRUISES, INSECT BITES OR STINGS, PILES, PRICKLY HEAT, and OTHER SKIN AILMENTS.
CALVERT'S CARBOLIC OINTMENT.
Larger 1½d. pots.
Free from Animal Fat.
Sold by TREACHER & Co., Bombay, Byculla, and Poona.
Makers awarded 56 Gold and Silver Medals and Diplomas.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 28,311—NEW SERIES. BOMBAY :—FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1890.

CUTLER, PALMER'S CLARETS.
As supplied to over 100 Messes, Clubs, &c.

Qts.	pts.		Qts.	pts.
15-0	8-8	Breakfast—Medoc and St. Julien Medoc	5-0	2-8
11-0	6-8	Dinner—St. Julien, and La Rose	1-0	0-8
22-0	13-0		22-0	13-0
25-0	13-8	After Dinner—Lafit	25-0	13-8
37-8	19-12		37-0	19-12

"C. P. & Co.'s stock and selection of Clarets are the largest and rank as the finest in India."
CUTLER, PALMER & Co., BOMBAY.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons.	H.P.	Captain.	Saturday.
B. L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	20th Dec.
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	27th "
				1891.
B.L. MIRZAPORE	3913	600	R. Harvey	3rd Jan.
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	10th "
B.L. THAMES	4113	800	W. A. Seaton	17th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	24th "
B.L. SUTLEJ	4305	800	W. D. Worcester	31st "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	7th Feb.
B.L. PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	14th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	21st "
B.L. GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	28th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	7th Mar.
B.L. PESHAWAR	2927	600	W. A. Wheler	14th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	21st "
B.L. BENGAL	4499	800	A. B. Daniell	28th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	4th Apr.
B.L. ROSETTA	4525	700	E. Crewe	11th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	18th "
B.L. ORIENTAL	5045	1000	E. Stewart	25th "
† SIAM	3041	500	H. T. Weighell	2nd May
B.L. CLYDE	4136	800	J. L. Parfitt	9th "
† ASSAM	3038	500	W. J. Webber	16th "

The steamers marked B. L. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.
† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers ranship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London by the Mail route, and coupons are issued for places in the Sleeping Cars of the special P. and O. Express.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at noon on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on board.
Heavy Baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon before 9 a.m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

PEKIN	3908	600	P. Harris	24th Mar
ROME	6011	1000	A. W. Adamson	7th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5045	1000	A. C. Loggin	6th May

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons	H. P.	Captain.	About
GANGES	4206	800	T. J. Alderton	18th Dec. 1891.
PESHAWAR	2927	600	W. A. Wheler	1st Jan.
BENGAL	4499	800	A. B. Daniell	15th "
ROSETTA	4525	700	E. Crewe	29th "

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.
For further particulars, apply to
H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 27th November 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA
SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class, respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay :—

Steamers.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	20th Dec.
RAFFAELE RUBATTINO	5,000	800	10th Jan. 1891.
PO			1st Feb. 1891.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	26th Feb. 1891.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK, including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 200 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail
BISAGNO	On the 8th January, 1891.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to
F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, Dec. 9, 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st Jan. 91
IMPERATOR	C. Bechtinger	4,600	750	1st Feb. 91.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 130

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS :—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE or BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480.

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.
Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.
Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
POSEIDON	L. Lorenesich	4,700	650	15th Jan. '91.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Gedda, Suez, Port Said, and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
MELPOMENE	G. Wallusching	3,800	550	21st Dec. '90.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.
For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to
J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay.
1st Dec. 1890.

ANCHOR LINE.
BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

Steamer.	Tons.	Captains.	To sail on
HISPANIA	3,380	S. Abrey	19th Dec.

THE above steamers have been built specially in view of the Indian trade, and have every comfort for first class passengers.

Surgeon and Stewardess carried.
For further particulars apply to
W. & A. GRAHAM & Co., Agents.
Bombay, th December, 1890.

HOMEWARD PASSAGES.

PASSAGES booked by P. & O. and other regular lines of Steamers *without charge for Commission*. Berths selected and the best available accommodation secured. Railway and Sleeping Car Tickets obtained.

CHEAPER PASSAGES engaged by occasional outside Steamers, and every information afforded as to terms and accommodation.

SECOND SALOON.

The Superior Second Saloon accommodation of the new P. and O. Steamers offer an excellent opportunity for a cheap Passage to England, and to enable us to arrange select parties and suitable berthing, intending passengers should make early Application.

Full particulars and pamphlet forwarded on application. Grindlay's "Hand Book" for Travellers may also be had free.

Circular Notes, Sovereigns, and Drafts on London granted at current rates. Baggage shipped and Insurance effected when required.

PACKAGES from Europe for MESSES, CLUBS, SOCIETIES, SCHOOLS, STORES, UP-COUNTRY FIRMS and PRIVATE INDIVIDUALS cleared and forwarded. To avoid delay the Shippers should be instructed to send us direct the Bill of Lading and Invoice.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & Co., Bombay
GRINDLAY, & Co., Calcutta.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows :—

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATHIAWAR COAST AND CUTCH MANDAVIE.

S. S. "KISTNA," 1,132 tons, at 11 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, 24th December.

FOR KATHIAWAR COAST PORTS, CUTCH MANDAVIE, KURRACHEE, AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "PURULIA," 1,615 tons, at 11 a.m., on 20th December, calling at Verawal, Mangrole, Porebunder, Cutch Mandavie, Kurrachee, Guadur, Muscat, Jas, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Busheer, Fao, and Busreh, in the foregoing or any order, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE DIRECT.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,122 tons, at 11 a. m. on the 21st December, after arrival of incoming English Mail, transhipping mails and passengers at Kurrachee to the Persian Gulf Steamer.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "MECCA," 1,970 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 20th December, at noon, calling at such Ports as may be arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the Undersigned.

FOR KURRACHEE, PLYMOUTH, ANTWERP, AND LONDON.

S. S. "HUZARA," 2,078 tons, on or about 20th December.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th December, 1890. Agents.

STEAM.
CALCUTTA TO AUSTRALIAN PORTS.
BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

PASSENGER Steamers are despatched from Calcutta direct to Adelaide, Melbourne, Sydney, and Brisbane, returning *via* Torres Straits, booking Cargo and Passengers through to all ports in Queensland and New Zealand, with liberty to call at Singapore and Batavia.

Steamer.	Tons.	Date of leaving Calcutta.
MOMBASSA	4,662	On or about 26th Dec.

For Freight, Passage, or other particulars, apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 18th December, 1890. Agents.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.
FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.
TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE S. S. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE Bombay on 12th January 1891, at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN, in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound, and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

A Steam Launch will leave the Apollo Bunder at 1 p.m. on the day of sailing to convey Passengers on Board.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

EGYPT AND THE NILE.

BOMBAY TO THE FIRST CATARACT AND BACK IN 45 DAYS,
Including food on NILE STEAMER and 4 days. HOTEL accommodation at Luxor.
FIRST CLASS THROUGHOUT.....Rs. 1,000.

Full Particulars on application. Pamphlet of Tours up the NILE to the First and Second Cataracts, with maps, price Six Annas, from
THOS. COOK & SON,
BOMBAY AND CALCUTTA.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

TREACHER'S
HIGHLAND MALT WHISKY.

PHOENIX BRAND.
MUCH ADMIRED FOR ITS PARTICULARLY FINE FLAVOUR.
Cash Rs. 25 PER DOZEN.
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

TREACHER'S CHERRY BRANDY.
MADE from selected Kent Morellas is of its kind the finest Liqueur imported.
Cash Rs. 3-0 per bottle and Re. 1-12 per ½ bottle.
TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

MILK PUNCH.
PREPARED FROM AN ORIGINAL RECIPE.
IT has achieved a considerable reputation as being the best in the Indian Market.
Rs. 24 per dozen.
TREACHER & Co., Limited,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

JUST PUBLISHED—Rs. 2-8-0.
THE ADVENTURES OF
THOMAS BROWN, A GRIFFIN.
THACKER & CO., LD.

THE INDIAN AND GENERAL INVESTMENT TRUST, LD.

Capital	...£500,000
" Subscribed and paid up	...£250.000

Bankers and Agents in India.
Calcutta.—MESSRS. KING, HAMILTON AND CO.
Bombay.— " KING, KING AND CO.
SOLICITORS.
MESSRS. SANDERSON & Co., Calcutta and London.
THE TRUST IS PREPARED :—
to negotiate for the purchase of Municipal Bonds Debentures or shares in Indian Joint Stock Companies (special facilities thus being afforded to Executors for the speedy realization of Estates) ;
to make advances on same ;
to subscribe for issue, or guarantee the issue of Municipal Loans, and the Debentures or Shares of Joint-Stock Companies either in England or in India : and to act as Trustees for Debenture holders.

RESIDENTS IN INDIA WILL FIND
CEYLON
An agreeable place to visit during
THE HOT SEASON.
NUWARA ELIYA.—The Sanitarium is 6200 feet above Sea.
And after reaching Colombo by short sea voyage, is easily approached by Rail. First Class Return Ticket Rs. 18. "THE GRAND" & CRITERION" HOTELS are charmingly situated, over-looking Lake and Mountain scenery. Furnished with every Comfort. Excellent Cuisine. Bracing climate, but not too cold. W. MILSOM & Co., Proprietors, Nuwara Eliya, Ceylon.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD., WINE AND SPIRIT MERCHANTS, are supplying upwards of 250 MESSES, as well as a large number of CLUBS, with WINES, SPIRITS, &c., &c.

All the Company's own Brands of Wines and Spirits are bought in the Countries in which they are produced by the Company's Own Agents ; the very considerable Middleman's Profits are thus saved, and the Wines are placed in the Consumer's hands with the least possible expense. It should be carefully borne in mind that the Profits made by many of the large London and Continental Wine Merchants, even those who are supposed to supply to the Trade, are notoriously large.

CATALOGUES SENT ON APPLICATION.

TREACHER & COMPANY, Ld.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

PASSAGE SEASON, 1891.
KING, KING & CO.,
BANKERS AND AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGES engaged by P. and O. and all other Lines on favourable terms, and FREE OF CHARGE FOR COMMISSION.

SECOND SALOON accommodation by the P & O. Line secured at very low rates. Special attention given to the grouping of passengers and selection of Berths, so as to secure their comfort on the voyage. For this purpose a Register is kept free of charge, and intending Travellers are recommended to forward their names for registration at as early a date as possible, so as to ensure satisfactory arrangements being made.

PASSENGERS are met on arrival at Plymouth by Messrs. Henry S. King & Co. (London), or at Liverpool by Messrs. King, Baillie & Co. Messrs. King, King & Co.'s Agents at Aden, Port Said, Malta, Brindisi, Marseilles, and Gibraltar will render their Constituents every assistance.

SPECIAL arrangements have been made for the convenience of Ladies and Children travelling also

BAGGAGE CARGO and PARCELS Shipped or Cleared at Low rates ; Fire and Marine Insurance effected when desired ; excellent godown accommodation furnished, and every facility given for examination.

IMPORTERS can rely on their goods being cleared promptly, economically, and safely ; a large and experienced staff, many of whom have been twenty years and upwards in Messrs. King, King & Co.'s employ being constantly in attendance on the Bunder, and at the Custom House.

LOANS granted on easy terms. Letters of Credit and Circular Notes issued payable in all the principa towns of the world.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, Sovereigns, and Bank of England Notes bought and sold at the best rates of the day.

CORRESPONDENCE INVITED, and a copy of Messrs. King, King & Co.'s "Handbook for Homeward bound Passengers" forwarded on application, free of charge.

KING, HAMILTON & Co., CALCUTTA. KING, BAILLIE & Co., LIVERPOOL.
HENRY S. KING & Co., London.

KEMP & CO.'S
AERATED WATERS,
IN SYPHONS.
Per Dozen,—Soda, Rs. 1-8 ; Lemonade, &c., Rs. 3.
Syphons allowed for on Return.
KEMP AND CO., LD., BOMBAY.

FOR, 'XMAS 90. "SPECIAL DISPLAY."
USEFUL PRESENTS. NEW YEAR 91.
ALL DEPARTMENTS REPLETE WITH NEW GOODS.
HOAR & CO., { OUTFITTERS, } BOMBAY.

JUST ARRIVED.

FELT HATS ! FELT HATS ! !

THE BEST QUALITY. FEATHER WEIGHT. NEW SHAPES. FASHIONABLE COLOURS.

BLACK,
FAWN,
MOUSE,
TERRA COTTA,
BAY BROWN,
NUT BROWN,
SOFT CLERICAL,
BOYS BLACK, Rs. 5-8.
TERAI HATS, Rs. 14-8.
Rs. 8-8.

10 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH.
ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE FREE.
THORPE & Co., (HATTERS,) BOMBAY.

"'XMAS & NEW YEAR" SEASON.

MESSRS. MARCKS & CO., LD.

BEG to intimate that they have now Replenished their Stock in its many Branches, and with a view of the Steady advance in Sterling Exchange, are glad to offer Purchasers the very liberal Discount of 30 Per Cent. (THIRTY PER CENT.) on former Prices.

DIAMOND & GEM JEWELLERY.

A wide Selection of Artistically designed Novelties, suitable for CHRISTMAS OR NEW YEAR'S PRESENTATION, comprising
Brooches, from Rs. 18 to Rs. 2,500.
Ladies' Suites, from Rs. 35 to Rs. 600.
Ear studs & Earrings, from Rs. 10 to Rs. 3,000.
Diamond Rivieres, Neckchains, and Lockets, from Rs. 50 to Rs. 8,000.
Bracelets and Bangles, from Rs. 35 to Rs. 6,000.
Pendants and Sirpaiches, to Rs. 2,200.
Rings in almost endless Variety, from Rs. 10 to Rs. 5,000.
Collar Studs, Links and Solitaires, from Rs. 25 to Rs. 2,800.
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Alberts, from Rs. 400 upwards.
Miniature concealed Watches in Rings, Flowers, Insects, Animals, &c.
Fancy Conceits in Charms, Scarfpins.

GOLD JEWELLERY.

Brooches, Fichu, round, or fancy, from Rs. 15.
Ladies' Suites do. from Rs. 30.
Necklaces, Lockets, Pendants, from Rs. 25.
Bracelets and Bangles in great Variety, from Rs. 20.
Rings, Keeper, Wedding, Gemmed, Signet, &c., from Rs.5 to Rs.5,000.
Links, Solitaires, and Suites, from Rs. 8.
Alberts for Gentlemen, a Grand Selection, from Rs. 45 to Rs. 300.
Alberts or Victorias for Ladies, from Rs. 35 to Rs. 250.
Scarfpins, a Large Exhibit, from Rs. 6 to Rs. 800.
Charms, Pencil Cases, Toothpicks, Cigarette holders, &c.

WATCHES FOR GENTLEMEN.

There are few things so ACCEPTABLE for a 'XMAS OR NEW YEAR'S GIFT as one of Marcks & Co., Ld's. ACCURATE Watches. The SELECTION of their Stock is so LARGE and the QUALITY so Good as to be absolutely SECOND TO NONE in the Whole of Western India.
Their Watches, with Jewelled Cases, comprise Complicated Repeater, Calendar, Chronograph or Plain Movements, up to Rs. 5,000.
The same in PLAIN, chased or Engine turned Gold Cases, from Rs. 75 upwards.
IN SILVER, the Selection runs from Rs. 25 to Rs. 600, according to Class of Movement.
IN METAL, very Strong Movements, suitable for PRESENTATION to Servants, from Rs. 8 to Rs. 50.

WATCHES FOR LADIES.

WRISTLET WATCHES with Gold or Jewelled Bracelets. In these Watches only the Strongest Movements are Supplied, and each Watch is Guaranteed. Our Prices in Gold range from Rs. 165 to Rs. 310, and in Jewelled Mountings up to Rs. 850. They comprise Fixed, Flexible, Curb, Woven, and other Fancy Patterns.
IN SILVER we can supply a Splendid Quality Watch, mostly of same Designs as in Gold, from Rs. 65 ; and a specially Sound Watch, to be worn either in the Pocket or on the Wrist, in a Leather Strap, from Rs. 35. In Metal, Rs. 22-8.

CLOCKS.

In every Shape and Description, the Prices of which run in close Succession from Rs. 5 to as Many Thousands of Rupees.
Silver Plate, Electro Plate, Silver Jewellery, Optics, &c., &c., in Immense Variety. Largest Piano Saloons in Western India.

MARCKS & CO., LD.,
JEWELLERS, WATCH MAKERS, AND PIANOFORTE AGENTS,
BOMBAY AND POONA.

'XMAS 1890 ! 'XMAS 1890 ! ! 'XMAS 1890 ! ! !
CHOICE NOVELTIES.
NEW GOODS JUST RECEIVED.
TOYS ! TOYS ! ! TOYS ! ! !
FANCY GOODS ! FANCY GOODS ! ! FANCY GOODS ! ! !
ELECTRO-PLATED WARE ! ELECTRO-PLATED WARE ! !
PARLOUR AND INDOOR GAMES.
CRICKET AND TENNIS REQUISITES.
'XMAS AND NEW YEAR CARDS, 8 Annas per Shilling.
HAM, BACON, AND CHEESE ON CUT.
OILMEN'S STORES AND PROVISIONS.
CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS ! CRYSTALLIZED FRUITS ! !
PERAMBULATORS AND FOLDING CHILDREN DOG-CARTS.
BULL AND COMPANY,
APOLLO BUNDER, BOMBAY.

KEMP & CO.'S
TASTELESS GELATINE COATED GRANULES
ARE the best method of administering solid medicines.
TASTELESS, SMALL, ELEGANT, ACCURATE.
Medicines for all common complaints are now prepared in this convenient form.

Granules for Boils.	Granules for Fever.
Granules for Constipation.	Granules for Headache.
Granules for Cough.	Granules for Liver.
Granules for Diarrhœa.	Granules for Nervousness.
Granules for Dyspepsia.	Granules for All Complaints.

Per Bottle Re. 1.
KEMP & CO., LD., BOMBAY.

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE.
TWO 10-Horse Power PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, and two 6" Centrifugal PUMPS second-hand, in good working order. Prices on application. Apply to
R. J. SHANNON, B. A., C. E.,
State Executive Engineer, Ellichpur.

SWIFT AND FARROW,
PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.
UNDERTAKE COLLECTION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.
No. 9, HUMMUM STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE COLUMBIA SKATING RINK.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY,
Master Maurice Fedelis, the Champion Juvenile Skater of Bombay, will run again against FOUR Local Amateurs. Distance—1 Mile.
POLO.
RINK vs. THE GENTLEMEN OF BOMBAY.
LADIES FREE.
WEDNESDAY, Dec. 24th,
GRAND MASKED CARNIVAL
UNDER THE DISTINGUISHED PATRONAGE OF
HIS EXCELLENCY LORD HARRIS.
IN AID OF THE FUNDS OF THE LEPER ASYLUM.
SEE HANDBILLS EVERYWHERE.

THE BOMBAY AMATEUR DRAMATIC CLUB

Will give their second performance of this Season
Under the distinguished Patronage and in the immediate presence of
THEIR EXCELLENCIES
LORD AND LADY HARRIS
ON SATURDAY, 20TH DECEMBER,
AT THE NOVELTY THEATRE,
When will be represented PAUL MERETT'S Melodramatic Romance of
"THE GOLDEN PLOUGH"
And Joseph Lunn's very amusing Farce of
"FISH OUT OF WATER."
NEW DRESSES! NEW SCENES!!
The proceeds of the Performance will be given to the Funds of the
ALEXANDRA NATIVE GIRLS' INSTITUTION.
PRICES OF ADMISSION:

Box (to hold 4)	Rs. 6	Dress Circle (1st Row)	Rs. 3
Orchestra Stalls	3	"	2
Stalls	1 8	Gallery and Back seats	As. 8

Seats may be reserved at the *Kaiser-i-Hind* Press, where a plan of the Theatre can be seen.

THE WESLEYAN COLABA HIGH SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND GIRLS.

MATRICULATION, 1891.
INSTRUCTION IN ALL SUBJECTS.
CHILDREN ADMITTED to the Ordinary Classes at any time on Liberal Terms.
Apply to
THE HEAD MASTER,
Wesleyan Colaba High School,
Colaba Causeway.

THE MACIVOR LINE S. S. "ETOLIA" has ARRIVED from GLASGOW via KURRACHEE, with a General Cargo, and is DISCHARGING in the VICTORIA DOCK.
CONSIGNEES are REQUESTED to PRESENT their BILLS of LADING for our Countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay. Lifts exceeding 30 cwts. will be delivered into Consignees' Boats, and, if not alongside in time, will be landed or placed in Boats at Steamer's option at their risk and expense.
The Company's Surveyor will attend every morning to survey Damages, and all Claims in this respect must be adjusted before the GOODS are removed from the Landing Sheds. After removal from the Landing Sheds the Steamer will not be responsible for any Damage whatever. All Claims must be presented before the sailing of the Steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.
KILLICK, NIXON & Co.,
Bombay, 17th December, 1890. Agents.

FOR SALE.

STANDING TREES, TEAK, SAL, and other kinds in the Forests of the Northern Circle, Central Provinces; also the right to fell wood for fuel in certain forests. Apply to the
CONSERVATOR OF FORESTS,
Northern Circle, C. Ps., Jubbulpore.

'XMAS CARDS!

INDIAN VIEWS!!
ANNAS 8 EACH.

Taj Mahal, Agra.	Golden Pagoda, Rangoon.
Cashmere Gate, Benares.	Elephant Carrying Timber.
Bengal Ladies.	Bullock Cart.
Burmese Lady.	Apollo Bunder, Bombay.
Bird's Eye View of Calcutta.	Indian Mendicant.
Temple, Lucknow.	Durbar Elephant.
Victoria Terminus, Bombay.	Himalayians.
Hyderabad Officers.	Golden Temple, Benares.
Yacht Club, Bombay.	Zenana Building, Jeypore.

THESE PHOTOS ARE MOUNTED ON WOOD PAPER.

MORENAS & Co.,
15, MEADOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

'XMAS TREE ORNAMENTS.
'XMAS TREE CANDLES.
'XMAS TREE TOYS.
'XMAS TREE HOLLIES.
'XMAS TREE MISELTOES.
'XMAS CRACKERS.
'XMAS PLUM PUDDING.
'XMAS MINCE MEAT.
'XMAS CANDID PEEL.
Crystallized Fruits and French Sweets in Many Varieties, etc., etc.

BOLTON AND COMPANY,
WINE MERCHANTS,
BOMBAY.

GENERAL.

NOTIFICATION.
The 10th December, 1890.

NO. 325.—SEALED TENDERS for the SUPPLY of the undermentioned quantities of PAPER of Indian manufacture will be received by the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore, Bangalore, at his Office, up to 11 a.m., on the 19th January, 1891:—

Description of Paper.	Size of Paper.	Number of Reams required.	Rate per Ream tendered.
		Reams.	
Brown cartridge, glazed 42 lbs	22½" by 29"	15	
Do. ordinary 38 lbs.	22½" by 29"	250	
Badami, double royal 31 lbs.	26" by 40"	100	
Do. demy 16 lbs.	18" by 22	200	
Do. do. 14 lbs.	18" by 22	1,700	
White printing do. 18 lbs.	18" by 22"	500	
Do. do. 16 lbs.	18" by 22"	500	
Do. foolscap 12 lbs.	17" by 13½"	1,700	
Do. do double 8 lbs.	17" by 27"	30	

2. Tenders should be sent in the above form and superscribed "Tender for Stationery," and should be accompanied by a deposit of 5 per cent on the value of the tender.
3. The deposit should be by means of a Presidency Bank Receipt. No money will be accepted.
4. Fractional parts of a pie will not be admitted in the tenders, and no erasures or alterations will be admitted unless certified to by the initials of the party tendering.
5. Samples of paper to be supplied should be submitted with tender, such samples being distinctly marked with the name of the tenderer and the rate offered.
6. Tenders will be opened by the Chief Secretary to the Dewan of Mysore at his Office in Bangalore and in his absence by the Under-Secretary at 2 P. M. on the 19th January 1891, in the presence of those interested who may choose to attend.
7. The successful tenderer will have to lodge as security a sum equivalent to 10 per cent on the value of the article for which his tender is accepted, and to sign a contract bond (a form of which can be seen at the Office) within 15 days from the date of his being informed by this Office of the acceptance of his tender. In case of failure, his deposit of 5 per cent delivered with the tender will be forfeited and credited to Government, and his tender considered as cancelled.
8. The necessary stamp duty on the contract bond should also be paid by the contractor.
9. Articles when delivered in bales or cases should be strongly packed, so that no damage could occur to them either by water or by removal from one place to another.
The rates tendered should include cost of delivery at Bangalore, and the articles must be delivered at the Stationery Depot, Bangalore, on or before the 10th March 1891.
The deposits of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned as soon as the result of their tender is known, and the deposits of others on the completion of the contract.
The undersigned reserves himself the right of rejecting any tender without assigning any reason for so doing.
By Order,
T. ANANDA ROW,
Chief Secretary.

'XMAS CARDS!
'XMAS CARDS!!
'XMAS CARDS!!!
IN GREAT VARIETY.
From Annas 2 to Rs. 6 each.
MORENAS & COMPANY,
GENERAL MERCHANTS.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

BOMBAY PHILHARMONIC SOCIETY.
CHRISTMAS CONCERT.

THE CHRISTMAS MUSIC OF
"THE MESSIAH"
WILL be given at a CONCERT in the TOWN HALL, on MONDAY, 22nd December, 1890, at 9-15 p.m.
SOLOISTS:
SOPRANO.....Mrs. A. C. WALKER.
CONTRALTO.....Mrs. J. B. MACBETH.
TENOR.....Mr. R. F. CHISHOLM.
BASS.....Mr. B. G. HEBDITCH.
Reserved Seats..... Rs. 3.
Back Seats..... Rs. 2.
Tickets may be obtained from Messrs. SOUNDY and Co. on and after TUESDAY, 16th December 1890.
C. M. MOBERLY,
Honorary Secretary, B. P. S.

HALL LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Commander.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
RUFFORD HALL..	——	3839	550	3rd Jan. 1891.

THIS Steamer's Cabins are on the Upper Deck, and are fitted with all modern improvements for the Comfort and Convenience of Passengers, including the Electric Light throughout. Carries Surgeon and Stewardess.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail.
WERNETH HALL..	A. Buck	4,100	500	12th Feb., 1891.

This Steamer is well known on this Line as being most comfortably fitted in all respects for Passengers, and has Surgeon and Stewardess.
For further particulars apply to
EDWARD, BATES & Co.,
Agents.
Bombay, 17th December, 1890.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.

In the matter of VALLABJI DEWCHAND and PRAGJI DEWCHAND of Bombay, Hindu, carrying on business together in partnership in Bombay under the style of VALLABJI DEWCHAND and VALLABJI PRAGJI; adjudged Insolvents.

WHEREAS the Petition of YULANG HINGKEE, the Petitioning Creditor of the above-named Insolvents, verified by the declaration of YEMTHIN, a partner in the firm of the said Yulang Hingkee, was filed in this Honourable Court on this day; and whereas the said Vallabji Dewchand and Pragji Dewchand; have been this day duly adjudged to have committed an act of Insolvency under the Provisions of Section Nine of the Act Eleven and Twelve, Victoria, Chapter Twenty-one. It is ordered that all the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honourable Court. And it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do within thirty days from the date hereof file a Schedule in this Honourable Court in the form in Schedule C. to the said Act annexed, containing the statement of their debts, estate and effects. Dated this Eighteenth day of December, One Thousand Eight hundred and Ninety.
C. W. L. JACKSON,
Clerk of the Court.
Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 18th day of December, 1890.

NOTICES.

PRINTING PAPERS Manufactured by Messrs. JOHN DICKINSON and Co., London, specially for Indian Markets.

To-day's issue of the *Bombay Gazette* is printed on J. D. & Co.'s LION BRAND ORANGE LABEL, Glazed Quality Printings.

ARMY AND NAVY CO-OPERATIVE SOCIETY, LD.

CHIEF OFFICE: 105, VICTORIA STREET, WESTMINSTER, S. W.
INDIAN DEPOT:—APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY
PERMANENT and ANNUAL SUBSCRIBERS' TICKETS can now be obtained on application to the Agent. The subscription to the former is Rs. 21 except to existing Annual Subscribers to whom the charge is Rs. 18. The charge for Annual Tickets is Rs. 4 for the first year and Rs. 2 each subsequent year. Applications for Tickets by post must be accompanied by the subscription and 1 anna for postage. Cheques and Money Orders should be crossed Chartered Mercantile Bank of India.
Tickets are available to deal at the London Stores "and Depots."
For further information, address
THE MANAGING AGENTS,
Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay.

GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY.

NOTICE.
CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS.
RETURN TICKETS AT REDUCED FARES.

FIRST and SECOND CLASS RETURN TICKETS at a FARE AND A HALF will be issued between any two Stations on this Railway from SATURDAY, the Thirteenth of December, 1890, to WEDNESDAY, the Thirty-first of December, 1890 (both days inclusive), available for the Return Journey up to and including WEDNESDAY, the Fourteenth of January 1891.
2. Through Return Tickets between these dates, and at a Fare and a half, will be issued between the G. I. P. and the Indian Midland Railways. The holders of these tickets to Cawnpore may return from Agra Fort, or the holders of tickets to Agra Fort, may return from Cawnpore, within these dates.
3. The following are the Return First and Second Class fares, between Victoria Terminus and Byculla Stations, and Agra and Cawnpore respectively, namely:—

	First Class. Rs. a. p.	Second Class. Rs. a. p.
Victoria Terminus to Agra Fort	78 9 0	39 5 0
Victoria Terminus to Cawnpore	78 9 0	39 5 0
Byculla to Agra Fort	78 5 0	39 4 0
Byculla to Cawnpore	78 5 0	39 4 0

HENRY CONDER,
General Traffic Manager.
Bombay, the Thirteenth of December 1890.

NEW SEASON'S CHEROOTS AND CIGARS.

NEUBERG'S OWN.

Manufactured of choicest Trichinopoly and Dindigul Tobacco, carefully selected from the NEW SEASON'S CROP, to the high class quality of which he would respectfully draw the special Attention of SMOKERS. The different Brands held in Stock are all *Specialities* of superb finish, and GUARANTEED Quality, and MR. NEUBERG is confident that they will meet that Approval from Connoisseurs he has always studied to secure.

CHEROOTS.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 100 Rs. a.
THOMSON'S PRIME	22 0	2 8
Do. No. 1	19 0	2 2
DAWSON'S PRIME	20 0	2 4
Do. No. 1	18 0	2 0
NONPAREIL (without straw)...	15 0	1 12

CIGARS.

	Per 1,000 Rs. a.	Per 100 Rs. a.
REGALIAS	25 0	2 12
PREMIERS	25 0	2 12
LONDRES	22 0	2 8
FAVORITAS	22 0	2 8
CONCHAS	18 0	2 0
PRINCIPES	18 0	2 0

NEW STOCKS OF COROMANDELS, FLOR DE JAVAS, AND REAL BURMAHS.

Just Opened out and Specially Recommended
NEW SHIPMENT OF
REAL HAVANNAH CIGARS
JUST TO HAND.
Special Price List on Application.
J. NEUBERG,
MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

PRICE CURRENT.—Published once a Week, contains shipping arrivals, departures, exports, imports, and other commercial news. Subscription—Rs. 10 per year.

WINES, SPIRITS, BEERS, &c.

NOTICE.

CLUB WINES.

PHIPSON AND Co., Bombay, are now supplying 116 Military Messes and twenty-nine Clubs with the finest VINTAGE WINES from the following well-known Houses:—

PAGE AND SANDEMAN.	Pall Mall, London
JUSTERINI AND BROOKS.	Pall Mall, London.
CHRISTOPHER AND Co.	Pall Mall, London.
POMMERY AND GRENO.	Rheims.
LANSON PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
PERRIER JOUET AND Co.	Epernay.
HEIDSIECK AND Co.	Rheims.
AYALA AND Co.	Chateau d'Ay.
ERNEST IRROY AND Co.	Rheims.
RUINART PERE ET FILS.	Rheims.
DAUMAL ET FILS.	Rheims.
COLIGNY FRERES	Rheims.
KIDD AND SHADBOLT.	London.
CURLIER FRERES	Cognac.
GABRIEL St. MARC	Cognac.
LEACOCK AND Co.	Madeira.
COSSART, GORDON AND Co.	Madeira.
COCKBURN, SMITHES & Co.	London.
VAN ZELLERS AND Co.	Oporto.
P. J. VALCKENBERG.	Worms-am-Rhein.
NATH. JOHNSTON & SONS.	Bordeaux.
A. DE LUZE ET FILS.	Bordeaux.
WOODHOUSE AND Co.	Marsala.
JAMES CATHCART AND Co.	Leith, N. B.
SIR ROBERT BURNETT & Co.	London.
GOVERNMENT CELLARS.	Budapest.
C. A. LINDGREN AND Co.	Stockholm.
THOS. MOSLEY AND Co.	Gibraltar.
J. SACCONE	Gibraltar.
C. MAREY & LIGER-BELAIR.	Côtes d'Or.
J. & R. GRANT	Rothes.
ACKERMANN-LAURANCE	Saumur.
ANDREW ROWAN.	Melbourne.
FRANK BAILEY AND Co.	London.

Secretaries and Presidents of Clubs and Military Messes can now obtain Wines from the above well-known Firms, without the inconvenience and expense of importing direct.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
No. 4, FORBES & MEADOWS STREETS, FORT

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT KING LANE OR HOLY CHUCKLA.

On WEDNESDAY, the 7th January, 1891, at 4 p.m., Messrs. MEHRJEE JOHNSTON and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of Mr. Jairaj Makanjee, the transferee of mortgage, and by virtue of the power of sale contained in the indenture of transfer of mortgage, dated 21st July, 1890, and on account and risk of the mortgagors Hunsraj Soorjee and another, the following immoveable property.
All that piece or parcel of land or ground with the messuage, tenement and dwelling-house standing thereon, situate at King Lane, or Holy Chuckla, within the Fort of Bombay, in the registration subdistrict of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 186 3-9 square yards or thereabouts, and bounded on the north by a public passage, on the south by the said King Lane, aforesaid, on the east by the house of Goculdas Dewjee Gungadnur, and on the west by the house of Narrotun, and assessed in the books of the Collector of Land Revenue under No. 5570, new No. 475, old survey No. 8836, new survey No. C 11-69, and by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under Ward No. 2563, Street Nos. 7, 9, and 11, and which said premises are now in the occupation of the said Jamnadas Vassonjee Purshotum and Javervow, widow and their tenants.
For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Crawford, Burder, Buckland, and Bayley, Solicitors, or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY AT CHINCH BUNDER.

Messrs. MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co., will on the undermentioned dates sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the executors of the owner Mr. Karmali Joosub Datooani the following properties in two lots:—

WEDNESDAY, the 14th JANUARY 1891, at 4 p. m.
LOT NO. 1.

All that piece or parcel of Fazundari land, containing by admeasurement 339 3-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage, tenement or building house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under ward B., No., 3028, street No. 396,398, and of all which premises are situate in Pallo Gully, near Chinch Bunder, otherwise called Samuel Street, without the Fort of Bombay and in the registration sub-district of Bombay and are bounded on or towards the east by the public road, on or towards the west by the public road, on or towards the north partly by sweepers' passage and partly by the property of Bhimjee Punja and on or towards the south partly by the sweepers' passage and partly by the house of Kessowji Jadowji, and were formerly in the occupation of Ibrahimbhoy Hassumbhoy and are none in that of the said Karmali Joosub Datooani and his tenants.

THURSDAY, the 15th JANUARY 1891, at 4 P. M.
LOT NO. 2.

All that piece or parcel of Fazundari land, containing by admeasurement 143 3-9 square yards or thereabouts, together with the messuage, tenement, building or dwelling house standing thereon, assessed by the Municipality of Bombay, under ward B, No. 3327 (1), and street Nos. 24, all which premises are situate in Comercary 1st Row, outside the Fort of Bombay, in the registration sub-district of Bombay, and are bounded on or towards the east by the public road, on or towards the west by a sweeper's passage, on or towards the north by the vacant ground, belonging to Cursetjee Sorabjee and on or towards the south by the public road, and were formerly in the occupation of Ebrahimbhoy Hussenbhoy and now of the said Kurmali Joosub Datooani and his tenants.
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to Messrs. Mansukhlal, Damodhar and Jamsetji, the Vendors' Solicitors, or to the undersigned.—Dated this 15th day of December 1890.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & Co.
Bombay, December 19, 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY,
No. 22, APOLLO STREET.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms a quantity of grey and colored piece-goods, &c.
AT 1-30 P. M.
On account and risk of the concerned—
1 strong landau.
The property of a gentleman—
1 handsome strong second-hand palenquin office shigram in good order.
1 strong English-built mail-phaeton.
1 strong bay Arab horse, 14-1½, quiet to ride and drive.
1 chesnut Arab galloway, quiet in saddle and harness.
1 strong new victoria with removeable coach-box, in very good order.
1 park phaeton, with a silver grey high caste Arab horse and harness.
1 boat shape open carriage.
1 bay waler gelding, 15-2, aged, believed, sound, perfectly quiet and reliable, in saddle and harness.
1 set of English leather harness to fit above, used for 6 months only.
1 bull mastiff.
3 fox terriers and 1 scotch terrier, owner going home.

AUCTION SALE OF CELEBRATED PRICE & CO.'S PERFUMERY.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co., will sell by Public Auction at their rooms, an invoice of 16 cases of perfumery, consisting of eau de cologne, lavender water, violet powder, lime juice, glycerine, tooth brushes, pomade, cod liver oil, &c., &c.
The above lots will be sold in small lots to suit purchasers.

GRAND AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE.

On MONDAY, the 22nd instant, at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at 23, Church Gate Street, Fort, the surplus-stock-in-trade of Mr. Jamsetjee Nowroji, Cabinet-maker, (changing residence) consisting of teak and blackwood substantial made dining, drawing, and bed-room furniture of the latest design and best workmanship, numerous table and cabinet ornaments, suitable for Christmas presents, very valuable China jars, library, book-cases, Indian door curtains, and many other sundry articles, &c., &c.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AN UNUSUAL OPPORTUNITY.
BONA-FIDE SALE.

On MONDAY, the 19th January 1891, and the following days at 1 p m., each day, Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Pedder Road, Cumballa Hill, the superb household furniture and effects, with few exceptions, was designed and executed to order by "Mr. Wimbridge and John Roberts and Co.," and consists of complete suites of drawing room boudoir, and bed room of the best make and workmanship, covered in the latest art fabrics of the finest quality, a billiard table with fittings, including a telescopic chandelier of six kerosine storm and pankha proof, Hink's duplex patent lamps and mahogany combination cabinet by "John Roberts and Co.," very handsome porcelain ware of the finest quality, hand painted, very rich finest quality, Persian and Brussel's carpets, a first rate rich-toned semi-grand Piano by John Broadwood and Sons, valuable clocks in bronze, a large 8-day clock, very handsome glass gilt bronzed table and wall lamps, &c., &c., &c., the property of Nowrojee Manockjee, Esq.
Catalogues will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.
BENNETT & CO.
Bombay, December 19, 1890.

EVERY MAN interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, of great interest to all men, will be sent post free.—Mr. E. NORTON, 293A High Holborn, London, Eng.

THE *BOMBAY GAZETTE OVERLAND SUMMARY* will in future be PUBLISHED on SATURDAY MORNING, in consequence of the alteration of Mail Day.

VOLKART BROTHERS, BOMBAY.
ELECTROTECHNICAL DEPARTMENT.
CONSULTING ELECTRICIANS,
ELECTRICAL ENGINEERS
AND CONTRACTORS FOR
ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
STOCK AND SHOW ROOMS:
APOLLO HOUSE, APOLLO STREET,
BOMBAY.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.
EXPIRATION OF LEASE. TERMINATING 31ST DECEMBER, 1890.

MESSRS. ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE beg to announce they will remove from Rampart Road on the 2nd January, 1891.
Their New Premises are being specially arranged and adapted for their Business, and are situated in Apollo Street in the centre of the New Block of Buildings now in course of completion, to be called and known in future as the "Sirdar's Palace."

ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE,
SHIRT-MAKERS, HOSIERS, AND OUTFITTERS,
BOMBAY.

TIVOLI "NON PLUS ULTRA" (Eagle Brand)
Per case of 4 doz. quarts. Rs. 22. BEER. Per case of 4 doz. pints, Rs. 16.
IN WHITE GLASS BOTTLES.
Pleasant, Light, and Wholesome, Pronounced to be THE BEST BEER yet imported into the country
FRESH SUPPLIES RECEIVED EVERY FORTNIGHT.
Special Terms for Messes, Clubs, &c.
WILLIAM GROSSMANN, 105-106, Medows Street, Bombay. } SOLE AGENT for the Bombay Presidency.
To be had also of ALL WINE MERCHANTS.

SPECIAL SEASON'S STOCK.

PATENT DRESS OXFORD SHOES .....Rs. 12 0
Do. do. with toe Caps..... „ 12 8
A MOST FAVORABLE PURCHASE FOR CASH

BADHAM, PILE & Co., LD.,
BOMBAY, POONA, AND SECUNDERABAD.

PERAK GOVERNMENT NOTIFICATION.

TENDERS are invited for the construction and subsequent maintenance for 12 months of a LINE of METRE GAUGE RAILWAY from the Port of Telok Anson on the Perak River to Tapah, a distance of about 22½ miles.
Plants and specifications may be seen at the offices of the Colonial Secretary, Singapore, the Resident Councillor, Penang, the Secretary to the Government at Perak at Taiping, and the Government Engineer for Railways at Telok Anson during the usual office hours.
Sealed Tenders endorsed "Tapah Railway" should be sent in to the Secretary to the Government of Perak at Taiping not later than the 1st February, 1891.
W. H. TREACHER,
Secretary to the Government of Perak.
Taiping, 4th November, 1890.

THE Undersigned keeps in Stock MISCELLANEOUS STORES for immediate Supply, such as Mills, Ship and Railway Stores, Hardware, Ammunition, Sulphur, Blasting, Fuses, Red lead, Turpentine, Brushes, Pig lead, all sorts of paints, Oil, Varnishes, Ropes of best quality and all sizes, Kerosine Oil, of the well known Brands, Cocoanut Oil, Castor Oil, and many other articles too numerous to mention.
હેપતુલા શેખાદમની કું૦
i. e., HEPTOOLA SHAIK ADUM and Co.,
Agents for Messrs. Curtis's and Harvey Gun Powder and Blasting Powder.

BANKS.

COMPTOIR NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.
HEAD OFFICE—PARIS.
CAPITAL.....£3,200,000.
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
LONDON OFFICE, 32, Threadneedle Street, E. C.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS are kept, but no interest allowed.
DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for fixed periods, at rates to be obtained on application.
LETTERS OF CREDITS payable at any of the chief commercial towns and cities of the world.
DIVIDENDS, &c., on Government Paper and other stocks, received for customers without charge, if remitted home through the Bank.
E. C. MONOD,
Rampart Row, W. Acting Manager.

NEW ORIENTAL BANK CORPORATION, LIMITED.
PAID-UP CAPITAL..... £ 588,075
REST ..... „ 215,333
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
UNION BANK OF LONDON.
BANK OF SCOTLAND.
DEPOSITS are received at the undermentioned Rates of Interest:—
FIXED, for 12 months.....5 per cent. per annum
FIXED DEPOSIT for 6 months.....4 per cent. per annum
and for other periods subject to special arrangement.
INTEREST at 2 per cent. is allowed on current accounts, daily balances not exceeding Rs. 50,000.
DRAFTS granted on London, Scotland, and Ireland and the Bank's Agencies in the East.
SECURITIES received for Custody; NO COMMISSION CHARGED ON WITHDRAWAL. Interest and Dividends collected and the purchase and sale of Securities effected.
A Bazaar and Agency Department in London has been added for the convenience of Eastern Constituent, and a West End Branch has been opened at 25, Cockspurs St. Trafalgar Square.
A. F. SIMPSON,
Manager.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA (LIMITED).
HEAD OFFICE—47, Threadneedle Street, London.
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL...£933,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL £466,500
RESERVE FUND.....£140,000
LONDON BANKERS:
BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL PROVINCIAL BANK OF ENGLAND.
NATIONAL BANK OF SCOTLAND, Ld.
CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.
Interest is allowed on Current Deposit Accounts at 2 per cent. per Annum on the daily balances up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest will be allowed on balances, under Rs. 1,000.
FIXED DEPOSITS.
Interest is allowed on Fixed Deposits—
For 12 months, at 5 per cent. per Annum, and for shorter periods at rates to be ascertained on application.
EXCHANGE.
The Bank negotiates and collects Bills payable in London, Calcutta, Madras, Kurrachee, Colombo, Rangoon Mandalay, and Delhi. It grants Drafts on London and on its Branches and Agencies at the Current Rates of Exchange.
By Order of the Directors,
H. CHALMERS,
Manager.

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Capital.....$	100,00,000. Paid up...$ 81,68,062·50
Balance in Course of Payment.....$	18,31,937·50
Reserve Fund.....$	54,82,127·20
Reserve Liability of Proprietors.....$	100,00,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.
THOMAS JACKSON, *Chief Manager.*
London Bankers—LONDON and COUNTY BANKING COMPANY, LD.
LONDON COMMITTEE:
ALBERT DEACON, Esq (of Messrs. E. & A. Deacon).
E. F. DUNCANSON, Esq., (of Messrs. T. A. Gibb & Co).
WM. KESWICK, Esq., (of Messrs. Jardine Matheson & Co).
DAVID MACLEAN, Esq., 31, Lombard Street, E. C.
A. H. PHILPOTTS, Esq., Carshalton Surrey.
EWEN CAMERON, Manager.
BRANCHES AND AGENCIES:
LONDON, HONGKONG, SHANGHAI.

AMOY.	HANKOW.	PENANG.
BANGKOK.	HIOGO.	SAIGON.
BATAVIA.	ILOILO.	SAN FRANCISCO
BOMBAY.	LYONS.	SINGAPORE.
CALCUTTA.	MANILA.	TIENTSIN.
FOOCHOW.	NEW YORK.	YOKOHAMA.
HAMBURG.	PEKING.	

BOMBAY AGENCY.
Interest allowed on Current Accounts at 2 per cent., on daily balances, if not under Rs. 500, and not exceeding Rs. 10,000.
On Fixed Deposits, for 12 months, at 5 per cent.
Terms for shorter periods on Application.
CREDITS granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on London and the chief commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.
DAVID JACKSON,
Agent.
Church Gate Street, Bombay, and at Mangoe Lane, Calcutta.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY,
No. 7, MARINE STREET.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th inst., at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD & Co. will sell by Public Auction, at Military Store Lane, Fort, by order of the Accountant General, a quantity of old office furniture, consisting of cupboards, presses, racks, chairs, boxes, tables, spare planks, &c.
The property will be on view this afternoon.

SALE OF THE BUILDINGS AND MACHINERY OF THE FLOUR MILL AND WOOL CLEANING FACTORY AT TWO TANKS, KNOWN AS SHROFF'S FLOUR MILL.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, the 19th instant, at 4 p. m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co., will sell by Public Auction on the premises, by order of the mortgagees and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor Dhunjeeshaw Aspanjarjee Shroff, in pursuance of the power of sale given in the indenture of mortgage, dated the 22nd day of February 1888.
All those buildings, Flour Mill and Wool Cleaning Factory built and standing on the leasehold ground and Kanderi, situate at Two Tanks, without the Fort of Bombay, together with the steam engine, boilers, wool cleaning and cotton ginning machines, flour grinding mills and machinery, fixtures, tools, plant and stock, the whole being used as a flour grinding mill and wool cleaning factory and known by the name of the "Shroff's Flour Mill."
For further particulars and conditions of sale application may be made to the undersigned.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th inst. at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 3, Colaba Causeway, next to the Apollo Hotel, the valuable and handsome F. P. blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, crockery and glassware, a sweet-toned iron frame brass-bound square pianoforte by Richard Lipp and Son, Stuttgart, specially made for India, by order of Mr. J. Neuberg, Bombay, in good order, English brass four posts bedstead complete, first rate Singer's foot sewing machine in mahogany cabinet, fancy table ornaments, China and Japanese flower vases, K O table lamps, carpets, pictures, &c., the property of A. HOLMES, Esq.
Catalogues are published, and the property is on view.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

On MONDAY next, the 22nd instant, at 2 p.m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction, at their rooms—
10 bales grey shirtings.
10 „ „ dhoties.
5 cases prints.
5 „ white shirtings.
5 „ „ jaconets.
A consignment of handsome and well-finished bentwood furniture, consisting of arm and without arm chairs, sofas, reclining and rocking chairs, &c.
4 rolls canvas belting, 2½, 3, 3½ and 4 inches.
1 case 18 box. cupboards and fill brass locks.
2 flour mills by Nicholson for hand gear, one with and one without dresser.
12 rolled iron ship plates, 9 feet by 1 foot, 6 inches by ½ in. thick, weighing tons 7, 4, 3.
By order of the Administrator General the effects of the late Mr. A. S. Headlam, consisting of teakwood, table, iron table, with marble top &c.
By order of the mortgagee and on account and at the risk of the mortgagor—
1 gold watch No. 27439 by John Jones.
1 „ „ „ 86613 by Johnson and Co.
1 „ „ „ 2645 by Courvoisor Freres.
1 „ watch chain star pattern with attached universal key (gun)
1 gold watch chain snake pattern with attached universal key.
AT 2 P.M.
1 strong double-seated brougham.
1 light second-hand victoria.
1 second-hand buggy.
And any other carriages and horses which may be offered.

IMPORTANT TO RAJAHS, NABOBS, SIRDARS, AND OTHERS.
A RARE OPPORTUNITY.

AUCTION SALE of very valuable land, with three bungalows, known as Mr. Jussawalla's property, on the Tardeo Road, opposite the Shastri Hall, and close to the bungalow, late of Ramlal, and now of Mr. Cawasjee Dinshaw Adenwalla.
Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. have received instructions to sell by Public Auction on the premises TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, the 20th inst, at 4 o'clock in the afternoon, in one or two separate lots, that desirable property, situate fronting on the Tardeo Road, a few minutes walk from the Grant Road Railway Station and Tramway Terminus. It is open on all sides, and includes 3 pucca-built bungalows (one large upper-storied and the other two lower-storied) besides stables, coolrooms, servants' quarters, wells, and tanks. The ground contains about 20,000 square yards, and is on level with the Public Road. The property is divided into two convenient lots as under:—
LOT 1.—Contains about 7,000 square yards of ground, and includes the upper-storied bungalow with its out-houses. The bungalow which has a large garden in front has been recently painted and is in thorough good condition. It has accommodation for two families, and is in every way suitable as the residence of a Raja or Nabob. It had been on different occasions in the occupation of the Maharana of Odeypore, Thakore of Gondal, Nawab Sir Asman Jah and others.
LOT 2.—Contains about 13,000 square yards of ground, and includes the two lower-storied bungalows, besides stables and two wells. It has extensive ground which could be utilised for building purposes, being bounded on two sides by public roads.
Further particulars may be learnt on application to the Auctioneers, where a plan of the property can be seen, and the property can be inspected any time during the day.

On TUESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 1 p. m. Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at Govalia Tank Road, opposite the Free Church Mission House, the valuable and handsome F. P. substantial made blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated-ware, rich crockery glassware, one harmonium by Hose and Co. in good order, one hand organ, with

BOMBAY BANK AND STOCK LIST.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount	Paid-up.	Last Half-Yearly Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	6 pr. ct.	947½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	400	all	8 pr. ct.	975
Bank of Madras	10,000	500	all	8 pr. ct.	925
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	410	all	5 pr. ct.	130
Charter Bank	40,000	420	420	7 pr. ct.	428
Chartered Mercantile	20,000	425	425	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	80,000	$125	all	17½ pr.ct.	...
National Bank of India	37,320	425	412½	5 pr. ct.	160
New Oriental Bank	50,000	410	all	6 pr. ct.	160

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	7	1,980xd
Albert Printing Co	100	500	all	25 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Karrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	335
Anglo	750	2,000	2,000	Nil.	205
Bellary	167	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	375
Bombay Gazette	1,000	125	125	20	140xd
Bombay Native Newsp. Printing Co., Ltd	830	1,000	1,000	...	805
Bombay Gazette Press Co., Ltd	800	500	500	16	90
Caxton	500	1,500	1,500	45 dvd	350
East India	250	1,000	1,000	120	1,350
Education Printing and Manfg.					180
Fort	180	250	...	Rs. 20	275
French	515	5,500	5,500	150	535
Harvey and Co.	200	500	all	20	
Bahamday	450	450	500	30	450
Hemsell Press Co., Ld.	750	100	all	32½	155
Khanderao	240	450	450	54	410
Mahadeopuree Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	pr. ct.	510
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	10	60xd
Motamli Co	3,125	400	400	Rs. 40	440
Munsaar M	1,000	250	all	Rs. 15	170
New Burrar	1,200	500	500	45	560
New Indian	4,000	125	125	Rs. 10	97½
Prince of Wales	600	800	800	40	375
Sabapathy(Bellary)	500	500	50	120	500
Samachar	300	600	600	2	600
Sind and Punjab Co.	100	1,000	1,000	25	1,100xd
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	510
Soonth Woollen Mills	1,200	250	250	...	210
Vellkart	—	1,000		Rs. 30	710

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly guar.	
G. I. P. R. Consolidated Stock	—	6100	All	5 p.c.	2,460
P. B. & C. I. R. New Shares	—	£18	—	do.	421

MISCELLANEOUS.

				Last half-yearly.	
Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	20	212½
Anglo-Indian	700	150	150	7½	160
Back Bay Baths	500	50	50	12	50
Badham Pile	5,000	100	100	12	95
Bapty Bros	20,625	200	185	18	40
Bezar Oil Mills Co., Limited	1,250	100	All.	Nil.	100 nom
Bombay Fire Insurance	600	2,500	1,000	70	750
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation	1,000	2,500	21,500	125	3,700
Do. New Issue	600	275	625	33½	935
Bombay Ice Mfg. Co., Ld.	1,250	100	100	5	100
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld.	400	500	500	6 pr. ct.	630
Bombay Flour Mill	1,000	500	500	Rs. 37½	825
Deccan Ice Co.	1,170	100	100	4 pr. ct.	90
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	400
Delhi and Northern India Flour Mills	1,500	200	200	Rs. 11	180
Empire Fire Insurance	5,000	5,000	1,000	7½ pr. ct.	1,000
Gamper & Co., Ld	500	100	70	...	70 nom
Indian Guarantee Surety-Ship Assn	5,000	100	10	10 pr. ct.	11½
Indian Fire Insurance Co	250	4,000	1,600	90	1,100
John Roberts & Co	1,500	100	100	10 pr. ct.	75
Kemp & Co	4,000	200	175	20½	255
Kurrachee Landing	500	500	300	30	80
Maharanee Ice Manufacturing Co	3,500	100	100	Nil.	20
Marcks & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs. 5	73
Napier Hotel Co	2,000	100	100	9 pr. ct.	50
Napier Foundry	1,000	100	200	...	60
Oriental Govt. Security Life Insurance	5,000	200	50	12 pr. ct.	180
Oriental Loan	5,000	20	20	8 pr. ct.	15
Phillips & Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	7 pr. ct.	65
Port Canning Co.	6,000	1,000	1,000	20	376
Prince of Wales Firein.	250	18,000	11,000	N dvd	1,800
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	...	83
Soundy & Co.	1,000	100	100	9	80
Southwell and Austin	1,000	100	100 & 20	...	70
Treacher and Co	2,000	500	all	25	925
Thacker & Co.	1,500	100	100	10	95
Telephone Co.	9,200	25	25	5-8	11½
Western India Flour	—	—	—	—	16

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad	600	1,000	1,000	80	1450
Alliance	1,500	1,000	1,000	20	485
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	2	75
Bellary S & W Co. Ld. (Bellary)	871	500	all	8 pr. ct.	800
Bombay United	900	1,000	1,000	25	990
Bombay Cotton Manfg Co	600	500	500	20	395 xd
Central India	3,750	500	500	65	935
City of Bombay Mills	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	910
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	Rs. 25	570
Colaba Land & Mill	4,000	700	700	20	615
Coorla Mills	950	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	475
David Mill	1,600	500	500	Rs. 20	485
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	50	700
Empress	2,100	500	all	Rs. 25	585
Framjee Petit	1,250	1,000	1,000	15	465
Gordon Mills	2,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	105
Hindustan	975	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	800
Hinguphat Mill	700	500	500	40	630
Howard and Bulloughs	1,500	500	500	25	560
Hyderabad	700	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	810
Imperial Cotton	900	500	500	...	370
Indian Manfg.	900	1,000	1,000	Rs. 50	930
James Greaves	1,100	500	500	Rs. 25	575
Jaffer Alli	600	500	500	Nil.	345
Jamsetjee Manufacturing Co.	1,000	250	250	10	235
Jowraj Baloo	1,000	1,000	1,000	25	790
Jubilee Mills Co., Ld.	600	1,000	1,000	Rs. 20	585
Khandesh	750	1,000	1,000	30	665
Khangaum Manfg. Co	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatao Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	550
Leopold	3,500	100	100	Rs. 10	132
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,000	1,000	35	875
Madras United	250	1,000	1,000	100	1,900
Mahalaxmee	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	325
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga)	2,400	500	500	pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	Rs. 50	1,300
Massoon	5,000	250	250	0	105
Morarji Goculdas	1,050	1,000	1,000	70	1,630
Maharaja Mysore S & M Co	4,500	100	100	7½ pr. ct.	105
National	600	1,000	1,000	Nil.	17
New Great Eastern	1,400	1,000	1,000	20	630
Oriental	5,795	625	625	10	365
People of India	1,600	250	250	Nil.	10
Presidency Mills Co(Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	35	1,075
Sassoon	1,600	1,000	1,000	25	1,425
Sholapore Mills	500	1,000	1,000	60	1,330
Soonderdas	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	410
Southern India	1,000	500	500	Nil.	120
Southern Mahratta	1,212	250	250	12½	272
Sun Mills	1,300	250	250	Nil.	220
Star of India	1,000	1,000	1,000	40	575
Swadeshi Mills	3,000	500	500	Nil.	375
Victoria Mills	550	1,000	1,000	24	930
Western India	1,200	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	700
Queen Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 30	700
Ripon Mills	800	1,000	1,000	Rs. 40	1,050
Lord Reay Mfg.	445	1,000	1,000	20	650
Union Spinning and Manufacturing Co.	800	1,000	1,000	Nil.	800
Britania Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	700

PRICES OF BULLION, &c.

English Bar Gold	Rs. 21-14
China Leaf	„ 21-4
Pekin Bar Gold, New	„ 20½
Do. Old	„ 21
Australian Bar Gold 169 touch	„ 21-6
English Sovereigns	„ 13-4
Do. Dragons	„ 13-3-6
Bar Silver 17 Betterness	„ 103-6
Bar Silver 17 Do.	„ 103-10
Spyce Silver	„ 106

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Balloting for Election of Deputy Chairman, Chamber of Commerce, 10 to 6 p.m.
Result of University Examinations.
Polo on the Maidan, 4-30 p.m.
Football Tournament, 4-30 p.m.
St. Patrick's Club, Children's Treat, 4-30 p.m.
St. Patrick's Club, Amateur Theatricals, 9 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 17th :—Ursa (s), from Middlesborough ; and Henry Bolckow (s), Jeddah. Yesterday :—Malwa (s), from Calcutta.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed yesterday :—City of Dublin (s), for Liverpool ; Lawada (s), Rangoon, &c. ; and H. M. Troopship Serapis, England.

POLO ON THE MAIDAN.—There will be a game to-day at 4-30 p.m.

POSTAL NOTICE.—Mails for Karachi, Sind, and the Kathiawar Coast, per extra s. s. Purulia, will be closed at the General Post Office, at 10 a.m., to-morrow.

THE QUEEN INSURANCE COMPANY.—The local agent Mr. J. H. Symington, of the Queen Insurance Company, has distributed a particularly appropriate calendar for the coming year.

SERIOUS BURNING ACCIDENT.—Vitu Balu, a fireman in the Ripon Mills, Byculla, was yesterday, removed to the Sir Jamsetjee Hospital, with severe burns all over his body. He stated that the steam valve burst, and he was caught in the midst of the steam.

A DISTINGUISHED VISITOR.—Nawab Kunni Singi, of Hyderabad, arrived by yesterday morning's mail train, at the Victoria Terminus. The nobleman, followed by his retinue of fifty-two followers, drove off to Mr. Nowroji Davur's residence, at Cumballa Hill.

A EUROPEAN VAGRANT.—Herbert Contain was yesterday, at the Girgaum Police Court, placed before Mr. Hamilton, by Constable Parker, who charged him with being a vagrant. Accused stated he was the son of a European pensioner in Ceylon, and had come across relying on employment in the docks, which, he had no doubt, was only a question of time. He was penniless. His Worship directed his admission into the Workhouse.

SUICIDE OF A PANJAUBEE.—At an inquest, held at the Sir Jamsetjee Hospital last night, on the body of Thomas Luxmon Sing, a Panjaubee, aged 50, it appeared that deceased had voluntarily administered to himself two and half tolas of arsenic. For sometime past deceased had been threatening to commit suicide. He had been expelled from the church for illtreatment of his wife. Deceased had seven children, and lived at Camatipura. He was a muccadum in the service of Messrs. H. Ballantyne and Sons.

A NEGLECTFUL HUSBAND.—Anandi, a young Hindu female, at the Girgaum Police Court, yesterday charged her husband, Dama Narayen, with failing to comply with the order of the Court to pay her a monthly subsistence of Rs. 3-8-0, which had fallen into arrears amounting to Rs. 14. Accused pleaded that he had been away from Bombay for a long time, and, when he returned, he fell sick. The Court, being in a position to know that the accused was evading payment, sentenced him to simple imprisonment for one month.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The Band of the 2nd Gloster Regiment will play the following programme at the Yacht Club, this evening, at 5-45 :—

Overture	French Comedy
Valse	Eldorado
Selection	Martha
Valse	Les Sourires
Euphonion Solo	Maria-di-Rohan
Polka	Wir Beide
	Keler Bela.
	Royle.
	Flotow.
	Waldteufel.
	Donizetti.
	Faust.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.—At the Girgaum Police Court, before Mr. Hamilton, yesterday, Salom Samuel, a Beni-Israelite, charged two others, named Ruben Benjamin and Abraham Ezekiel, with waylaying and forcing Rs. 5 from him as he was on his way to Dongree on the 16th instant. The accused were, on a report being made to the police, arrested at Jacob's Circle, Mahaluxmi. They were seated in a gharry, and on seeing complainant, jumped out, and tried to escape, but were soon apprehended by the police. The money they had partly spent in drink, &c. There being a previous bad record against No. 1 he was sentenced to twelve months' hard labour, the second to three months.

A DISPUTE ABOUT A RING.—A Hindu broker and jeweller, named Gunput Rao, yesterday, before Mr. Hamilton, at the Girgaum Police Court, charged a woman, named Sagarbai, with criminal breach of trust, in that she had on the 24th of October last fraudulently obtained a gold ring, set with a diamond, valued at Rs. 225, from the complainant, under the pretext that she would show the ring to her friend, Motichund, another jeweller and broker and opium speculator, who, she was sure, would purchase the ring for her. Mr. Dalvi represented the complainant and Mr. Cursondas Chubildas the accused. It appeared that the ring was made over to the woman a day after the Dasara feast, and day after day she found one excuse after another to defer payment for or the return of the ring. Motichund once told the complainant not to be in too great a hurry, but let the Dewali pass. After this both these persons began to deny all knowledge of the ring. From the evidence adduced it was by no means clear as to whom the ring was given, to the woman or her male admirer. In the opinion of the Court no criminal conviction could be brought home, and so complainant was referred to a Civil Court.

THE INFLUENCE OF CHRISTIANITY ON THE WORLD.—A lecture on the "Influence of Christianity on the World" was delivered at the Framjee Cowasjee Hall, on Wednesday evening, by Mr. J. A. Balfour, Secretary of the Secular Society. The attendance, chiefly comprising young native students, was not a large one. The lecturer in the course of his remarks said Greece and Rome had seen a civilization, which Christianity could not boast of in her palmiest days. Christianity came into the world, and as history testified the face of the earth was greatly transformed with its introduction. Ignorance and superstition spread in its wake : Christian bigotry impelled Christians to destroy the works of pagan philosophers, and went against its interests. For hundreds of years the church persecuted labourers in the field of science, hunting them down like wild beasts. Men who laboured for the welfare of humanity instead of receiving the world's honor as its uncrowned kings were made to eat the bitter bread of poverty and degradation. Quoting from Huxley's lay sermons, the lecturer said science, the great iconoclast, had conquered in the past ; science, the great iconoclast, was conquering in the present ; and science, the great iconoclast, would conquer in the future." (Applause.)

BOMBAY MINTING OPERATIONS.

THE following statement of silver balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 17th December 1890 is published :—

Value of Silver held on account of the Currency Department on the evening of the 10th December, 1890		Rs. 75,25,000
Do.	Government Silver on do.	50,27,000
	Total.. Rs.	1,25,52,000
Add—Silver received during the week on account of the Currency Department	17,14,000	
Do. do. Government	6,000	
		17,20,000
	Rs.	1,42,72,000
Deduct—Now coin paid to the Reserve Treasury during the week	28,00,000	
Petty items issued for miscellaneous purposes	3,000	
		28,03,000
Balance on evening of the 10th Dec. 1890		Rs. 1,14,69,000

The Balance comprises—

Silver held on account of the Currency Department	Rs. 63,45,000
Do. Government	51,24,000
	Rs. 1,14,69,000

There is in addition awaiting assay—

Bullion belonging to private individuals	Rs. 31,48,000
Do. to Government	
	Rs. 31,48,000

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a Chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to the taste. It produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from the pain, and the little Cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentry and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by Medicine dealers everywhere at 1s. 1½d. per Bottle. Wholesale by the Anglo-American Drug Company, Limited, 33, Farringdon Road, London.

A BOMBAY APPEAL CASE.

BEFORE the Privy Council, Whitehall, on the 15th ult., the appeal of Rehimbhoy Hubibbhoy *vs.* Turner, Official Assignee, respondent, was heard before the Rt. Hon. Lord Hobhouse, Lord McNaughten, Sir Barnes Peacock, Sir Richard Couch, and the Rt. Hon. A. B. Shand. The case was one by the Official Assignee against Mr. Rehimbhoy to obtain property alleged to have belonged to the insolvent Aladdinbhoy Hubibbhoy, and to have been secreted by Rehimbhoy. The following is the judgment in the petition for special leave to appeal :—

In the Privy Council, Council Chamber, Whitehall.
Saturday, Nov. 15, 1890.

Present :—The Rt. Hon. Lord Hobhouse, the Rt. Hon. Lord McNaughten, the Rt. Hon. Sir Barnes Peacock, the Rt. Hon. Sir Richard Couch, and the Rt. Hon. A. B. Shand.

REHIMBHOY HUBIBBHOY, APPELLANT, *vs.* C. A. TURNER, OFFICIAL ASSIGNEE, RESPONDENT.

JUDGMENT ON PETITION FOR SPECIAL LEAVE TO APPEAL.

Lord Hobhouse : In this case the defendant desires to appeal from the decree of the High Court, and the Court have refused him the necessary certificate on the ground that the decree is not a final one within the meaning of section 595 of the Civil Procedure Code. This petition is not by way of appeal from the decision of the Court, but it is presented for an exercise of the prerogative right of the Crown to admit an appeal. Although it is not an appeal, it is, perhaps, a more convenient proceeding than an appeal, because their lordships can then grant leave on any other ground, if other ground appears for the indulgence that is sought ; and if the lordships find that the Court below has refused the certificate for a reason which appears to them to be an unsound reason, then they would advise her Majesty to admit the appeal.

Now, in point of fact, no other ground has been assigned for presenting this petition, and no other ground has been argued here excepting the one ground that the Court below did not take the right view of the word "final" in the Civil Procedure Code. Therefore, to test that point their lordships have to look at what was the real question before the Court when this decree was made. The defendant in the suit alleges that the defendant is accountable to him upon several claims. The defendant alleges that he has got legal defences to every one of those claims, and that he is not accountable at all. The Court held that the legal defences put forward were valid as to some of the claims, and as to others of the claims they were invalid, and therefore that the defendant must account. It is true that the decree that was made does not declare in terms the liability of the defendant ; but it directs accounts to be taken which he was contending ought not to be taken at all, and it must be held that the decree contains within itself an assertion that if a balance is found against the defendant on those accounts the defendant is bound to pay it. Therefore, the form of the decree is exactly as it is affirmed the liability of the defendant to pay something on each one of these claims, if only the arithmetical result of the account should be worked out against him. Now that question of liability was the sole question in dispute at the hearing of the cause, and it is the cardinal point of the suit. The arithmetical result is only a consequence upon the liability. The real question in issue was the liability, and that has been determined by this decree against the defendant in such a way as that in this suit it is final. The Court can never go back again upon that decree so as to say that though the result of the account may be against the defendant, still the defendant is not liable to pay anything. That is finally determined against him, and in their lordships' view that is a final decree within the meaning of section 595 of the Code. They, therefore, think the case is one in which they are bound to advise her Majesty that the leave to appeal should be allowed, on the usual terms as to security.

Solicitors for Appellant, Lattey and Hart, Agents for Roughton and Byrne.

Counsel for Appellants, Cohen, Q.C., and Branson.

Solicitors for Respondent, Payne and Lattey, Agents for Payne, Gilbert, and Sayani.

Counsel for Respondent, Finlay, Q.C., Rigley, Q.C., and Mayne.

LECTURE ON THE SUEZ CANAL.

THE opening lecture of the season under the auspices of that well-known literary society—the "Dnyan Prasarak Mandali"—was delivered on Tuesday last, the 16th instant, at the Framjee Cowasjee Institute, by Mr. Jivanji Jamshedji Modi, B.A. The subject chosen for the discourse was "The Ancient History of the Suez Canal : The First Successful Attempt of King Darius to complete it," and was treated by the lecturer in a very popular, and interesting manner. Mr. Jivanji gave a short history of the geographical changes undergone by the Isthmus of Suez in past times. In describing which he said that the large deposits of marine shells in several parts of the Isthmus it appeared that at one time, geologically, not very remote, the Red Sea ran up to what is now known as the Bitter Lakes, and formed a gulf, called the Gulf of Heroopolite, that latterly the sea began to retreat and the gulf turned into a lake, and that evaporation and the *debris* from the adjoining hills continued to make the lake shallow. An occasional large tidewave from the Red Sea, added he, increased its depth again for a short time. Alternate layers of marine deposits and of the *debris* from the hills, continued the lecturer, clearly showed those geological changes. On the other side of the Isthmus, the Mediterranean Sea made frequent encroachments upon the land of Egypt. The River Nile then emptied itself into the Mediterranean by seven different mouths of which that known as the Pelusioe branch was the largest. Proceeding further the lecturer said that from time immemorial the Isthmus of Suez was the great route of commerce between Europe and Asia, and that merchandise from Asia was carried in boats up to the Gulf of Heroopolite, (the modern Bitter Lakes), discharged, and then taken by land to Bubastis on the river Nile, a little to the south-west of the modern Zagazig, where it was again placed on ships which ran down the river Nile by its Pelusioe branch into the Mediterranean. After giving a short outline of the successive dynasties that ruled over Egypt, Mr. Modi said that the first ruler of ancient Egypt whoever thought of establishing a water communication between the Red Sea and the Mediterranean was Rameses II., the Sesostris of the Greeks, but it was left to Neco, (the Necho of the Old Testament, 2 Chronicle XXXV., 20) to put this scheme into execution (B. C. 700), and he built what is known as the Canal of Neco, connecting the Nile with the Gulf of Heropoolite, up to which the Red Sea then ran. Herodotus, the father of History, added the lecturer, has referred to that attempt of Neco (Book II., 158.) About two hundred years after Neco, Egypt passed into the hands of the Persians. In the time of Darius Hystaspes the Isthmus had, according to the lecturer, undergone a great geographical change. Ships from Asia could no longer go up to the Gulf of Heroopolite, which had then already turned into a lake. The canal of Neco, which connected the Gulf of Heroopolite with the river Nile at Bubastis, had fallen out of order, and was filled up with land. The Persian Monarch Darius, said he, repaired that Canal of Neco, deepened the shallow lake, and dug a new canal from the Gulf of Heroopolite (which had then turned into a lake) to the Isthmus of Suez, up to which the Red Sea had then already retreated. Darius was thus the first king, who established a thorough communication between the Red Sea at Suez and the Mediterranean via the Pelusioe branch of the River Nile. Herodotus, added he, has referred in his history to the completion of that canal (Book IV. 39). With a view to illustrate more clearly this part of his subject, the lecturer here pointed out on a rough chart, specially prepared by him for the occasion, the direction of the canal of Darius, which, as shown by him ran nearly up to the Bitter Lakes on the left side of the present canal and almost parallel to it. Proceeding further Mr. Modi gave a history of the construction of the present canal, which was treated in a very interesting manner.

At the close of the lecture, the chairman, Mr. K. R. Kama, made a few interesting observations on the subject of the discourse and thanked the lecturer for his able, interesting, and learned discourse.

CLUBS of a social character, writes a correspondent are a comparatively new institution in Paris, and I doubt whether there are any which can boast of building specially constructed for the purpose like the palatial establishments of Pall-Mall. There is a chance, however, that the capital of France will have, at no distant date, a real specimen of what a club-house ought to be, borrowed from the architecture and arrangements of the clubs for which London is famous all over the world. It appears that the cercle de la Rue Royale will shortly have to leave its present premises, the place having been bought by Baron Hirsch, who does not intend to renew the lease, which expires in two years. The members are, therefore, considering the question whether to hire another house or build a club of their own, and the majority of them favour the idea of having a large building constructed specially for their requirements, which would also form one of the architectural embellishments of Paris.

THE S. M. R. RIFLE MEETING.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

HUBLI, DEC. 16.

THE second annual Regimental Rifle Meeting of the Southern Mahratta Railway Corps was held at Hubli and Dharwar on the 13th, 14th, and 15th of last month. The shooting altogether shows considerable improvement on that of last year's meeting. Some very fair individual scores were made, notably that of Sergeant Pigott, on the Hubli range, a possible 28, at 700 yards, and the score of Lance-Corporal Jukes, at the same distance in the same match, but on the Dharwar range 27 out of the possible 28.

The six highest scores made in each match are given below.

MATCH I.—THE CORPS CHAMPION PRIZE.

Distance 300, 600, and 800 yards. 7 shots each distance.

			Points.
1st—Corpl J Durham,	B Company		65
2nd—Capt A J Hogg,	B	„	60
3rd—Lce-Sergt W K Thomson,	B	„	55
4th—Corpl M Pereira,	B	„	53
5th—Sergt S Pigott,	B	„	52
6th—Vol A Gonsalves,	B	„	52

MATCH II.—THE COMMANDANT'S PRIZE.

Distance 500 and 700 yards. 7 shots each distance.

			Points.
1st—Lce-Corol G Jukes,	A Company		49
2nd—Sergt S Pigott,	B	„	46
3rd—Capt A J Hogg,	B	„	44
4th—Sergt J Grant,	B	„	44
5th—Lce-Corpl C Hopkins,	E	„	43
6th—Capt T J McCloughin,	F	„	43

MATCH III.—THE HALLUM CUP.

Dist ance 200 and 500 yards. 7 shots each distance.

			Points.
1st—Lce-Corpl M Pereira,	B Company		45
2nd—Corpl T H Abraham,	A	„	45
3rd—Lce-Corpl C Hopkins,	E	„	44
4th—Sergt J Grant,	B	„	43
5th—Vol A Gonsalves,	B	„	43
6th—Sergt F Parker,	F	„	42

MATCH IV.—THE CRAIK PRIZE.

Distance 400, 600, and 800 yards. 5 shots each distance.

			Points.
1st—Lce-Corpl G Jukes,	A Company		45
2nd—Sergt E B Carr,	B	„	43
3rd—Lce-Corpl C Hopkins,	E	„	42
4th—Lce-Corpl M Pereira,	B	„	39
5th—Vol T Mason,	G	„	39
6th—Sergt S Pigott,	B	„	39

MATCH V.—THE CAMPBELL PRIZES.

Distances 500 and 600 yards. 5 volleys each distance. 7 men.

	Hits.
1st—A Company's Team	44
2nd—E Company's Team	32

MATCH VI.—THE GILMORE PRIZES.

Distance, between 300 and 200 yards.

			Points
1st—Sergt S Pigott, B Company			22
2nd—Vol B Courpalias, A Company			19
3rd—Sergt E Grey, C Company			19
4th—Sergt J Grant, B Company			17
5th—Sergt E B Carr, B Company			17
6th—Sergt G Marsh, B Company			17

MATCH VII.—THE SERGEANT-INSTRUCTOR'S PRIZE.

Distance, 500 and 700 yards. 7 shots each distance.

			Points
1st—Sergt-Inst A Scott			45
2nd—Sergt-Inst W Platten			40
3rd—Sergt-Inst C Wragg			36
4th—Sergt-Inst A Simmons			27

MATCH VIII.—THE OFFICERS' PRIZE.

Distance, 200, 500, and 700 yards. 7 shots each distance.

			Points.
1st—Capt T J McCloughin			57
2nd—Capt W W Corn			52
3rd—Lieut F D Topham			50
4th—Capt A J Hogg			50

MATCH IX.—THE FIGURE TARGET PRIZES.

Distance, from 320 to 100 yards.

			Points.
1st—Lce-Corpl M Pereira,	B Company		30
2nd—Capt T J McCloughin,	F	„	30
3rd—Capt A J Hogg,	B	„	27
4th—Vol W Platel,	A	„	26
5th—Vol B Courpalias,	A	„	25
6th—Lce-Sergt D Isaacs,	C	„	23
7th—Lce-Sergt H Bride,	A	„	22
8th—Vol A Ball,	A	„	20

MATCH X.—THE COMPANY TEAM COMPETITION.

Distance 300 and 500 yards. 7 shots each distance. 7 men per team.

		Points.
1st—	B Company	291
2nd—	A „	288
3rd—	E „	257
4th—	C „	251

MATCH XI.—THE CONSOLATION STAKES.

Distance 300 yards. 7 shots.

			Points.
1st—Vol	T Ranjell,	B Company	23
2nd—„	T Baptist,	A „	22
3rd—„	T Davis,	A „	22
4th—Sergt	F Parker,	F „	21
5th—Vol	W Rodrigues,	A „	20
6th—C Sergt	H Bwye,	B „	19
7th—Vol	G Lobo,	B „	19
8th—„	D'Souza,	B „	18
9th—„	D'Sewa,	E „	18
10th—Lce-Sergt	H Bride,	A „	18
11th—Vol	J Baptist,	A „	18
12th—„	A C Storey,	C „	18
13th—Lce-Sergt	D Isaacs,	C „	17
14th—Sergt	O Murray,	A „	17
15th—Vol	J Palmer,	C „	17
16th—„	F X Gonsalves	A „	17
17th—„	D'Souza,	B „	16
18th—„	L Ranjell,	B „	16
19th—„	Furoy,	E „	16
20th—„	J M Dias,	B	15 } Ties
„	G Sohrader,	C	15 }

A GHARRYWALLA FALLS IN LOVE WITH HIS FARE.

AN amusing case, in which a victoria-driver became enamoured of a female passenger, while driving her on Wednesday night, came before the notice of the Chief Presidency Magistrate, at the Esplanade Police Court, yesterday. Surka Babajee, it seems, had been engaged at the Null Bazaar by some native visitors from Poona, who desired to prolong their stay as they had not quite satisfied themselves with the sight-seeing of this city. Amongst the party was a woman, of about 30 years of age, who, in the hearing of the cabman, expressed her desire to return to Poona from Null Bazaar. They drove to their lodgings in Mookbhat, where two of the party got out, leaving the woman in the victoria. Babajee who had been watching his opportunity, told his passenger that if it was her wish to proceed to Poona that night he would drive her to the Byculla Railway station, where she would arrive in time to catch the train. To this the visitor consented ; but instead of being driven to the station she was taken to various parts of the town. Finally the victoria drew up in front of the Alexander Girls' School, where Babajee left the coach-box, and stepping in alongside his passenger began making love to her. The woman immediately quitted the victoria, and sat upon the footpath where she commenced to weep. As a police sepoy was going his rounds he found the gharry without its driver, and then discovering the woman was immediately acquainted with the circumstances of the case by her. Babajee endeavoured to clear himself by asking his passenger to tell the policeman that she was his relation. This she declined, and as the policeman was conducting them to the chowkey, Babajee attempted to bribe him with eight annas, to hush the matter up. Constable Unkles charged the driver with attempting to bribe the olicoman, and leaving his conveyance without control. The prisoner denied the charge alleging that the woman expressed her desire to him to leave her relations. His Worship fined him Rs. 5.

HIGH COURT.—ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

THE JEEJEEBHOY DADABHOY CHARITY PROPERTY.

Mr. Lang, instructed by Messrs. Ardasir, Hormusjee, and Dinshaw, on behalf of the present trustees of the charitable property of the late Jeejeebhoy Dadabhoy, applied for the appointment of a receiver to collect the rents of the charitable property. Mr. Byramjee Jeejeebhoy, one of the trustees, was dead, and now the tenants refused to pay the r

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

The Scale for these Advertisements is as follows :—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1 ; each succeeding line, As. 8. No trade advertisements are admitted under this Scale.

RUGBY HOTEL, MATHERAN, which is recognised to be the best and most comfortable Hotel on the Hill, has good Accommodation, available for CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS. Terms moderate. Early applications requested.

ENGLISH HOTEL, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, situate close to the Bunders, Railway Stations, and all the Public Offices. Rooms, large and airy. Terms moderate.

FOR Ringworm, Eczema, Itch, and other Skin Diseases nothing comes up to MOTIVALA'S RINGWORM POWDER, from one to three applications whereof generally suffice. For particulars and testimonials of cures see handbills, which can be had of S. B. MOTIVALA, Freere Road, Fort, Bombay. Price per ½ oz. phial 4 Annas.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN DESIROUS of enjoying the bracing climate of Nasik during 'Xmas will find every comfort at Dak Bungalow on giving early notice. Charges very moderate. JAMSETJI TEMULJI, MANAGER.

WHY WASTE YOUR MONEY in Buying Toys when Children can get best value and rare fun for Annas eight at SHROFF BROTHERS' Fish Pond. Band and Illumination from SATURDAY NEXT.

TO CYCLISTS.—FOR SALE, A NEW Brooke's Diamond Frame Safety Bicycle. Ball bearings all over. For particulars apply KEMP and Co., Fort.

JUST RECEIVED, AIR-GUNS with Pump and Spring combined, Rs. 40 to Rs. 90, with 1,000 bullets, Ramrod, 1 dozen darts, pinchers, and case complete.—STEFFENAUER and Co., Fort, Bombay.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.—LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL is now situated on the summit of the Hill in Lanowli Woods. Largest Upper Storied BUNGALOW in the neighbourhood. Open all round. Large and airy rooms. Excellent Conveyances to meet passengers by every train. Apply, PROPRIETOR, Gymkhana Hotel, Lanowli.

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TO BE SOLD on SATURDAY, at Bennett and Co.'s Auction, an English-built Dog Cart, very light and neat, in first rate order, never been done up in India.

AUCTION SALE of Valuable Landed Property, on the Tardeo Road, known as Mr. Jussawalla's Property, on SATURDAY, 20th December. See Crawford's Auction Advertisement.

WANTED, a CARDER, with a Practical Knowledge of Revolving Flat and Roller Cards. Apply "371," care of this Paper. Stating terms.

WANTED, a thoroughly Competent EUROPEAN LADY'S MAID. Must be good dressmaker and packer. First class references required. High wages. Lady returning to England very shortly. Apply to Mrs. WILLIAM ELLIOTT, Esplanade Hotel, any day between 2 and 3 o'clock.

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NATIVE ART POTTERY.—Wonderland, School of Art Compound, New Colours and Shapes, suitable for Xmas presents, very moderate prices.

TO BE LET.—Airy and Commodious RESIDENCES on the Colaba Causeway, Nos. 5 and 6. First, Second, and Third floors. Rent Moderate. Apply to N. J. FRAMJEE, House Agent, No. 5, Armenian Lane.

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LANOWLEE.—To Let from 15th December 1890, a new commodious furnished bungalow, suitable for two families. For particulars apply to "S. S. Holland," Lanowlee, or to "P. Geering," Jabalpur.

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"THE STANDARD" again heads the list of the Scotch Offices for the past year. New Assurances £1,379,002. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

A. B. MACKAY'S Liqueur Whisky and Highland Whisky, the choicest of their kind, approved by Royalty. Need only a trial to use no other brand. To be had from P. N. KERTAWALLA & Co., Marine Street, Fort, Bombay.

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BROWN OXFORD SHOES Rs. 10-8, Brown Lace Boots Rs. 12-8, Boots and Shoes of every description.—BADHAM, PILE and Co., Ld., Bombay.

CHEAPEST DEPOT of Brazilian Pebble SPECTACLES, FOLDERS, etc., fitted on the latest scientific method. Gold framed from Rs. 14 to Rs. 18, metal framed Rs. 3 and upwards. GOLD JEWELLERIES can be had ready or made to order.—DINSHAW M. DUSTUR, Oculist-Optician, 93, Medow St., Fort (opposite Soundy and Co).

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ILLUMINATIONS FOR FESTIVITIES!!! —The Portable Electric Light Installation of the Bombay Gazette has been renewed and enlarged, and is available for lighting up Public Entertainments, Wedding, Festivities, &c., Apply to the "ELECTRICIAN," Bombay Gazette Office.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.—*Continued*.

JAS. McCABE, of ROYAL EXCHANGE, LONDON.—A few of the above maker's GOLD WATCHES in hunting and crystal cases are now FOR SALE.—MARCKS and Co., Ld., Opposite the Clock Tower, Bombay and Poona.

GIVE your Children rare Treat at our FISH POND for only 8 annas per DIP. Every one getting their full value and more than value in many cases. AT SHROFF BROTHERS, Hornby Row, Fort, Bombay.

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A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care would be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, &c., Apply "P.," care of this Office.

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JUST LANDED, ex "Nowshera," a shipment of 300 HORSES selected by the well known importer, C. G. BALDOCK, consisting of up standing carriage pairs up to 16·2 high weight, carrying Hacks and Chargers. Also some well broken single HARNESS HORSES. As these horses are not to be submitted to the Tramway Company, purchasers will have the advantage of selecting from a lot from which the best horses have not been taken. For further information, apply to Messrs. R. SCOTT & CO., Girgaum.

RUPEES 500 REWARD.

IT having been brought to our Notice that certain Native Firms and Street Peddlers of Bombay are representing to the Public that the Spectacles they are offering for sale are the Celebrated Spectacles by Dr. A. Menist, we hereby warn the Public against these Imposters, and we offer a Reward of Rs. 500 to any one giving information that will result in a Conviction.

MARCKS & COMPANY, LIMITED,
SOLE AND APPOINTED AGENTS
For DR. A. MENIST'S Ceebrated Perfect Pebble Spectacles and Eye-Glasses,
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NOTICE.

CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS!
CHRISTMAS HOLIDAYS!!
LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

THIS HOTEL is situated in the Lanowli Woods upon the Summit of the Hill. Table and accommodation excellent. Wines, Spirits, Beer, &c., first rate quality. Good Piano for general use. Conveyances to and from Hotel. Terms, as usual. Apply to the PROPRIETOR, Lanowli Gymkhana Hotel.

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DR. JAYNE'S SANATIVE PILLS have succeeded in working an effective cure when all other drugs have failed.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

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BEING a Compilation of Decisions, &c., on questions regarding giras, wanta and other guaranteed rights with an introductory account of the settlements in Kathiawad, Mahikantha and Rewa-Kantha, together with Appendixes and a copious Index."
To be had at the "Bombay Gazette" Press, Bombay, The Gujarat Vernacular Society, Ahmedabad.
PRICE..... Rs. 6.
Packing & Postage Extra.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE

THURSDAY EVENING, DEC. 18.

A further decline of ⅛ per cent. in the price of Consols took place in London yesterday, reducing the quotation for those funds to 95⅛ ex-div. ; but the market rates of discount were unaltered. About £700,000 in Gold was withdrawn from the Bank of England. Bar Silver was unchanged at 49½d. per oz., but Rupee Securities were ⅜ per cent. lower in each denomination, at £81¼ for Fours, and £84¼ for 4½ per cents. In New York, the metal was ¼ cent. higher, at 108¼ cents, with Exchange a cent higher, at 4·84 dollars. French Rentes in Paris were unaltered, at 95 ex-coupon ; Exchange on London was a shade lower, at frcs. 25·22.

Of the 30 lakhs of Indian Council Bills offered yesterday, only 7¾ lakhs in all were allotted, say 5 lakhs on Bombay, ¾ of a lakh on Calcutta, and 2 lakhs on Bombay, at 1s. 6⅛d., this rate showing a decline of ⅛d. on the higher price obtained for the extra Bills placed on Tuesday. It is announced that 30 lakhs will be offered again next week. The Exchange Banks' buying rate on India, at thirty days' sight, remained at 1s. 6½d.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet all round last evening, the total Sales having reached 10,000 bales, inclusive of 1,200 Surats. The price of spot Mid.-American remained at 5 3-16d. per lb., and Arrivals were unaltered in all positions. East Indian Cotton also was unchanged in value. The day's imports were 17,000 bales. The Manchester market was steady with a moderate demand, and the prices of staple Goods and Yarn wired by Reuter show no change in any item.

Ready Mid.-Uplands was still quoted in New York at 9⅜ cents ; March Futures being a point higher, at 9·41 cents. The Receipts of Cotton at the U. S. Ports yesterday were 40,000 bales ; and the following comparison is now shown between the figures for the present season and those for the two preceding :—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Wednesday's Receipts	40,000	45,000	34,000
Four days' do. ...	189,000	182,000	178,000
Since 1st Sept.....	3,871,000	3,773,000	3,296,000

Our local market for the staple has been quiet in tone to-day, and only a moderate business has been transacted, while prices have given way to the extent of Re. 1 to Rs. 2 per candy. The purchases, which have aggregated about 2,000 bales have, with the exception of a small parcel of Tinnevelly taken at Rs. 187½, been entirely of Cotton of the new crop, and have consisted mainly of Julgaum, at Rs. 178-9, and Bengals, at Rs. 157-72 ; the rest being Hinganghat at Rs. 203-5 ; Nugger, at Rs. 182½-3½ ; Khangaum, at Rs. 190-90½ ; Akote Ginned, at Rs. 187½ ; Oomra, at Rs. 174½ ; and Akola, at Rs. 187 per candy.

Some 14 cents of rain fell at Agra, and 36 at Delhi, in the Bengal circle, after the date of the telegraphic weather and crop reports to hand at the beginning of the week ; but none over any other part of the Cotton area, where the weather generally was seasonable again ; but early arrivals of Barsee will show black leaf. Cotton picking had partially begun in the Broach district ; and at Dhollera, it was ready for picking in some places.

WHEAT continues to be neglected by exporters, and only a small business has transpired to-day, the tone of the Market being quiet and prices unchanged.

SEEDS also have been a quiet Market, little fresh business having been done ; but previous prices are quoted for all descriptions.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows :—

Cotton	7,618 bales.
Wheat	46,894 cwt.
Linseed	6,395 "
Rape Seed	1,379 "
Gingelly	11,350 "
Groundnuts	1,626 "
Castor Seed	971 "

FREIGHTS are very dull, enquiry being absent, and nothing consequently doing.

EXCHANGE opened steady this morning at 1s. 6⅝d. for Bank Demand, and 1s. 7⅜d. for three months' sight Credits, and the same feeling has continued throughout the day without any change in rates. A fair amount of Bank remittance has again been placed, say Telegraphic, for January transfer, at 1s. 6⅞d., March, at 1s. 7 3-16, and for December, at 1s. 6 11-16d. and 1s. 6¾d ; but there has been little doing in Merchants' Paper again. We quote forward Demand at 1s. 7d. for January, and 1s. 7 5-16d. for March ; and Credits, at 1s. 7⅛d. for January, the market closing quiet at the following ready rates :—

Bank Bills on Demand	...1s. 6⅝d.	per rupee.
Do.	Telegraphic ...1s. 6 11-16d.	"
Do.	3 months' sight ...1s. 7⅛d.	"
Credits	3 months' sight...1s. 7⅜d.	"
Francs	3 months' sight...2·03¾ to 2·04	"

The usual official weekly Return relating to Silver at the Mint gives the following figures :—

Statement of Silver Balance in the Bombay Mint for the week ending 17th December, 1890	Rs.	1,25,52,000
Silver received during the week.....	"	17,20,000
	Rs.	1,42,72,000
New coin paid during the week	"	28,03,000
	Rs.	1,14,69,000
Bullion belonging to private individuals...	"	31,48,000
	Rs.	1,46,17,000
Last week	"	1,37,74,000

GOVERNMENT PAPER.—There has been a firm feeling in this market to-day, and rates for Fours, after remaining for some time at 104 3-16 for cash, 104 1-16 for the next settlement, and 103 13-16 for the 2nd February account, closed ⅛ per cent. higher at 104 5-16, 104 3-16, and 103 ⅞ to 15-16, respectively ; 4½ per cents are still quoted at 107¼.

SHARES.—Cotton Mill shares are generally unchanged and quiet in tone ; but Press shares may be called Rs. 5 higher. Miscellaneous are without movement to speak of.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

DECEMBER 18.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.
America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.
Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.
Telegrams for the Argentine Republic and beyond can only be accepted via Galveston.
Communication with Central and South America via the Galveston Route cut off by failure of cable Salina Cruz-Libertad.
Telegrams for Guatemala and places south of Guatemala must be charged for at the rates via Key West.
Communication with British Guiana and Islands Portorico to Trinidad cut off by failure of cables Jamaique, Portorico and Jamaique St. Croix. During interruption Jamaica, Portorico, telegrams for Portorico at St. Thomas will be carried across by Packet Boats leaving on the 4th, 14th and 24th every month.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p.m. on the 18th December, 1890.
(Difference in longitude allowed for.)

Via	Latest Dates. D.	H.	M.	Time occupied in transmission. Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	17	12	8 p.m.	7	11
Teheran	18	1	30 p.m.	...	49
Suez	18	2	40 p.m.	...	25

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending on 8 p.m., on 18th December, 1890.

	Maximum Time. H.	M.	Minimum Time. H.	M.
From Calcutta	1	39	...	4
" Kurrachee ...	...	25	...	1
" Madras	1	...	...	1

THERMOMETER READINGS.

WEDNESDAY NIGHT, DECEMBER 17.
10 p.m. ... ... 72·5
THURSDAY, DECEMBER 18.
6 a.m... ... ... 67·9
10 a.m... ... ... 75·0
2 p.m... ... ... 79·5
4 p.m... ... ... 78·1

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

[THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.]

EUROPE.

DEATH.

KLOPP—December 13, in London, Otto Charles Klopp, of the firm of Kelly and Co, London, and Calcutta.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

HAGGARD—December 11, at Lucknow, the wife of Major C M Haggard, R A, of a daughter.
OAKLEY—December 11, at Almora, the wife of the Rev E S Oakley, of a son.
PARRY—December 9, at Bellary, the wife of Lieutenant Jones Parry, 1st Battalion, Duke of Cornwall's Light Infantry, of a son.

The Bombay Gazette

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1890.

THE handsome volume which Mr. J. Cowasjee Jehangir has consecrated to the memory and good deeds of his late father, Sir Cowasjee Jehangir, is a tribute to departed merit which could not have been offered with better taste or in more appropriate form. Sir Cowasjee's best memorials are undoubtedly to be seen in some of the handsomest of the buildings which adorn the New Bombay. No public-spirited citizen could wish for a more impressive monument than the Hall of the University of Bombay, which shows how capable the characteristic features of Gothic architecture are of adaptation to Oriental conditions. Yet it was not in any individual work of beneficence that his claims to the title of the "Peabody of the East," which long since was happily conferred upon him, are to be found ; but in a long series of deeds of generosity and public spirit which have tended at once to the "relief of man's estate" and to the advancement and beautifying of the city in which he lived so exemplary and honourable a life. The memory of these good deeds needed gathering up in some such summary record as that which Mr. Jehangir has devoted to his father's memory, and the Bombay public will, we believe, welcome a biography which exhibits in so striking a way the peculiar characteristics by which the Parsees of Bombay have made an enduring mark upon the institutions and the material fabric of this city. Reduced to terms of figures, Sir Cowasjee's benefactions of which account can be taken publicly came to little short of fifteen lakhs of rupees ; his private charities, his son tells us, are believed to have reached three lakhs ; but these were unnamed and unnumbered, and it is difficult to take account of them. He had a ready ear for every tale of distress, and this estimate is not likely to be in excess of the unostentatious sacrifices which he made for the relief of poverty and suffering. His biography belongs to a chapter in the history of Bombay which may now be considered as closed. He was of the generation who made colossal fortunes in the China trade, when that trade was in the hands of a few, and they the most enterprising members of their community. An interesting and respected survivor of those times is still amongst us in the person of the elder brother of the late Knight, Mr. Hirjee Readymoney. But the trade was in few hands, and the Parsees, as Mr. Jehangir says, had virtually the monopoly of the trade between Western India and China. They were as enterprising as they were shrewd and cautious ; let it be added that they were honourable in all their dealings, and that the wealth with which they founded the fortunes of some of the more conspicuous of the Parsee families of Bombay was honestly and fairly gotten. The enterprise of the race took a new form when the development of steam navigation changed the course of trade with the Farther East. The Parsee of wealth and commercial activity was no longer a China trader ; he became a millowner, and thus powerfully contributed to the growth of an industrial Bombay, upon whose development it would be difficult even now to mark out limitations.

The story of Sir Cowasjee's commercial career is briefly told by his biographer. It began in the year 1846 ; it extended over the evil days of 1864, and it is a testimony to his old-fashioned shrewdness and caution that he passed through that time with no other loss than that which came upon him as one of the promoters of the Back Bay Reclamation scheme. His public record is brief, but only for the melancholy reason that chronic illness struck him down in the prime of life, and for the last fourteen years of his career kept him prisoner in his house. But for this, those who knew him were assured that he would have been called upon by Government to serve the public in every honourable capacity that was open to so trusted and capable a citizen. His services to the public, since they could not be rendered in any of the higher functions of citizenship, flowed in the channels of beneficence, and here they flowed freely for the public good. We must let Mr. Jehangir's enumeration of his father's benefactions speak for itself. Here we need only indicate some of the characteristics of Sir Cowasjee's generosity. That it was circumscribed by no merely local limitations is shown by many an entry in the long list of his good deeds. If he could think of the claims of the victims of eye diseases by founding an ophthalmic hospital in Bombay, he was mindful of the necessities of even more afflicted fellow-creatures at a distance when he founded an asylum for lunatics in Hyderabad, Sind. While he scattered drinking fountains in the thickly-frequented quarters of Bombay, he ministered also to the comfort of thirsty wayfarers by erecting a handsome drinking fountain in Hyde Park. If he thought of the sufferers by famine in India, and of claimants upon his charity belonging to his own race and country, he did not forget to make a munificent gift for the relief of the sick and wounded on each side in the Franco-German war. We cite these gifts as illustrations, not of the dimensions, but of the comprehensiveness, of his charity. Let it be added that it was discreet also and discriminating. The city is permanently the better for the greatest of his gifts—for his large contribution to the building fund of the Elphinstone College, for his contribution to the elegant group of buildings which make up the material fabric of the Bombay University, for his generous gift of half a lakh for the Strangers' Home. A careful analysis of the long list of his contributions between 1846 and 1876 would reveal few, if any that were unwisely tendered, or that showed more generosity than judgment.

Mr. Jehangir prints—wisely in the rugged and unidiomatic but plain spoken English in which they were written—many of the letters in which his father offered his gifts to Government. On the face of them all there is exhibited an unsophisticated desire to use wisely the wealth that had been given him, and to do good in his day and generation. Seeing farther than most of those who have come after him, he understood well enough that the munificence of governments, whether in education or in medical relief, must necessarily be at the expense of the community at large, and the community at large in India is exceedingly poor. He escaped the error, therefore, of assuming, as many do even now, that Government is the dispenser of an unlimited fund that may be drawn upon by whoever asks for it. Thus, when he offered to provide the cost of a lunatic asylum in Sind he wrote : "The offer I now make is with the view of saving so much of the public revenue, and at the same time helping the people of Sind to provide for their lunatics without asking for subscriptions from them." In another letter Sir Cowasjee gives expression to the same clear view of things. His charity, he said, helped Government very much, because Government is bound to erect all these public buildings, and whatever help he contributed in such saving, was to be considered a saving from public revenue. "The contributors to the latter," he added, "are poor cultivators of the interior." This is a consideration which claims a place in every discussion in which demands are made upon Government in strange disregard of the sources whence Government derives the revenues which it is expected to scatter so freely. One more characteristic of this clear-seeing philanthropist may be noticed before we conclude. He was no courtier, and in all his communications with Government he spoke out like a man who had nothing to ask them for, and had no thought of obtaining favours from them. There is a manly and rugged candour in some of these letters, which will remind many of our readers of that fine old Parsee the late Mr. Manockjee Cursetjee. "Government machinery," he once wrote to Sir Seymour Fitzgerald, "was so unwieldy that a force of elephants could not move it unless your Excellency takes personal interest." Again Government annoyed him very much by the long delay that occurred in using his gift of half-a-lakh for the European Strangers' Home. At one stage in the proceedings he demanded instant return of his money, with interest, adding that he considered that Government had not only treated him very badly, but the poor destitute Europeans as well. There is a refreshing candour in all this, which shows that Sir Cowasjee had small thought of pleasing the powers-that-be when he made his benefactions, but that he had a genuine desire to do good. When honours are conferred upon such men, the least we can say is that they are unsought, and this beautiful biographic tribute to the merits of this departed worthy will confirm the prevailing opinion of his time that they were thoroughly deserved.

IN commenting a few days ago upon Sir James Lyall's resolution on the working of local self-government in the Punjab, we pointed out the inexpediency of making a too sweeping deduction of the inefficiency of the whole system from a limited number of examples. The truth of this warning will appear when the records of local self-government in Bengal are contrasted with those which come from the Punjab. There the elective principle certainly cannot be said to have been successfully applied, and there are districts where the people have shown strange indifference and want of adaptability to such work as the District and Local Boards demand of them. So complete, indeed, has been the failure in some of the Punjab districts that we make no doubt that not a few sentences from Sir James Lyall's resolution will do duty, for a long time, for the confounding of Congresswallas and of all who say that the natives of India are fit to take any part in the management of their own affairs. Yet if we turn to Bengal, the evidence points as plainly against the one view of things as in the Punjab it does against the other. Sir Steuart Bayley, while pointing out defects in the work of the Boards, comes to the general conclusion that "the record of the year has been a very favourable one. Good work has again been done, and all departments show a satisfactory expansion of administration." The first point in which Bengal differs favourably from the Punjab is in regard to the interest shown in the election. We find none of the phenomenal indifference which the voters in many of the Punjab districts have shown, and which here and there was so marked that no candidate appeared for the elective seats, and the Government had to nominate candidates of their own. A fair amount of interest, it is reported, was taken in the elections, and, with a few exceptions, fairly suitable and representative members were elected. It is noteworthy that, in the words of the Government Resolution, in districts where they are to be found, indigo and tea planters, railway employés and managers of European firms, always enjoy a fair share of representation. It might be added that they enjoy more than a proportionate share of influence, and that where they are able and willing to take part in the work of municipal and district bodies, Europeans can contribute very largely to the efficient working of these bodies, which is, perhaps, on the whole a more acceptable way of showing public spirit than endeavouring to show that local self-government all the country over is a snare and a delusion. The Bengal Boards did not neglect the assembling of themselves together as the manner of some of the Punjab Boards has been. The average number of meetings was, however, lower than it should have been. Twelve meetings a year should be sufficient, but there have been fewer than that in some of the Bengal districts, and here there is reason for complaint. On the question of the appointment of non-official chairmen, one of the Commissioners speak in a fashion which shows marked confidence in the Boards. The Commissioner of the Burdwan Division is so satisfied with their working that he advocates the gradual withdrawal of official chairmen. No other Commissioner makes this suggestion, and from the experience that we have had in this Presidency, where the quality of the boards and municipalities is not inferior to that of the Bengal Boards, we should say that Government would do well not to act upon the suggestion. However, despite the grave objections to drawing general and confident conclusions from the experience of a single Presidency, it is evident that Bengal ought not to come under the sweeping condemnations which have been passed upon local self-government in general in India. The boards and municipalities may not be all good alike ; neither are they all bad alike.

THE opening to Russian trade of the vast Province of Shense, the original home of the Chinese race, is a concession on which the patient diplomacy of the Muscovite may well pride itself ; provided some equivalent be not exacted by the equally patient and perhaps more astute diplomacy of Pekin. The province, bounded on the north by the Great Wall of China, is computed to have a population of upwards of fourteen millions. Sir Richard Temple, applying tests supplied by Indian experience, puts the number at somewhat less than ten millions, but even that sceptic has to allow that the area of his great territory divided into twelve districts covers eighty-nine thousand square miles. The chief city, Segan-Foo, was at one time the capital of the Empire, and thence radiate roads going north, south, east, and west, which constitute the province the great channel of communication between China and Central Asia. It is bounded on the east by the Yellow River, and a great affluent of that mighty stream nearly bisects it. The country is in its general character mountainous, with extensive forests, and mines of coal, iron, copper, porphyry, and jasper. It is mainly an agricultural country, but has manufactures of agricultural and military implements and of felt for military clothing. The geographical position of Shense gives ready access to all the other provinces of the Empire—a fact which was no doubt present to the mind of the Russian negotiators who have succeeded in obtaining the concession of the right to trade there.

THE Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood has been appointed Vice-Chancellor of the University of Bombay, in succession to Professor Wordsworth. The selection will be so unreservedly approved of that the only criticism it invites is that to many people it has been a surprise that it was not made before. Mr. Birdwood, himself a University man of distinction, has always shown a keen interest in the well-being of the University and in higher education generally. He is, moreover, an excellent man of business, and it will be no small advantage at a time when University reforms are under discussion, and University legislation is in early prospect, to have a Vice-Chancellor whose advice will carry weight with it in the Senate and upon public opinion.

THE *Indian Textile Journal* maintains the excellence of matter and method which characterised its first appearance. The new number, which was issued yesterday, besides the usual articles on topics of the day, has many illustrations and a life-like portrait of Mr. George Cotton, whose story is told under "Men of Industry."

H. E. THE GOVERNOR, as Chancellor of the University of Bombay, yesterday afternoon, attended a Convocation of the University, and performed the ceremony of conferring the Degree of Doctor of Laws on Professor W. Wordsworth, on his retirement from the Principalship of Elphinstone College. There was a large gathering, the University Hall being crowded. On the Chancellor taking his seat, the Dean of Arts, Mr. Justice Birdwood, presented Professor Wordsworth to the Chancellor, and prayed that he might be admitted to the Degree of Doctor of Laws, referring in a lengthy speech to the great services the Professor had rendered during the twenty-five years he had been in Bombay, in the advancement of education. The Chancellor then conferred the degree of LL.D. on Professor Wordsworth, upon whom a shower of roses was thrown from the gallery amid loud cheering. His Excellency then delivered an address to the assembly, extolling the Professor's good works, and assuring him that Bombay would not cease to remember him and to be grateful to him for what he had done. Professor Wordsworth was escorted to the Convocation Hall by a procession of students, and afterwards back to Elphinstone College by a torchlight procession.

CONSEQUENT upon the retirement of Mr. Wordsworth, the following changes in the Educational Department are notified : Mr. R. G. Oxenham, M. A., is promoted to First grade ; Mr. S. Cooke to second grade ; Mr. G. W. Forrest to third grade. Mr. Oxenham is to be Principal of the Elphinstone College and Mr. F. G. Selby, M. A., to be Principal, Deccan College.

MR. H. P. JACOB, Educational Inspector in Sind, has been granted privilege leave for three months. Mr. Jacob has also been appointed to act in the third grade during the absence of Dr. Peterson, vice Mr. MacMillan, confirmed in that grade.

MR. H. O. QUIN has been appointed to act as Talukdari Settlement Officer, Gujarat, vice Mr. A. D. Younghusband, and Mr. G. S. Curtis, C. S., on relief by Captain Ashley, to revert to the Revenue Department.

VISITORS to the Victoria Gardens may like to know that a number of lilies of the valley are in flower at the gardens at the present time.

A LARGE number of horses arrived yesterday per the s. s. Bancoora, of the British India Steam Navigation Company, for the service of the Bombay Tramway Company, and were landed at the Prince's Dock. They are located there in temporary stables erected for the purpose and the preparations in the way and stabling &c., are very complete.

MR. JEHANGIER K. R. CAMA, B.A., Barister-at-Law, was admitted yesterday as an Advocate of the High Court before Mr. Justice Bayley.

THE Calcutta Gold Market was dull on Monday. The rates were :—Dumra, As. 11 ; Sonapet, Re.1-5 ; Western Patkoom, As. 9 ; Pat-Pat, As. 13 ; Dhadka, As. 12 ; Bengal Gold and Silver, As. 7 ; Western Bengal Prospecting Company, As. 12 ; Sonakhan, As. 9 ; Eastern Ranchi, nominal ; Lohardagga, As. 14.

THE total number of deaths registered in Bombay, during the week ending Dec. 16, was 405, giving a death-rate of 21·46 per annum per thousand as against 20·93 the corresponding period of last year, and 26·02 the average over the past five years. Of the total number 106 died from fevers ; 71, phthisis ; 31, diseases of the nervous system ; 65, affections of the respiratory organs ; 17, diarrhœa ; 12, dysentery ; 22, stillborn ; 35, old age and debility ; 5, accidents and violence. The classified list of deaths shows :—Buddhist or

TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

THE FREE COINAGE BILL.

WASHINGTON, DEC. 17.

The Caucus of Republican Senators has rejected the Bill for the Free Coinage of Silver by thirty against thirteen votes.

CONCESSION TO RUSSIA IN CHINA.

ST. PETERSBURG, DEC. 17.

The Chinese Government have assented to the opening of the Province of Shense to Russian trade.

MR. PARNELL'S CONDITION.

LONDON, DEC. 18.

Mr. Parnell is still confined to his room, but is improving.

THE LOSS OF THE SERPENT.

The court-martial on the loss of H. M. S. Serpent has found that the ship was quite seaworthy and that the disaster was due to an error of judgment on the part of those in charge of the navigation of the vessel.

THE IMPERIAL INSTITUTE.

Sir Richard Temple and Sir John Strachey represent India on the Organisation Committee of the Imperial Institute.

DONATION FROM AN INDIAN PRINCE.

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales has accepted the Maharaja of Jeypore's offer of £20,000 towards the funds of the Institute.

PURCHASE OF SILVER.

WASHINGTON, DEC. 17.

The Treasury to-day purchased 210,000 ounces of Silver at prices ranging from 107·5 to 108·15.

ACTION FOR LIBEL.

LONDON, DEC. 18.

Mr. Marks, the editor of the *Financial News*, has lost the action for libel he brought against Mr. Butterfield, the publisher of a pamphlet, in which he was accused of immorality, robbery, and fraud.

The judge stated that he differed from the verdict entirely.

IMPORTANT REPUBLICAN SILVER BILL.

WASHINGTON, DEC. 18.

The Republicans have finally drafted a Bill to be presented to the Senate shortly, which provides for the purchase of the surplus bullion, amounting to twelve million ounces within a year, and not exceeding three million ounces monthly. This is in addition to the present monthly purchases of four and a half million ounces.

The Bill also provides for Free Coinage when silver has maintained par for one year and comprises provisions for increasing the currency.

The scheme for the issue of one hundred million two per cent. bonds is eliminated.

THE 3RD CAVALRY GYMKHANA RACES.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, DEC. 18.

Some excellent sport was provided this afternoon on the Cavalry Course at Ghorpuri by the 3rd Bombay Cavalry, and some close finishes were witnessed. A large number of spectators turned out, including many ladies. The officers of the 3rd Cavalry were at home upon the occasion, and altogether a very pleasant evening was passed.

The first race was a three-furlong race for native officers on country tats. This was run in heats, and was eventually won by Wordi Major Eliakhan.

NOVICE STAKES.—¼ mile. Value Rs. 45. For all galloways, 13-3 and under, which have never won a race of any sort or description. 13·3 to carry 11st 7lb. W. for I. C. B's. allowed 7lb.

Mr Edward's g a gal Moonstone, 11st 7lbs, Owner ... 1
Mr Carr's ch a p Meteor, 10st 12lbs, Owner 2
Capt Peyton's g a p Donner, 9st 11lbs, Mr May 3
Mr Purvis' g a p Pygmalion, 10st 3lbs, Capt Thomas. 0
Mr Stack's c a p Anna, 10st 3lb, Owner 0
Mr Cookson's ch cb p Stockings, 9st 7lb, Owner..... 0
Mr Smith's g c b p Unknown, 9st 13lb, Mr Browne.. 0

Stockings was the favorite, but he could not secure even a place. Moonstone won this race by a head from Meteor, but had a lot to spare. Donner made a poor third. Time—1 min. 2½ secs. Kennard rode Stockings.

POLO STAKES.—3 furlongs. Value Rs. 45. For all *bona fide* polo ponies, which have played up to date. 13·3 to carry 11st 7lb W. for I. Maidens allowed 4lb; of the day 7lb.

Mr Kennard's c a p Horatio, 11st 1lb, Owner 1
Mr England's b a gal Cocky Boy, 11st 2lb, Owner ... 2
Capt Burton's c a p Little Duke, 9st 3lb, Capt Thomas 3
Mr Stack's c a p Anna, 9st 10lb, Owner 0
Capt Hobday's b c b m Ouida, 10st 11lb, Owner 0
Mr Carr's w a p Dewdrop, 11st 1lb, Owner 0
Mr Browne's c c b gal Joe, 10st 8lb, Owner 0

This race was a moral for Horatio, who, however, would have very nearly lost the race by taking it too easy, as he only won the race by a nose from Cockyboy, Little Duke showed a poor third. Time—45 secs. Mr. England objected to Horatio's win on the ground that Horatio's rider had declared a wrong weight, and carried five pounds more. The objection was upheld.

THE BRACELET.—½ mile. For all galloways to be nominated by ladies; 14 hands to carry 12 stone. W. for I. Maidens allowed 4 lbs; of the day 7lb. C-Bs allowed 9lb. The bracelet to go to the nominator of the winner.

Mrs Lindsay nominates Mr Edward's b a gal Mandarin, 11st, Mr Edwards 1
Mrs Willoughby nominates Mr Framjee Dorabjee's g a gal Hermit, 10st 7lb, Mr Kempton 2
Mrs Ross nominates Col Rhodes' c a p Sherry, 9st 5lb, Mr May 3
Miss Pottinger nominates Capt Hobday's b c b m Bonny May, 9st 11lb, Capt Hobday 0
Miss Reid nominates Mr Carr's c a p Meteor, 10st 4lb, Mr Solly-Flood 0
Mrs Young nominates Mr Browne's b a gal Fusilier, 10st 9lb, Mr Browne 0
Miss Solly-Flood nominates Mr England's b a g Cocky Boy, 10st 9lb, Mr England 0
Mrs Turner-Jones nominates Mr Cookson's br c b m Lubia, 10st 9lb, Mr Cookson 0

Hermit won the Bracelet by a neck from Mandarin, but here also a mistake in weights had been made, Hermit carrying one stone too little. The race was therefore awarded to Mandarin, who was Mrs. Lindsay's nominee. Sherry made an indifferent third.

PAPER CHASE.—To start from, and finish at Cavalry Race Course. About three miles. The lady who finishes first having ridden the course and rounded a flag at the furthest point out will receive a prize.

Four ladies started, namely, Mrs. Newnham-Smith, Mrs. Turner-Jones, Mrs. Thomas, and Mrs. Dryson. They were accompanied by several gentlemen-riders for the first two miles. Mrs. Turner-Jones and Mrs. Newnham-Smith led by a long way, but unfortunately both these ladies fell almost simultaneously at the double jump over a small canal, for which they were not prepared, but luckily both the ladies escaped all injury. Mrs. Thomas eventually won the race.

SIR CHARLES CROSTHWAITE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, DEC. 18.

Sir Charles Crosthwaite arrived on Wednesday afternoon in Calcutta, and took charge of the Public Works portfolio to-day.

THE CHIN REVOLT.

The Chins have been troublesome again near Chaungkwa, and destroyed some bridges, and carried away a quantity of telegraph wire.

THE BURMA MILITARY GARRISON.

A further reduction of Military Garrison in Burma will probably take place this winter. Two Madras Infantry regiments will be withdrawn, this is contingent on the new Burma Infantry Battalions being raised to their full strength within the next few months. The seventh Bengal is next on the list for service in Upper Burma.

HEAVY RAIN AT MEERUT.

Heavy rain fell at Meerut on the night of the 16th inst. It was bitterly cold.

NAWAB VIKAR-UL-UMRA AT AURANGABAD.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

AURANGABAD, DEC. 18.

The Nawab Vikar-ul-Umra, Revenue Minister of Hyderabad, who represents the Nizam at the reception of the Czarewitch, arrived here on Tuesday evening, accompanied by his son and several gentlemen, including Nawab Mehdi Hassan, Home Secretary. The city and baradari where the Nawab resides are gay with bunting. To day a grand darbar was held at which some 300 persons were present, composed largely of the mercantile community. An address was presented setting forth many advantages derived from the enlightened Government, under which subjects of all classes and creeds enjoy equal privileges and are treated with equal consideration; the improvements in the revenue administration were particularly dwelt upon, while the want of a complete revenue code, and the absence of railways and telegraph lines were deplored, and the desirability of abolishing either the export or import duty, especially as it related to the silk industry of the district was urged. In reply the Nawab warmly thanked those present for their expressions of loyalty. He observed that signs of progress were everywhere apparent ever since his Highness began to take a personal interest in the Government, and concurred in the belief that the universal contentment, which elicited such expressions of loyalty and devotion, were entirely due to the impartiality with which all classes were treated. The Nawab felt certain that the claims of the district for railways would receive due consideration, and promised to take a personal interest in the question of customs duties, which has long been under the consideration of Government. The revenue code had already been drafted and would, he hoped, be soon published, and in conclusion the Nawab consented to become the patron of a library about to be established

HORTICULTURAL SHOW AT MAHABLESHWAR.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, DEC. 17.

A Flower Show will be held at Mahableshwar on the 1st and 2nd o May next, under the patronage of H. E. the Right Hon'ble Lord Harris, G.C.I.E., Governor of Bombay, and under the management of the Mahableshwar Municipality, with Mr. R. E. Candy, C.S., as President. Some influential visitors to the Hills will be invited to form a Judging Committee. Over Rs. 540 will be awarded in prizes, the exhibits being divided into four sections. Flowers, fruits, vegetables, and miscellaneous. The Show will be held at the Reay Garden, the competition for prizes being confined to Mahableshwar, Panchgani, and the surrounding villages.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Anchor Line steamer Armenia arrived at Marseilles on the 17th instant.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, DEC. 17.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

Good Dhollerah .....4 1-16.

The Manchester Market has been steady, moderate demand.

7lbs. shirtings.....	5s. 5d.
8¼ „ „	6s. 7¼d.
40s Mule Twist.....	0s. 9¼d.
Exchange on India 30 days' sight.	1s. 6d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account...	95⅛ ex.
3 per cent. French Rentes	95 ex.
4 per cent. Rupee Paper	81½
4½ per cent. „	84¼
3½ per cent. Sterling Loan.....	107¼
Bar Silver	49⅛

The sum of about £700,000 has been withdrawn from the Bank of England.

THE BOMBAY FOXHOUNDS.

A RUN of five and thirty minutes without a check, or, at all events, with checks of the shortest possible duration, is quite good enough for a Wednesday morning—and that is the sport we all enjoyed with the hounds from the appointment at the Rifle Butts. The morning was fresh and pleasant, and the residents at Bandora and its surburbs had little cause to complain at being kept waiting for a few minutes for the arrival of the train from Bombay, although it was considerably past "daybreak" when a move was made towards Parla. Shortly after passing Santa Cruz, the hounds hit on the line of a jackal, and although none of them spoke for about a quarter of a mile, it gave riders time to get into their saddles, so that, when the chorus began, everyone who was sufficiently well-mounted and meant to go, had a chance of being among the first, as the country was very open, and the obstacles for the first mile or so not very formidable. The run was a very pretty one throughout, not very fast, and plenty of opportunities of seeing the hounds work. Saar Hill threw back some of us: the clever ones went round it, the stupid ones over it, a nasty hillock covered with sheet rock and rolling stones, on which no jackal with any sort of sense would dream of staying for a moment, yet the jacks always go over it, instead of round it, and, by doing so, undoubtedly gain on their pursuers, or at all events on those of them who follow them too closely. After Saar Hill, a gallop across the Melon Ground, and away to the Vehar Backwater, which we crossed close to where the old Blackthorn covert used to be—now no more—across the Coorla-Vehar Road and on to the country beyond, where we got on a line of hog-backed paddy grounds that gave us lots of exercise, and when the hounds ran into their jack at the foot of one of the small hills near Ghat Cooper, both riders and horses were glad of breathing time. A very pretty run indeed was the universal verdict of a field of about thirty, which included H. E. the Governor and Lady Haris. The next meet is advertised for Wankola.

THE COLLAPSE OF A BUILDING IN BOMBAY.

THE army of coolies engaged in removing the *debris* of the house in Jambli Street, that came down on Wednesday with such appalling results cleared away the ruins early yesterday morning. The whole of the rubbish was carefully removed and deposited in Jambli Street, but it is satisfactory to record that the list of dead and wounded has not increased on the numbers we gave yesterday. The lower portion of the building was used simply as a godown and a store place for tin-ware and at the time of the catastrophe no one appeared to have been in the place. The number of persons in the building when it came down was about ninety, of whom 29 were killed outright and 40 more or less injured. It is impossible to imagine a more thorough tumble-down than in this case. The whole building, which is fifty feet long by thirty feet wide, and four storeys high, was literally torn brick from brick and every piece of timber broken. It was an utter collapse, and the wonder is that so many of the unfortunate inhabitants escaped. The surrounding property is also in a tottering condition and absolutely unsafe. Yesterday ten notices were served on the owners of the houses that elbowed the doomed building in on every side, and they will be at once removed by Mr. Poondlick, the Superintendent of the Municipal Building Department.

From the survey that has already taken place of the structure, and the materials, there can be no hesitation in saying that a defective foundation was the sole cause of the disaster. Superintendent Poondlick, in his examination of the superstructure, saw nothing that was at all likely to account for the disaster. The beams, both in dimensions and quality, he considered, were of the average character and sufficient to uphold the dwelling, and from a survey he would not have condemned them. The front walls of the building were nine inches thick and constructed of red brick. This is the usual thickness of front walls for such buildings. The crash was evidently hastened by the operations of the plumber who was engaged in laying the drain. He is not connected with the Municipality, as stated yesterday, but is an ordinary licensed plumber named Abdul Ally Fazulbhoy, residing in the Fort. The people living near the building say that he had been engaged at the work for the past fortnight. He had completed his work on three sides of the building and was busy with the west side the day before the accident. The full extent of his excavation at this point will be ascertained when the foundations are examined. Mr. Rienzi Walton, Executive Engineer, has had samples of the building materials laid before him, and will report on the matter. The plumber who was detained by the police for an hour on Wednesday night has been released. The injured at the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital have all received the careful attention of Dr. Easden and his staff, and on inquiry to-day were reported to be making satisfactory progress towards recovery. The cases of three women are the only doubtful ones.

Sukaram Sewa, one of the persons injured and who went away after the fall of the house to his friends, re-appeared at the G. T. Hospital yesterday and had his forearm and whole right hand, which was much contused and bruised, dressed.

Ganaji Tukaram, a Hindu shopkeeper, aged 45, one of those who lived on the third storey, and who went to his friends after having his wounds dressed at the G. T. Hospital on Wednesday, returned complaining of increased pains in his chest. He was admitted, and it was found on examination that some of his ribs were broken and his lungs injured.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

Superintendent Brewin, in charge of the B, or Pydownee, Division, submits the following report to the Commissioner of Police, dated yesterday:—At about 3-30 a.m. yesterday (Wednesday) a house consisting of four stories and a loft, in a bye-lane running off Jambli Mohla, and belonging to Megjee Coverjee suddenly collapsed. At the time of the collapse all the tenants, numbering about one hundred persons, were asleep in the place. The owner of the house states that he purchased the property from Jan Mahomed Hassan, who is not unknown, I believe, to the Municipal authorities, as a jerry builder for about three months. The house was built about three years ago out of old material, and to outward appearances was perfectly secure. Police sepoy No. 1153 who happened to be going his rounds in Jambli Street at the time the house fell in repaired to the spot, and seeing what had taken place, immediately ran to the telephone office and summoned aid from all the police stations. At 4-30 a.m. I arrived on the scene, and found the greatest confusion prevailing. The place was in complete darkness, and a slight delay was occasioned until torches were procured. When the torches were brought and lighted, the police set to work to rescue, assisted by a few natives. The hundreds who thronged the streets turned a deaf ear to all entreaties for help until daylight set in, when they came forward willingly enough. Almost immediately after arriving on the scene, I summoned the Engineering Department of the Municipality, and sent word to the Health Department authorities, near the Crawford Market. Inspector Cunningham, who happened to be in the yard at the time, responded to my call at the head of some 50 men, and they rendered valuable aid in rescuing those under the *debris*. Close on the heels of Inspector Cunningham came the chief officer of the third gate, and offered assistance which was gladly availed of. The Engineers, too, put in an appearance, and the work of rescue went forward briskly. The injured who were rescued were sent to the G. T. Hospital, while the dead bodies were placed in the street decently covered over. At 2-30 p.m. the number of dead taken from under the *debris* amounted to twenty-nine, while the number of those taken to the hospital was also twenty-nine. Several of the inmates of the house escaped miraculously without the slightest injury. The Coroner opened an enquiry touching the twenty-nine bodies, and, after the bodies were identified, the inquest was adjourned to Saturday next, at 3 p.m. The work of removing the *debris* continued throughout the whole day and night. No other persons have been come upon, and since we have got on to the ground floor, which was used as a store, I believe we have finished the work of rescue. Nothing is definitely known as to the cause of the collapse of the house, but as a plumber had excavated near the foundation to lay a sewer, it is just possible that this work had something to do with the falling-in of the house. A further report on this point will be submitted.

LADY HARRIS AT THE G. T. HOSPITAL.

LADY HARRIS, accompanied by Captain Forbes, Aide-de-Camp, visited the Goculdas Tejpal Hospital yesterday afternoon at 4-45 p.m. She was met on arrival by Doctors Parakh and Easdon, who escorted her, at her request, through the wards. Her ladyship stopped and kindly enquired after each of the twenty-three who lie wounded by the fatal fall of a house. She sympathised with each one, and was much affected at seeing the injured infant of four months, and the women and children. Her Excellency left shortly after 5 o'clock.

THE SUNDAY CLOSING OF BOMBAY MILLS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Permit me to offer a suggestion to the Mill Owners' Association through the medium of your paper. From what I have read of the evidence of mill-hands, taken by the Factory Commission, I am inclined to believe that at all events our mill-owners will be compelled to close their mills on Sundays by the Government, as without legislation to that effect doubts are entertained whether Sundays will be observed as closing days, as our mill-owners are not unanimous on that point. I would therefore suggest, ere such a law is passed, that our mill-owners would be wise if they would commence closing mills on every Sunday, from the beginning of the New Year. If they take this course which would be alike beneficial to the mill-hands and themselves, Government will refrain from tampering with the existing state of affairs, beyond insisting on the observance of Sundays as holidays.—Yours, &c.,

Dec. 18. MILL MANAGER.

Omnibus pickpockets in London apparently find their operations facilitated by the modern preference of many lady travellers for the outside or garden chair seat. "A Lady Traveller" writes: "On two evenings last week ladies had their dresses cut at the back while travelling on the top of omnibuses. In one case, between Piccadilly and Charing-cross, the lady's purse was extracted. This must have been done, it is supposed, by two respectably dressed young men, who were the only passengers who sat behind her. I hope you will give this publicity, that it may be a warning to other lady travellers."

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE American Bill for the free coinage of silver has been rejected by the Caucus of Republican Senators by thirty votes to thirteen.

THE Chinese Government has assented to the opening of the province of Shensi to Russian trade.

THE Court-Martial on the loss of H. M. S. Serpent, which foundered off Cape Finisterre, has found that the ship was quite seaworthy and that the disaster was due to an error of judgment on the part of those in charge of the navigation of the vessel.

SIR RICHARD TEMPLE and Sir John Strachey represent India on the Organisation Committee of the Imperial Institute.

H. R. H. THE PRINCE OF WALES has accepted the Maharaja of Jeypore's offer of £20,000 towards the funds of the Imperial Institute.

THE *Eastern Herald* of Mhow writes:—We are sorry to learn that his Highness Maharaja Holkar has lost his youngest Maharani, who it is said, recently gave birth to twins—son and daughter. This melancholy event occurred on the night of the 12th instant, and his Highness is much affected by this sudden and unexpected loss. It is the more to be regretted, when it is considered that her Highness has not been married very long and had not passed her "teens." She was the most amiable of all the consorts of Maharaja Shivaji Rao Holkar. The Indore city bazar was closed on the 13th instant in mourning.

NAWAB MOHSIN-UL-MULK, Moulvi Mahdi Ali, financial and political secretary, leaves Hyderabad on the 20th for Allahabad to attend the Muhammadan Educational Congress, which is to be held there from the 26th to the 28th instant. As the Nawab is a most eloquent speaker, large numbers are leaving here to be present at the Congress, at which he delivers a lecture on the causes of the decline of the Muhammadan nation, the delivery of which, it is expected, will occupy one sitting. The Nawab will be absent from Hyderabad for one month.

THE troops in the Lushai country were paraded last week to see Subadar-Major Kulpati Gurung decorated with the order of British India of the First Class. This fine old native officer has now some forty years' service, and, in spite of increasing years, did excellent service in the late Chin-Lushai expedition.

A GREAT triumph was achieved three days ago, says a Fort White telegram of 15th December, in the capture of two of the three miscreants who have been cutting our wire. They were taken and brought in by the Siyins themselves, and are now kept in close confinement. It is hoped that the fate of these men will deter others from incurring the wrath of their chiefs by misdeeds which threaten the whole tribe with punishment. The Kanhows made another raid—the fourth in six weeks—two days ago in the Kale Valley and attacked a small party of Burmans, killing one and taking away his head. A party of the 38th Bo. Infantry was promptly sent out from Yazagyo, but failed to come up with the raiders.

THE parade at Mian Mir on Saturday before His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief was admittedly one of the finest that has been seen. "The pick of the army in India" is said to have been the gist of Sir Frederick Roberts' comments upon the troops. As a spectacle, the parade was immensely improved by the entire absence of dust.

THE new appointment of Deputy Secretary for the Home Department, just sanctioned by the India Office, will carry a salary of Rs. 2,000 per mensem, and will be tenable for 3 years. All the Government of India Secretariats have now their Deputy Secretaries, with the exception of the Revenue and Agricultural, which will no doubt follow suit.

EUROPEAN charities all over India, we know, have felt severely the fall of the rupee, which circumscribes the individual incomes of their supporters: and it is not strange, thinks the *Pioneer*, that institutions at Home, which are accustomed to look to India for funds, are passing through the same experience. The Royal School for Officers' Daughters at Bath, for instance, has just issued a special appeal for funds, the management finding that their income is falling behind their expenses: and this unfortunate state of things is especially attributed to the falling-off in the subscriptions for India. In place of hundreds of pounds that were formerly remitted yearly for the School, it is stated that the sums now received "scarcely cover the expenses of the voting papers." The consequence is, that unless a large increase of annual subscribers can be obtained, it will be necessary to admit the children of Civilians on paying terms, and perhaps also to reduce the number of Foundation pupils, who get a free education. We are sorry to find the Bath School in straits: but at the same time what a tale its balance-sheet tells of the reduced circumstances of Indian officers, who are probably as a body not less charitably inclined than they ever were.

THE trial of the Malikpore shooting case, which promised to occupy a week, has come to an abrupt close. Shortly after the case opened on the 11th, Gunner Peplow was admitted as Queen's evidence and released from custody. After his statement had been recorded, Gunner Precious, who, it will be remembered, had not been committed owing to his being ill with enteric fever at the time, was examined as a witness for the prosecution. The statements of these two men placed matters in a very clear light before the court, and as it appeared clear that no charge of culpable homicide could be sustained, the Government Advocate declared his willingness to withdraw this charge if Sergeant Cross would plead guilty to the offence of grievous hurt, and the other two accused, Gunners Scarfe and Blades, to that of simple hurt. The defence accepted the situation, and, the necessary pleas being recorded, it only remained for the court to sentence the accused without any reference to the jury, who were accordingly dismissed courteously by Sir Meredyth Plowden, who thanked them for their attendance.

EIGHT tenders for a debenture loan of Rs. 50,000 to be raised by the Municipal Commissioners for the City of Madras, bearing interest at 5 per cent., per annum, payable half-yearly to Debenture holders, and having a currency of 50 years, were opened on Tuesday morning at the Municipal Office. The gross amount of these tenders was Rs. 1,67,000, viz., two at par, one at 101, one at 102, two at 104, one at 105, and one at 105½. Rs. 3,000 has been allotted to the Monegar Choultry at 105½, and Rs. 47,000 to Pachaiyppah's Trustees at 105.

PRINCE MALCOLM KHAN gave an interesting address on "Civilisation in Persia," at the residence of the Rev. H. R. Haweis, in Chelsea, on Nov. 22. The company included the Earl of Meath, Lord and Lady Monkswell, Sir Halliday Macartney, the Countess of Rothes, Lady Mary Leslie, Mr. Justin M'Carthy, M.P., Dr. Farquharson, M.P., Sir Alfred, Lady, and Miss Lyall, Lady Hobhouse, and the Dowager Lady Westbury. While admitting that his fatherland was behind Europe in nearly all forms of progress, the Prince denied that Persians were in any sense inferior by nature to Europeans. Mahomedans were unable to accept Western civilisation because of their religion. The keynote of Moslem character was the desire to worship God and destroy those who denied or neglected Him. The Koran resembled an ocean, in which something of every kind of moral and spiritual truth was to be found, and the one way to convince the Mussulman of the advantage of European civilisation was to pick out and piece together from the Koran and Islam tradition the principles which were comprehended under that term.

THIS year, for the first time, the Japanese army has gone through a series of manœuvres. The troops engaged numbered 20,000 men, and were divided into two opposing forces. The general idea was an advance in two columns on Tokio, and the General in chief command made some adverse comments on the manner in which the cavalry was manœuvred. The peace strength of the army is 56,000 men.

THE special commission appointed to enquire into the Hyderabad Treasury Frauds cases has been again adjourned till 5th January, when it is said the sittings will positively open. There has been much discussion in the vernacular papers regarding these cases, observes a correspondent, all taking more or less interested partizan views; the *Mohazib*, an Urdu weekly published at Lucknow, erred most in this respect and levelled a series of libels against Nawab Imad Newaz Jung which even the fallen Nawab resents. The Nawab accordingly instructed counsel to proceed against the Editor and his Hyderabad correspondent criminally for defamation in a British court. Powerful influences are at work to bring about an amicable settlement, and avoid unpleasant disclosures, but so far they have failed.

THE Jam of Lus Beyla, who arrived at Karachi on the 9th instant, returned to his territory, accompanied by Sir Robert Sandeman, on Monday, the 15th instant. Both were escorted by two companies of the 1st Biluch Regiment, with a couple of European officers attached, a mule battery, and sixty-odd sabres. The Jam appears somewhat disfigured about the face, the result of the sword attack made on him by one of his followers at his capital a couple of years or so ago. He is ingratiating himself in the good books of the British Government; and there is a tendency on his part to conform to everything that is just and liberal in the management of his country, a very large tract, much of which is very productive in seasons of good rain. Rape seed from Sonmianee is not a small item in the trade of Karachi.

A DREADFUL fire is reported to have broken out some days ago in the Town of Cotar (Travancore), and destroyed fifteen houses and property worth Rs. 10,000. The cause of the fire is yet a mystery, but incendiarism is surmised.

THE *Madras Times* hears that a gentleman who has just arrived from England has submitted a scheme to the President of the Municipal Commission for lighting the city by electricity and placing electric tramcars in it. He is supposed to be powerfully backed at home, and one of the promoters is already on his way out to this country to negotiate with the authorities concerned.

A RUMOUR is current in Singapore to the effect that the Frenchman who styled himself Marie I, King of the Sedangs (a small tribe in Cochin China) has died of the effects of a snake bite, in one of the small islands adjacent to Tioman.

THE Colombo Museum Committee is taking into serious consideration the necessity of making a collection representative of the Veddahs and their life. It proposes to spend a certain sum of money in obtaining skeletons, casts, implements used, and other appropriate features to a complete collection. At present the Museum possesses about three skulls and a few stray bones, to represent that highly interesting race of aborigines, a race, too, which is rapidly becoming extinct.

THE Madras Government having requested the instructions of the Secretary of State with regard to the question as to whether, under the Government of India Act of William IV., the Hon'ble Mr. Garstin, C.S.I., is entitled to retain the office of Provisional Governor after the return of the Hon'ble Mr. Stokes, C.S.I., (who is due there in eight or ten days,) and until the arrival of Lord Wenlock, has been informed that Mr. Garstin is so entitled. Consequently, Mr. Stokes will revert to his *pucka* appointment of Senior Member of Council, with his junior in Council in temporary authority over him. It is supposed, observes the local *Mail*, that Lord Cross referred to the Law Officers of the Crown in England, the point that was raised in connection with a state of things which the framers of the Act had not contemplated.

THE *Civil and Military Gazette* regrets to hear of the death of Mr. H. Wadley, Assistant Engineer, Public Works Department, Railway Branch, at sea. He had been suffering from fever in Biluchistan, and obtained two months' leave for a sea voyage from Karachi *via* Bombay, Goa, Colombo, Penang and Singapore, in the P. and O. steamship Thames. Shortly after leaving Penang (on the return) Mr. Wadley died, and was buried at sea. He was 29 years of age, and has left a widow and several children.

WRITING of the Calcutta Gold Mining Shares, the Calcutta correspondent of the *Pioneer* says:—The market continues very sick; the tendency is towards lower prices, and it is almost impossible to sell large lines of shares at any price. There can be no real improvement in prices until some of the companies at present at work in Chota Nagpore are able to report that they have found gold in paying quantities, and of that there is little chance, at any rate for some months to come, if at all. A meeting of the Dhadka Company is to be held on Tuesday next, and Mr. Vansittart will probably again try and persuade his shareholders to give the agency to Messrs. Heilgers and Co., on their own terms; if the shareholders agree to such a spendthrift arrangement they deserve to lose the remainder of their money. Dhadkas have already dropped from Rs. 5 to 14 annas, so they have not got very much further to fall. During the week but little business has passed in gold mining scrip; Sonapets are quoted at about 1 5-16; Western Patkooms at 8 to 9 annas; Dumras have still further fallen to 10½ to 11 annas; Sonakhans to 8 annas; Pat-Pats to 14 annas and Jut-puts to 5½ annas. It is rumoured that an enterprising local grocer is endeavouring to arrange to give away a gold share with every pound of tea he sells; this will doubtless help the market much more than Messrs. Kilburn and Co.'s recent circular.

THE National Health Society has just held an examination, at their offices in Berners-street, for the granting of diplomas to teachers of gymnastics, calisthenics, and physical exercises, protecting the public in some measure from the incompetent teachers who are apt to do more harm than good. Another examination was held, with the object of granting the silver medal of the Society to those ladies who have undergone a training in home nursing, first aid to the injured, and general hygienic knowledge. Eighteen ladies were candidates, and many of these lend their aid to the society in its crusade against dirt and ignorance in and about London.

THE Ghost Dance, in which the Sioux Indians are now engaged, has seldom been witnessed by a white man, but an American paper describes one of them as seen from a distance by an enterprising contributor, who persuaded a friendly half-breed to take him to the spot. The camp in question was situated in a hollow between a narrow belt of hills. Many of the Sioux are farmers and freighters, and their waggons were corralled in the middle of the valley. Some of the older braves and squaws, who have never reconciled themselves to modern ways, had tents apart. The oxen, pigs, and poultry were cooped or tethered on the outskirts of the camp. The dance began at dark, and though the old squaws had carefully raked out the fires, a blaze arising from them now and then revealed the fact that the braves were in full war paint. The warriors formed in rows at the eastern end of the camp, those in front kneeling, with the young bucks and squaws standing behind them. At this point there was a pause of about ten minutes, during which perfect silence and absolute immobility prevailed. Then the old squaws joined hands and knelt down in the centre of the valley. They began chanting what sounded like a dirge, varied by savagely triumphant yells. The warriors advanced, and, joining hands in a larger circle behind the old squaws, they began the Ghost Dance. They, too, chanted a dirge, but less shrilly than the squaws, and then came the invocation to the dead braves to arise and exterminate the white man. The old women, meanwhile, had each procured a burning stick that had apparently been dipped in some kind of pitch. Returning with these, they stole like shadows under the linked arms of the warriors, and passed through the circle like a procession of sphinxes. This was repeated again and again, and it is said that the dance lasts till daylight, when every one concerned in it is more or less exhausted. That the war paint of the braves means a deadly intention to the whites is unfortunately but too clear.

BOMBAY UNIVERSITY CONVOCATION.

A SPECIAL Convocation of the University of Bombay was held in the University Hall last evening for the purpose of conferring upon Professor W. Wordsworth, B. A., C. I. E., Principal of Elphinstone College, the Degree of Doctor of Laws. The students attending Elphinstone College, determined to show their appreciation conferred upon their Principal, assembled outside the college, in order to conduct the Professor to the Convocation Hall.

PROCESSION OF STUDENTS.

A full week before the ceremony the students of Elphinstone College had made arrangements for a demonstration in honour of the Professor which was as creditable to them as it was interesting and unique to Bombay sight-seers. The students, having started a private subscription among themselves, collected several hundred flags and banners and purchased basket-loads of flowers to form part of the demonstration. From an early hour yesterday afternoon, the whole eastern façade of the Elphinstone College buildings looked gay with large flags, bannerets, and bunting which waved over the public road from ornamental poles, a large Royal Standard, which decorated the topmost stone balcony, attracting special attention. Mr. Rustom B. Paymaster, B. A., and Mr. S. H. Hodiwalla, M. A., who were most assiduous in organising the demonstration, had issued invitations to students of the other Colleges, to the Graduates of the University, to Native Justices of the Peace, and others to join the demonstration; and in response to the invitations, a large number of students, graduates, and the undergraduates assembled at the Elphinstone College building at 4 p.m. yesterday. About half an hour later, they formed themselves into a procession in the public road near the College entrance, presenting a peculiar sight. In the front of the procession was carried a semi-circular archway with the inscription—"I live for the cause that lacks assistance; I live for the wrong that needs resistance." Immediately under it was carried a silk banner, displaying, on a white ground, Professor Wordsworth's motto "Veritas." The other flags and banners, of which there were many, displayed mottos taken from passages in Shakespeare, Wordsworth, Horace, and other authors, some of which were:—"O, he sits high in all the peoples' hearts;" "His soul was like a star and dwelt apart;" "His virtues plead, like angels, trumpet-tongued;" "Young India's Grand Old Man;" &c. The procession, starting from the College premises, went to the Convocation Hall, and while some, who had tickets, entered the hall to view the ceremonial, the rest arranged themselves in a double line in the passage from the University Library to the Convocation Hall, and stood there until the senate marched in procession from the former to the latter. As Professor Wordsworth came forth in the procession, robed in the gown of Vice-Chancellor, immediately in front of Lord Harris, the Chancellor, the students greeted him with cheers which were repeated to the echo, and with volleys of flowers which were showered upon him with affectionate hands.

THE SCENE IN THE CONVOCATION HALL.

The Convocation Hall was crowded with a large assembly of people long before the hour fixed for the commencement of proceedings. The students crowded the galleries, and the body of the hall with ladies and gentlemen who had come to view the proceedings. At a quarter-past five the cheering of the crowd which had gathered outside told that H. E. the Governor and Professor Wordsworth had arrived, and presently a procession entered the hall in the following order.

I.—FELLOWS.
In order of precedence,
(Juniors first).
The Members of the Legislative Council.
The Judges of the High Court.
The Members of the Council of Bombay.

II.—UNIVERSITY OFFICERS.
The Board of Accounts.
The Registrar.
The Syndics in Civil Engineering.
The Syndics in Medicine.
The Syndics in Law.
The Syndics in Arts.
The Dean of the Faculty of Civil Engineering.
The Dean of the Faculty of Arts.
THE VICE-CHANCELLOR.
THE CHANCELLOR.

Amongst those present on the platform, and on the chairs on either side of the Chancellor were:—

FELLOWS.

Dr Viegas	Mr Macmillan
Mr Nene	Dr Cowasji Nowroji
Mr Munshi	Professor Barrett
The Venerable Mr Lewis	Mr Stevens
Mr Kirloskar	Mr Griffiths
Dr Bahadhurji	Professor Selby
Mr Ahmadi	Mr JehangirC J Readymoney
Dr DeMonte	Mr Joseph Ezekiel
Mr D A Khare	Dr Cowasji Pestonji
Dr Kantak	Dr Cowasji Hormasji
Mr Vajeshankar	Mr Varjivandas Madhavdas
Mr M N Wadia	Mr Mansukhram S Tripathi
Mr M J Taleyarkhan	Dr Lisboa
Mr R D Sethna	Dr Dastur Jamaspasana
Mr Kavasji E Kanga	Dr Khori
Dastur Darab Peshotan Sanjana	Dr Rozario
Mr Gokuldas K Parakh	Mr Shamrao Vithal
Mr Jivanji Jamshedji Modi	Mr Ranina
Mr Chandavarkar	Khan Bahadur Mancherji C Murzban
Dr Bhatavadekar	Mr Baihrudin Tyabji
Mr Cavasji B Sethna	Professor Hathornthwaite
Mr U N Mehtaji	Dr DaCunha
Mr Pundlik Ganesh Dhumatkar	Dr DeAndrade
Dr M G Deshmukh	Mr Vikaji
Dr DaGama	Mr Balaji Pandurang
Mr S V Sukthankar	Dr Shantaram Vithal
Signor Pedraza	Mr Moos
Mr G N Nadkarin	Mr Modak
Professor Kathavate	Mr Lee-Warner
Dr Ardesir P Kama	Mr J P Kapadia
Mr Dharamsey	Rao Bahadur Gannatrao Bhaskar
Mr Pandurang Balibhadra	Mr G Chambers
Rao Saheb S V Patvardhan	Dr Edalji
Rao Bahadur Barve	Mr Nagindas Marphatia
Mr Mahadev C Apte	Mr

that we seek to confer this honour (Renewed cheers.) We seek it for one who, though he has never sought publicity or personal advancement, has yet, by force of character and great merit, attained to that eminence which the Act recognizes as a proper ground for the bestowal of an honorary degree. The name of William Wordsworth (Cheers) is so familiar in our ears, and is so honoured and esteemed in this Presidency, that any elaborate attempt to justify to ourselves within these walls, or to the public outside, the step we are now taking, would indeed be an idle and superfluous proceeding. Still, it is only right that, on this occasion, we should take notice of the fact that the recommendation of the Syndicate on behalf of Mr. Wordsworth was adopted by acclamation at a very full meeting of the Senate, and that the Senate, which, with such unanimity and such enthusiasm, desires to honour him is a body composed, not of men of one class or of one way of thinking, but of representatives of many races, creeds, and callings—of men separated from each other by the daily occupations of their lives, by the associations amidst which they have grown up, and by their most cherished traditions and sentiments, who yet, as members of this University, are united by a common bond, by their single-minded interest in the advancement of learning. It is a society representing many classes, therefore, and not a mere clique or section of our varied community that now asks your Excellency to confirm and ratify its vote. And then, again, I think it will be as well if we try to realize to ourselves, for a moment, some of the grounds of the very general approval with which our action to-day is certainly regarded. We shall do well to remember that, during the period that Mr. Wordsworth has been connected with the Educational Department of the Bombay Government, a very great change has come over the public service—a change with which his own position in the department has distinctly associated him. The ranks of the service are now filled largely by men who have received a liberal education in the Government colleges and in private colleges. Its whole tone has thus been raised. It is not yet a perfect service. But speaking for that branch of it in which I am myself specially interested, I am proud to bear testimony to the wonderful improvement which has taken place in the judicial administration of this Presidency during the last twenty years. That improvement is, no doubt, partly and greatly due to the wise forethought which led the Government, at the commencement of the era of reform, to raise the scale of salaries of judicial officers; but it is, in my opinion, largely due also to the wholesome influences brought to bear on many candidates for the public service, during the most impressionable years of their lives, when they were prosecuting their studies at school and college. We have now scattered throughout the Presidency, in large towns and remote villages, men who owe their position in the public service to the excellent training they received at school and college. A large proportion of these men were educated at the Deccan and Elphinstone Colleges, with both of which institutions Mr. Wordsworth has been connected during the greater part of his Indian career. These men know well what they owe to him; they know the value of the tuition which it was a part of his official duty to impart. They know and appreciate still more the kind sympathy and zeal for their welfare which led him to give up much of his leisure time for their benefit—precious hours, when they sought and received from him friendly counsel and guidance. (Cheers.) Most of all have they profited by the example ever set before them of plain living and high thinking. It is not to be wondered at if these students, now that they have grown to men's estate and occupy positions of trust and influence in all parts of the country, should carry with them, and communicate to others, the feelings of admiration for their teacher and friend by which they are animated. But there are others beyond the circle of Mr. Wordsworth's friends, members of our society at large, who, though they have never been brought under his immediate personal influence, still know him as a man of genius and a man of letters, a thoughtful and philosophic writer, not merely of fragments of matchless verse, but of weighty comments also on great events which have stirred the hearts of men in the history of the past 25 years. Though they have not always agreed with him in his views, they have always appreciated his expression of them. And so it is that, though Mr. Wordsworth has always worked so unobtrusively, though the only life which has had any charm for him has been the quiet life, yet he has now, by common consent, attained to that position of eminence which clearly marks him as worthy of the honour which we, as a University, are empowered by the Legislature to confer. (Cheers.) It is now my duty, Mr. Chancellor, on behalf of the Senate, to present Mr. William Wordsworth to your Excellency, and to ask you, in the presence of this assembly, to meet our wishes by conferring on him the degree of Doctor in the Faculty of Law, on account of his great and distinguished merit. (Loud cheers.)

The Chancellor then admitted Professor Wordsworth to the Degree of Doctor of Laws saying :—

By the authority given me as Chancellor of this University I admit you to the degree of Doctor of Laws,—this on account of your great and distinguished merit.

Then amid loud cheering a shower of roses fell from the gallery upon the newly invested Doctor of Laws.

THE CHANCELLOR'S ADDRESS.

His Excellency addressing the assembly said :—

Mr. Vice-Chancellor and Gentlemen of the Senate.—It is a coincidence than on this day of the month six years ago, on the 18th December 1884, the first and the latest special convocation for conferring the honorary degree of LL. D. was held, and on that occasion my hon'ble and distinguished colleague, and for three separate periods your Vice-Chancellor, Sir Raymond West, (Cheers) in the course of a most eloquent and graceful tribute to the character and career of the Marquis of Ripon, remarked that the Syndicate of this University is bound to establish well in the light of day, and in the face of the public, the right of every recipient to such a distinction—that the recipient ought to stand forth as a representative either of learning which will give illustration to this institution, or **else as one distinguished** for eminent public services which make us proud of him who receiving our humble honour thus associates himself with us. How jealous this University has been of the honour which lies in its power to confer, how distinguished it has made that honour by its trustful guard of it, requires no description from me; the mere fact that six years have elapsed since the first and the latest honorary degree was conferred is in itself sufficiently significant. (Cheers.) It must be a gratification to you, Mr. Vice-Chancellor, that in selecting you for this degree there was in the end complete unanimity not only amongst those who have the power to confer this degree, but also as regards the fitness of the selection in the public voice, which by its numerous expressions of regard and esteem for yourself and gratitude for the services you have rendered to India has perhaps brought a contentment and pleasure to your breast, which no honorary distinction could arouse. I have used the expression "that in the end there was complete unanimity" advisedly; for at first there was one voice that did not readily join the swelling chorus; and those who know you best will readily understand, Dr. Wordsworth, that the consent which was necessary, but for a time wanting, was your own in your official capacity. I, as Chancellor, have good reason to be grateful that in the end the retiring modesty, which has won you the love of all who have known you, was eventually overborne by a unanimity of feeling from both outside and inside this University which you could not resist, for nothing short of an amending Act could have met the resistance of a Vice-Chancellor to an honorary degree being conferred on himself. Dr. Wordsworth, your career here and a period which I think is strikingly marked by a notable advance in education in Western India, are so nearly synchronous that it is difficult to look back on the one without finding the other included in the same field. This University, although incorporated four years before you arrived in Bombay, did not receive its full liberty until 1860, and as a matter of fact, its first Fellows were not appointed until after you had taken post as Head-master of the High school, and I belive that you, as Principal of the Deccan College, were ex-officio one of them. This occasion is not unsuitable for a rapid retrospect of the changes you have seen; and first as regards institutions. In 1862 there were two Government Arts Colleges, one Aided Arts College (now Wilson College), one Government Law School, and one Medical College; total five. There are now nine Arts Colleges, besides the College of Science, two Law Schools, and the Medical College; total thirteen. In 1862-63, twelve High Schools sent up for Matriculation 147 candidates, of whom 56 passed. In 1888-89, 89 High Schools sent up for Matriculation 1,559 candidates, of whom 620 passed. You have seen the after-life of the youths who come up year by year; you see now your pupils occupying posts of eminence in the High Court, as Ministers in several native states, and as Professors in the Educational Department, but for whom indeed the expansion of aided enterprise would have been scarcely possible; they are to be found in every grade of judicial offices and they almost monopolise the executive appointments subordinate to the Deputy Collector's grade; or if I were to take another test, that of fees, which is indicative, but being complicated does not form a conclusive basis for argument, you have seen the total fee receipts advanced from Rs. 1,06,000 in 1865 to Rs. 12,16,000 in 1888-89, or, taking numbers of scholars, there were in public colleges and schools in 1865, 60,000. There are now 524,000. You have seen the institution and the increase of independent colleges, you recognized their value, but you did not fear their rivalry with Government institutions, and that your confidence was justified is proved by the Elphinstone College attracting twice as many students for the University M.A., as all the other Colleges of the Presidency. You have seen the Deccan College blossom into the important institution it now is, and take over the handsome and spacious building it now occupies; and you have seen the old buildings of the Elphinstone College taken over by a school of industry, and the college itself take up quarters, thanks to generous benefactors, nearer to the University. You have seen the demand for education diverted into other channels than the art course, through the media of the College of Science, the School of Art, the Victoria Jubilee Institute, and Industrial Schools; and above all you have seen this University recognizing its position of trust, taking the lead in directing education and advancing from time to time its standards to meet the progressive demands of the public service. Dr. Wordsworth, it is my misfortune not my fault, that our acquaintance, our friendship if I may so term it, dates from so recent a period that I am unable of my own knowledge to recapitulate the services you have rendered to the cause of Education in India; but, Sir, could I have done so, that portraiture would have been but the photograph of outlines, telling nothing of the traits of character; of the facility and luxuriance of exposition, of the force of example, of the kindliness of disposition, of "That best portion of a good man's life, his little nameless unremembered acts of kindness and of love," which, if undetailed in a record of services, nevertheless most with ready recognition amongst your friends at a moment like this. Dr. Wordsworth, the reward of an instructor of youth lies far less in public honours, and the recognition of ability and virtue than in the characters and careers of those whom he has instructed, and if the honour which this University has conferred on you had been withheld, if expressions of public and private regard had been grudged you, you could have still retired after an honourable career, knowing that you had deserved well of the State in training for it men who by the honourable positions they are attaining to are bringing honour to you, their preceptor, and who by the uprightness of their conduct, bear a generous witness to the bright example you have set them. Dr. Wordsworth, we may hope that as we can look back with gratitude to your all but thirty years of life here, so you can look back with conscious satisfaction that they have been well spent, and a feeling that they have been happy ones. I should suppose that there must have been moments of disappointment at being misunderstood. You have distinguished yourself amongst your fellows, and there is no man who has reached high eminence but must have now and again found himself opposed in feeling either to the smooth but steady current of official authority, or to the agitated wave of public caprice. No, man of character and position, but must have had to face such moments. But if you have to look back on such you can now permit them to be effaced by the assurance that it is recognized on all sides that you have pursued an upright and undeviating course from that which you thought right, and that having the power to train the minds, to bend the inclination of your pupils which way you willed, it is now when the effect of your training is made apparent, acknowledged that your tuition has been fruitful in raising up loyal citizens for the service of the State. But, Sir, if authority has good reason to be grateful to you, not less so must those be who, coming to you to be shown how to live and how to learn, have found a master living a moral and a virtuous life, a student loving his books :—

"And books we know
"Are a substantial world, both pure and good
"Round these, with tendrils strong as flesh and blood
"Our pastime and our happiness will grow." (Cheers.)

loving his books, not to strain and distort their meaning for purposes of argument, but for the power they give him of making more interesting, more fruitful of illustration, more easy of recollection, the tuition which was his profession, not only the master, not only the student, but above all a friend. Sir, I venture to say that the unanimity which the public has indicated in approving of the conferment of this degree on you to-day has been won by the large-hearted and open sympathy, not given to the insular reserve of all your countrymen to display, but which you have bestowed in overflowing measure on the resident nationalities of this country. Dr. Wordsworth, if amongst those who have effected the reforms I have outlined, you of your modesty would not say 'quorum] pars magna fui,' nevertheless your friends must feel that in the Councils that have initiated them yours was indeed a weighty opinion; and gauging them fairly, and bearing in mind the influence you have had in Council, in literary education, and in training up public servants, I think I am justified in saying that you are a worthy recipient of the honours of this degree, not only as a representative of learning, but also as one who has given eminent public services to the State. (Cheers.) Dr. Wordsworth you are about to leave us, we trust for your good and your greater comfort, but we hope that the separation is not to be complete, and that now and again whispers may reach us over the resounding sea, expressions of the thoughts aroused by the contemplation of the mountains and lakes of that northern country so inseparably connected with the name you bear, or the classic scenes which an "Excursion in Italy" may disclose to you. Be that how it may, there is memory still, and that must bind you in thought to the land that has seen your life's service. Be certain that Bombay will not cease to remember you, to be greatful to you, and that she assures you as her last farewell that to the last day of your life there may remain to you

"A consciousness that you have left
Deposited upon the silent shore;
Of memory, images, and precious thoughts,
That shall not die, and cannot be destroyed." (Cheers.)

The applause having subsided, the Chancellor declared the Convocation dissolved and the assembly dispersed, the procession of Chancellor, Vice-Chancellor and Fellows leaving the hall in reverse order from that in which they entered.

THE TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION.

By the time the Convocation was dissolved, some hundreds of students joined to swell the ranks of those who had already taken possession of the grounds of the University Hall. About a hundred torches were lighted and held up in the hands of the students, many of whom carried the flags and mottos already mentioned. The passage immediately in front of the Hall was excessively crowded by the students and the general public, whom the novelty of the show had attracted to the spot. The blazing light of the torches had also attracted the notice of many people in carriages and on foot; and the footpaths along the route of the torchlight procession, as well as the road-sides, were filled with large masses of spectators. A few minutes before 6 p.m., the torchlight procession, leaving the environments of the University, marched, with Professor Wordsworth in his Vice-Chancellor's gown, along the Mayo Road into the Church Gate Street Road between the Post Office and the Public Works offices, and debouching into the Esplanade main road, marched up at a double quick pace along Treacher and Company's buildings and the National Bank of India, past the University Gardens and the Esplanade Hotel, to the Elphinstone College building, where the cheers of the students, which were kept up along the whole route, burst forth in peal after peal. At the entrance to the college building, Professor Wordsworth was received with congratulations by the Hon. Mr. Javerilal U. Yajnik, Mr. Pherozshah M. Mehta, Dr. Bhalchundra Krishna, and Professors Macmillan, Barrett, Hathornthwaite, and others. It was with extreme difficulty that Professor Wordsworth was able to cleave his way into the College premises through the densely-packed mass of students, who surrounded him on all sides and greeted his every step forward with volleys of cheers. A large number of Parsee ladies had been accommodated with seats in the College premises and viewed the spectacle from the beginning to the close.

THE CAMBAY SUFFERERS' RELIEF FUND.

The following sums have been paid into the Bank of Bombay on account of the Cambay Sufferers' Relief Fund :—

	Rs.
Amount previously acknowledged ...	1,979
Shett Abdoolsbhai Hassanali	20
Shett Malekji Kikabhoy	5
Total Rs.	2,004

QUICK witted people use SAPOLIO, but thoughtless folks have the hardest work. SAPOLIO is a solid cake of scouring Soap. Try it in your next house-cleaning.—Agents.—H. BALLANTINE and SONS, Hornby Row, Bombay.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

An adjourned meeting of the Corporation was held yesterday afternoon, Khan Bahadur M. C. Murzban presiding, there being also present Mr. Amiruddin Tyabji, Brigade-Surgeon S. O'B. Banks, Messrs. Bhagwandas Narotumdas, Bhalchandra Krishna Bhatawadekar, Dr. Thomas Blaney, Messrs. Byramjee Nusserwanjee Servai, E. B. Carroll, J. P. Cornforth, Cowasjee Hormusjee, Damodar Thakersi Mulji, J. R. Duxbury, Framji Dorabji Divecha, Grattan Geary, Hurkisondas Nurrotumdas, Jamshedjee Pallonjee Kapadia, Jaya Karadi Lingu, Kavasji Pestonji, Rai Bahadur Luchmon Singh, Naoroji Beiramji Suntook, Rahimtula Khairaz, Shivaji Dhurmaji, Tribhowandas Munguldas Nathoobhoy, Tribhowandas Varjiwandas, Vandrawundas Purshotumdas, Dr. Accacio Gabriel Viegas, Mr. J. P. Watson, and Colonel W. H. Wilson.

APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS.

Dr. Blaney moved that the Municipal Secretary, in accordance with the resolution of the Corporation, No. 1796, dated 12th December 1887, that the auditors were appointed on the 10th March 1890, and the next appointment would take place in March 1891.

Dr. Cowasjee seconded and the resolution was adopted.

THE WATER-SUPPLY.

The following papers relative to the water-supply were circulated amongst the Councillors :—

Bombay, 28th November 1890.

To the Municipal Secretary. Sir,—I have the honour, with reference to Corporation Resolution No. 4179 of 4th August last, to forward a report from the Deputy Executive Engineer, Water Works.

2. Mr. Tomlinson's present report does not leave me much to say. The Corporation will, however, note that in his 6th para. he takes the population served from Vehar at 800,000, having already estimated the population served by Tulsi at 180,000. This gives a total resident population, including localities outside the city served by our Water Works, of 980,000, a number beyond probability and distinctly in excess of what the statistics at present at our command at all justify us in assuming. I prefer to take the numbers at 180,000 for Tulsi and 650,000 for Vehar. The figures given by Mr. Tomlinson in relation to the Tulsi supply may be left to speak for themselves. With regard to Vehar, with the figures amended as I propose, part of Mr. Temlinson's 6th para. will read thus.

"For a population of 650,000 taking over 10 gallons per head, the draw-off, including evaporation and soakage, would be 11¼ millions per diem, equal to 2,438 millions up to 31st May 1891. This would leave 2,427 millions of gallons in the Lake. The level would be 229·1 T. H. D."

This would be about 7½ feet below the present channel and 1½ feet below the lowest inlet to the Tower. The amendment of Mr. Tomlinson's figures gives an even stronger emphasis to the disastrous consequences of a restriction of supply to 10 gallons per head. Taking the population at 650,000, the present supply of 11 millions per diem gives 17 gallons per head. To reduce this to 10 gallons means a reduction of an admittedly insufficient supply by 40 per cent. If the population served from Vehar were taken as Mr. Tomlinson takes it at 800,000, the reduction on the suggested hypothesis would be only 30 per cent. Even at present the complaints on the score of insufficient water service are continuous. What would the condition of the city be with half or little more than half of its present supply?—I have, &c., H. A. ACWORTH, Commissioner.

Bombay, 28th August 1890.

To the Municipal Commissioner.

Sir,—With reference to the resolution of the Corporation, calling for the data upon which the certificate of the late Commissioner, the Executive Engineer, Tansa, and myself on the subject of a probable deficiency of water in 1891 and 1892 was based.

The above report may be looked upon as the basis of joint certificate, and I, therefore, pass to the further data upon which the statement in my report of the 19th November was based, and for which I alone am responsible.

With regard first to Tulsi Lake. This Lake has not yet experienced a minimum rainfall, and past experience cannot therefore be appealed to. The Lake on the 31st May last contained T. H. D. 435·15 and 767·5 millions of gallons. In a year of minimum rainfall 45 inches would probably fall,* and of this 25 per cent. might be expected to reach the Lake. This would give on a gathering ground of 2,031 acres (including the Lake itself) 518,381,012 millions of gallons. In the meantime evaporation, percolation and supply would have been going on during the monsoon. Assuming, for the convenience of calculation, that the collection of 518 millions of gallons be added to the quantity stored on the 31st May 1890, there would be a total of 1,285,881,012 gallons with which to meet all demands up to 31st May 1891, or such later period as the monsoon broke. The evaporation in this period (365 days) I should take at 5 feet, the loss by soakage into the ground and percolation 2 feet; altogether 7 feet. The ordinary draw-off of 4½ millions of gallons daily would take 1,733,750,000 millions of gallons or about 450 millions of gallons more than the Lake contained, allowing nothing for evaporation. In other words, at the usual rate of consumption, the Lake would have been dry on the 19th February 1891. Assuming the population of the Tulsi district to be 180,000, the present supply gives 26·4 gallons per head per day. If, on the 31st May 1890, in anticipation of a minimum monsoon, the supply had been cut down to 10 gallons per head, or 1,800,000 gallons daily, the supply in the Lake on the 31st May 1891 would have been 373 millions and the level on T. H. D. 426.

The supply, therefore, into the city would have sufficed to give 10 gallons per head per day. But what would be the consequences of withdrawing two-thirds of the present supply, which is admittedly insufficient, so much so that the Corporation are carrying out a scheme to double the supply at once. The water would have to be doled out by gallons; the roads and gardens must go unwatered, and nowhere would it, to the best of my professional judgment, be possible to give supply above the ground-floor. The inconvenience would be immense, and would effect almost everyone more or less and would lead to great private expenditure for carrying water, usually to be had without extra expense. A fire during such a state of affairs would be terribly alarming. The quantity of water, being the dregs of the Lake, would be very inferior, but could be fairly dealt with by filtration, the filters being sufficient for such a reduced supply. I have taken the quantity, 10 gallons per head, to include all losses by leakage from mains, taps, &c. The actual quantity available would, of course, be less than an average of 10 gallons per head, I need not point out that an average supply of 10 gallons per head would mean, that many houses would receive no supply at all. This is based upon the actual experience of 1871. The water stored on the 31st October 1890 would have been 4,865 millions of gallons, and the level on Town Hall Datum 241·6 or 9 feet lower than the water-famine year of 1871. For a population of 800,000, taking 10 gallons per head, the draw off, including evaporation and soakage, would be 13 millions per diem, equal to 2,716 millions up to the 31st of May 1891. This would leave 2,149 millions of gallons in the Lake. The level would be 227·3 T. H. D. The lowest level at which Vehar has ever been was 239·2 on the 15th June 1872. Again, I must point out that, although the Lake would still have contained water, the following consequences would have been involved :—

1. The blasting away of the channel leading to the outlet tower which is now at a level of 236 T. H. D.

2. As the level would have fallen below the lowest inlet to the tower, it would have been necessary either to blast out a lower inlet, provide a siphon, or erect pumps to lift the water.

3. The water would have had, of necessity, to be supplied unfiltered, the filters at Vehar being at 243 T. H. D. and at Bhandarwada at 190 T. H. D. The remaining head would only have delivered a small quantity on to the filters at Bhandarwada.

4. The pressure would have been insufficient to reach the higher localities and higher floors.

5. The loss of revenue from meter supplies would have been probably Rs. 1¼ lakhs per annum in the Vehar districts.

7. I have confined this report strictly to the data called for by the resolution, but, as you are aware, there were other considerations connected with the Tansa Works, which materially influenced the discussions in November last.—I have, &c., S. Tomlinson, C.E., Deputy Executive Engineer.

Dr. Blaney spoke over an hour in justifying his action in moving the following resolution : "That in recording the report of the Municipal Commissioner, the Corporation deeply regret that timely notice was not conveyed to them that the Vehar reservoir was being overdrawn upon after the twenty-four inch main was brought into use, so that they might have been afforded an opportunity of considering the best means of augmenting the water-supply in a less hurried manner than constrained to do when passing the Pawai water scheme.

Dr. Balchandra seconded the resolution without remark, and after a long pause the motion was rejected without discussion.

Dr. Viegas, according to notice, moved "That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to state :—(a) whether any change in the arrangements of the daily water-supply to any part or parts of the city has been lately made. (b) Whether the former arrangements for the early supply of water during the Diwali holidays have been carried out this year. (c) Whether any reduction has been made in the hours of supply in any part or parts of the city. (d) Whether any complaints have been received of late on the impurity of the water-supply in any part or parts of the city?"

Dr. Cowasjee Pestonjee seconded, and the motion was carried on the casting vote of the Chairman.

The Municipal Commissioner in reply said he was anxious to make some statement on these questions. Regarding question (c), no reduction, he said, had been made, and (d.) no complaint had been made with regard to impurity. The first question was more important. An important change was made on the 30th Nov. last by the water-supply from Pawai ceasing. The arrangements in vogue at the same time last year had again been reverted to. They did the best they possibly could to supply the city with the present mains, but with the extension of the city and population they could not satisfy the demand made upon them. Under the present system residents in high stories were not so well off as when the Pawai supply was taken into the city. The present arrangments were, he believed, the best that could be made, and he did not think any one could suggest an improvement until they get the Tansa water, it was inevitable that some part of the population should suffer some discomfort.

Dr. Blaney : Shall I be allowed to make any remark?

The President : No, Dr. Blaney, you should have done so before the resolution.

Dr. Blaney : But I don't agree with anything the Commissioner has said.

The President : Then move a resolution (Laughter.)

Dr. Viegas further moved : "That the Municipal Commissioner be requested to state what arrangements it is proposed to make for the filtration of the Tansa water; whether it is proposed to throw the water received from Tansa into the Bhandarwada and Malabar Hill Reservoirs; or whether it is intended to construct a separate reservoir and filtering beds."

Dr. Balchandra seconded.

The Municipal Commissioner explained that it would be his duty at a later date to report on these matters. However, he could say that land had been acquired for the construction of filter bed near the Tansa works, but it remained to be seen whether the Corporation would incur the great expense of constructing the beds. The question was a large one, and would have to be dealt with in his report, but he would say the only proper method of filtering the water would be to adopt a scheme of beds near the Tansa. The Tansa water could be conveyed by pipes into the Bhandarwada and Malabar Hill reservoirs.

This concluded the business.

* In 1871 only 40·39 inches fell at Vehar.

OPENING OF A JUBILEE MUNICIPAL HALL AT BALASINOR.

In order to preserve in this State a remembrance of the Jubilee of her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India, writes a Balasinor correspondent on the 6th instant, a Jubilee Municipal Hall has been built in this town as a memorial institution. As the opening ceremony was to be performed to-day by Mr. H. T. Ommanney, Political Agent, Revakantha, all the offices and schools in the State were closed, and the leading members of the principal castes, residing in this town, were invited to take part in the ceremonies. The Hall was adorned with flags of every colour. Mr. Ommanney and the Nawab Saheb arrived at 4-30 p.m., attended by a party of sowars; and all the officers of the Agency followed them. After all had taken their seats, some selected students recited pieces of poetry in honour of her Majesty, after which a musical programme was gone through.

At the request of the Nawab Saheb, the Dewan Rao Saheb Premchandbhai Karsandas read on his behalf a Gujerati lecture as follows :—Mr. Ommanney, Sardars, and Gentlemen,—I need hardly remind you of the fact that the auspicious and world-known Jubilee festivity of her Most Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria, Empress of India, to whom all the British subjects as well as the Native States in India are under a high obligation for the peaceful and unobstructed enjoyment by them of their respective rights, was celebrated in India on the 16th February, 1887, with great *eclat*, pomp, and true sense of loyalty. The celebration took place not only in those parts of India which are under the British administration, but also in the Native States with the same enthusiasm everywhere. In this town also that great occasion was celebrated with hearty feelings and rejoicings. With a view to keep its constant remembrance in this town it was then resolved to erect a Jubilee Hall. That hall is the building in which we are to-day holding this meeting. It was lately completed, but the opening ceremonies were purposely left to be performed by a representative of her Majesty, and we have now the good fortune to have the presence of Mr. Ommanney here in that capacity, who, in answer to our request, has kindly undertaken to perform these ceremonies to-day, for which I am very glad, and this meeting should express to him its cordial thanks for meeting our wishes so readily. This hall will be called the Jubilee Municipal Hall, and be used as the head-quarters of the Municipality of this town. It will always serve in this State as a memorial of her Majesty's Jubilee, and constantly remind the people of that festive occasion. At this time we should all pray to God—"May her Majesty live and reign long in peace and happiness." Mr. Ommanney, I am glad to express on this occasion my hearty and special thanks to you for your kind acceptance of my request to perform to-day's ceremony. Even my short experience of you has convinced me of your noble qualities, your kind and noble disposition, and of your special discriminating power, and not only am I alone pleased by your attributes, but I also say with confidence that they will please all men in whichever State you will go.

Mr. Ommanney replied as follows :—Nawab Saheb, Sardars, Dewan, and Citizens of Balasinor,—It gives me great pleasure to take part in these ceremonies. I am only sorry that I cannot address you in the language of the country. I was some hundreds of miles away from here at the Jubilee, but our rejoicings were as lively as the Dewan has himself described, and all India can tell the same story. At that time the great virtues of her Majesty were in every one's mouth, and the great progress the country had made under her reign was widely published. And not only did people talk of her Majesty, but memorial institutions, such as we are opening to-day, are to be found in every important town, which shows that her Majesty lives in the hearts of the people, and I am assured in yours. Of all the benefits conferred by her Majesty's reign, I think it necessary now to refer to that which the Dewan has also mentioned, the power of the Queen to protect the country against external enemies, and to preserve internal peace; and also her love of justice which insists that every man shall enjoy his own. It is owing to this security that the State of Balasinor has been able to make such progress. I am not yet well-acquainted with the Revakantha, and do not fully realize the standard of administration which Government expects from Chiefs whose resources are the same as those of the Nawab of Balasinor. But I know that previous Political Agents have expressed great satisfaction with the condition of this State, and the impression I have formed in my short visit confirm those opinions. I see on all sides the evidences of liberal management; the people are contented, and their prime public wants are supplied in the excellent schools, dispensary, market, and jail. For this all credit is due to your Nawab, and the fact that he spends money for your benefit which he might use to add to his own comfort and amusements is an earnest that he looks up to the noble example set by her Majesty. And you, people of Balasinor, owe a debt of gratitude to your Dewan. His advice and business capacity contribute largely to your welfare. The Nawab Saheb is the head which issues orders and grants benefits, but for the execution of his wishes hands are required, which must be loyal and willing, strong and skilful. There is one thing for which I have to express regret, and that is that the people of Balasinor do not appreciate English education. You will be sorry for this. You cannot go on sub-dividing your property for ever, nor can every boy follow his father's business. Many of you will have to seek your living abroad, and you will find that your ignorance of English shuts you out from many pursuits. I hope that sooner or later your feeling on this subject will change. I think that this fine hall is a very appropriate memorial of the Jubilee, and I hope that it will bear useful discussion tending to municipal improvements. Those of you who have gone abroad cannot fail to have noticed that in the width and neatness of your streets, and perhaps in sanitary matters, you are somewhat backward. You may, however, be proud of your schools, which challenge comparison with those of any town of equal importance. You should regard this as a standard to be looked up to in other arrangements. I now declare the Jubilee Hall open, and again express my pleasure at having been called upon to undertake this function.

Mr. Shankerlal Bapujee, a State Pleader, read a piece of poetry prepared by himself for the occasion.

Mr. Chunilal Lallubhai then at the request of the general public of the town, gave on their behalf a long lecture in which he first dwelt upon some of the numberless benefits conferred during her Majesty's reign, then upon the Nawab Saheb's virtues, his just and noble politics, and the benefits granted by him to his subjects, and, lastly, upon the benefits done both to the State and the subjects by Rao Saheb's Premchandbhai's loyal and laborious administration of eighteen years, the love secured by him both of the ruler and the ruled, and the general contentment of the subjects during the whole period of his administration.

After garlands, *pan supari*, &c., were distributed to all the meeting dispersed.

There was a display of fireworks in the evening.

THE FOOTBALL TOURNAMENT.

CASUALS VS. WORCESTERS.

The regimental team of the Worcesters from Poona played against the Casuals last evening on the Cooperage in the semi-final ties of the Tournament, when the spectators witnessed a splendid all-round game. The respective teams were about equally matched in weight, and, although it was anticipated the visitors would win, they met with a resistance which not only took them by surprise, but placed their own goal in imminent danger on more than one occasion. The forward brigade of the local team will no doubt confess that they were not quite on a par with that of their adversaries, whose superiority in the tactics of the game was generally admitted. But although they were outclassed in this respect which practice lent the Poona team, yet they played with a determination which won the admiration of the spectators. The regimental team, winning the toss, elected to play from the bandstand end, the favourite goal. The Casuals faced them from the Cooperage quarter, and had a strong breeze blowing directly down the ground against them. Their "kick-off," at 4-35, opened hostilities, and a cross-play was confined to the respective forwards in centre ground. Ashfield, the Poona left wing, captured it on the near side and propelled it to within a few yards of the coveted goal where he took a shot, and drove it through, five minutes after play started. But he was declared to be "off-side" and the goal was disallowed by the referee. Undaunted by this piece of ill-luck the "forward brigade" of the soldiers pierced the opposite rank and a nother well-directed shot from Ashfield lowered their colors, and was greeted with a round of applause from the on-lookers. On the ball coming into play Phillips made a good run up the far side, but without support. He was met by Webb, the Poona right half-back, who intercepted what would have proved a dangerous shot. The persistent attacks of the visitors gave their opponents a lively time of it, as they could scarcely make any head-way against the breeze. A "corner" fell to the Worcesters, which flew wide of the mark. The "goal kick" was received by Singer, who dribbled it to the "half-way" flag, where he was forced to surrender it to Langford. The entire forward brigade now planted themselves in front of the Casuals' posts, and threatened to take them by storm, but Langford's swift pass off a side shot was not accepted by Cowles, who missed a splendid opportunity at scoring. A momentary relief was afforded the Casuals by the ball rolling over the goal line. Caligan received it on being driven out, and took a high shot which dropped right in front of the sticks and compelled Waller, the goal-keeper, to run out, and use his hands in staving off danger. In a sharp scrimmage in the Casuals' country Ashfield and Cowles exhibited some skilful passing. Walpole, the Casual right back, did yeoman service for his side, and justified the confidence reposed in him. His brilliant play was conspicuous throughout. Proud secured a "dribbls" down the centre, where he was intercepted by Gibbs, whose high shot lodged within a yard of the Casuals bar, over which it bounded. Kitchen made a "long pass" to Ashfield from the far side who grazed the bar with a swift shot. He made another attempt to notch a goal, but Waller's long reach impeded the shot, and relieved the pressure. Cowles took a side shot, which was "headed" off by Walpole, but the leather was quickly returned, and brought the defensive tactics of the Casualt into play to keep their opponents at bay, Messrs. Singer, Rushton, Walpole, and Gunner Mears did excellent service, and at the call of "half time" the game was still in their country. When play was re-started the Casuals made a bold bid to equalise the score. They immediately ran the ball almost beneath the visitors' goal, but were obliged to retreat before a stubborn resistance on the part of the opposite backs, who fought vigorously in defence of their goal. Gibbs captured the ball in the scrimmage and drove it away. Walpole returned the 'goal kick" by Gibbs, which was received by Webb, who sent it into touch. In the "throw-in" Ashfield captured it, but was considerably hampered by Walpole. "Hands" fell to the Casuals in excellent position, but the "free kick" proved erratic. They secured another on the near side, and Kings "free kick" dropped it in front of the visitors' posts, where it was "butted off" by Webb. Just before "time" was called the Casuals made a bold bid to take the Poona citadel by storm, which was unsuccessful; a sharp cross, play followed, and Webb relieved the pressure. Waller's hands were again brought into requisition to save his sticks. At the "call of time" the Worcesters were declared the winners with one goal to love. The following are the teams :—

Worcester Regiment.		Casuals.
Lce-Cpl Chatham	Goal	E Waller.
Pte Gibbs	Right back	A Walpole.
" Southwell	Left back	W Mears.
" Shaw	Centre back	M F Reed.
" Webb	Right half-back	H J Clarke.
" Ackril	Left half-back	H W Rushton
" Calligan	Centre forward	T R Phillips
" Cowles	Right Wings	A H King
" Kitchen		E Tudor
" Ashfield	Left Wings	R Singer
" Langford		M W Proud

Umpires.

Lce.-Cpl. H. Perkins. Mr. Joyce.

Referee.

Mr. Stewart D. Fairless.

In the semi-final ties this evening the Royal Fusiliers will play the Band and Drums of the Worcester Regiment, Poona. As all the teams are now in Bombay, spectators will not be disappointed in the fixtures. The final ties to-morrow evening will be an exciting contest, and the event will, no doubt, prove highly attractive.

MILITARY NEWS.

Lieut. C. D. Lester, S. C., has been permitted to return to duty.

Lieut.-Col. B. G., Humfrey has been granted a year's leave on medical certificate.

Captain H. E. C. Way, S. C., has been granted a year's furlough on medical certificate.

Surgeon S. T. Avetson, I. M. S., has been granted furlough for one year on medical certificate.

Captain C. L. Fby and Lieut. J. M. Ransom, S. C., have been permitted to return to duty.

Lieut. R. Wapshare, Hyderabad Contingent, has been granted six months' leave on medical certificate.

The services of Second Lieut. A. K. Hudson, 1st Connaught Rangers, have been placed at the disposal of the Government for employment in the Civil Department.

The subject of the formation of a corps for the Sub-Marine Mine Defence of Bombay and for manning the necessary number of guard boats is receiving the careful attention of the Bombay Government.

The Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the admission of Presidency house-rent to civilian officers of the Military Accounts Department who have been promoted to grades in the senior branch of the Department, at Rs. 60 per mensem, when doing duty at a Presidency-town.

The monthly rate of compensation in lieu of rations admissible for the wives and families of trained schoolmasters and for trained schoolmistresses and their children during the year from 1st January to the 31st December 1891, in the Eastern Circle, Bengal, is for a full ration, Rs. 8-3-11.

The Secretary of State for India has sanctioned, with effect from the 1st of April 1891, the proposal to place the non-commissioned officers permanently attached to to the Schools of Musketry in India in the same category as sergent-majors of hill depots, in respect to warrant rank, pay, pension, clothing, &c.

Veterinary field hospitals for the lines of communication will be provided on the same scale as provided for other field hospitals. The senior of the two officers at present allowed on the lines of communication will be called "Veterinary inspector for lines of communication," and the junior will act as his assistant in charge of the field hospital.

The total number of deaths registered, during the week ending 6th December, in Calcutta, was 308, against 268 and 278 in the two preceding weeks, and higher than the corresponding week of last year by 14. There were 43 deaths from cholera, against 37 and 25 in the two preceding weeks; the number is higher than the average of the past quinquennium by 4. There was no death from small-pox during the week, against one in the previous week. There were 11 deaths from tetanus, against 5 in the previous week. The mortality from fevers and bowel-complaints amounted to 106 and 37 respectively, against 94 and 30 in the preceding week. The general death-rate of the week was 37·1 per mille per annum, against 34·5, the mean of the last five years.

The Albion Milk and Sulphur Soap.—Pure, Mild and Emolient—This essentially complexion soap is most agreeable and beneficial in use, especially where the skin is sensitive, or has become roughened by exposure land or sea. It never irritates, and hence has a soothing and pleasantly purifying tendency and is particularly valuable in hot Climates. A luxury for the Toilet and the Bath. Indispensable for Children. Delicately perfumed. Sold by all Chemists. Agents.—Treacher and Co., Bombay.

EVENING PARTY TO PROFESSOR WORDSWORTH.

PURE PERSONALITIES.

JOHN FITZROY DE COURCY, thirty-first Lord King sale, who died the other day, enjoyed the singular privilege of wearing his hat in the royal presence. This privilege was granted by King John to De Courcy, Earl of Ulster, an ancestor of Lord Kingsale. The only other English subject who is similarly distinguished is Lord Forester, on whose ancestor the privilege was conferred by Henry VIII. The Knights of the Golden Fleece, which honor is now bestowed by the Emperor of Austria and the King of Spain, claim the right of being covered in all Royal presence. Lord Kingsale was richer in nobility than in land, and transmits only his title (which is the premier barony of Ireland) to his successor, Mr. Michael William De Courcy, of Stoketon, Saltash, Cornwall.

The navigating lieutenant of her Majesty's ill-fated ship Serpent, who, with all his fellow officers, has lost his life in the terrible catastrophe on the Spanish coast, was Mr. Peter Richards, eldest surviving son of Mr. Charles Richards, the courteous gentleman who for a number of years has been the secretary of the Army and Navy Auxiliary Stores. Mr. Peter Richards was a genial young fellow and an excellent officer, deservedly popular with his friends and messmates. He, like young Lord Cantelupe, had been married but a short time when the same terrible fate overtook him.

In an interview with Mr. Walter Besant, which appears in the *Magazine and Book Review*, Mr. Besant is described as "wearing spectacles, and clad in a black velvet jacket; a man of medium height, quick, active, alert in his movements, with clear, penetrating voice, and pleasant smile; he has a massive, heavy brow, dark grey eyes, firm mouth, and thick beard. Mr. Besant's study is lined with books on every side. A door opens out into the garden, so that when he wants a brief rest from labor he can take a turn, and come back to work with renewed zest. He writes on blue paper (large sermon size) in a strikingly neat, clear, rather small hand. The morning is spent in work. Four or five times a week he goes into town, lunches, and transacts business at the Society of Authors, or elsewhere."

The death of Justice O'Hagan removes another of the leading Young Irelanders of '48. There are now only two of the well-known men of that brilliant, but short-lived, party in the land of the living. Sir Charles Gavan Duffy, who was one of its founders, is now in his seventy-fifth year, and is spending the evening of life in the Maritime Alps, in the enjoyment of a pension of £1,000 per annum from the State Treasury of Victoria—a colony to which he emigrated in 1855, and where, during a residence of a quarter of a century, he was successively a Minister of the Crown, Premier, and Speaker of the Legislative Assembly. His eldest son, John, represents his old constituency—the county of Dalhousie—in the Victorian Parliament, and a few days ago accepted office as Postmaster-General in the new Ministry formed by the Hon. James Monro. Another of his sons is clerk-assistant of the Legislative Assembly, and a third is a leading member of the Victorian bar.

The other surviving "Young Ireland" chief is Dr. Kevin Izod O'Doherty, oneo f the best known and most popular public men in the colony of Queensland. On June 10th, 1848, he started the *Irish Tribune* in Dublin. It was suppressed by Lord Clarendon when it reached its fifth number, and its editor got ten years' transportation for his vigorous leading articles. In company with other convicted chiefs of the movement, Mitchel, Martin, Smith O'Brien, Meagher, McManus, and O'Donoghue, all of whom are now dead—he was sent to Tasmania. There he was liberated on ticket-of-leave, and allowed to join the medical staff of St. Mary's Hospital, Hobart, where he remained for four years until Queen Victoria was gracious enough to give him pardon. After revisiting Ireland and marrying one of the revolutionary poetesses, "Eva" (Miss Eva May Kelly), he returned to the Antipodes, settled in the new colony of Queensland, and commenced practice in its metropolis, Brisbane. The veteran doctor is the president of the Irish National League of Australia.

Dr. Lyman Abbott (Beecher's successor), who has just made an extended trip through England, expresses this interesting judgment about the Anglican Church:—"Sententiously expressed, the Established Church of England of to-day appears to me to be a beautiful monument to the life of the past, rather than a skilfully adapted instrument for the work of the future."

Senor Albeniz, the Spanish pianist and composer, is at present making a *furore*. Though not yet thirty, he has been before the public for twenty-two years, having made his *debût* at Barcelona at the early age of seven. Four years later he quarrelled with his father, and began a tour in America on his own account. With the proceeds of this he studied some time at Leipzig under Carl Reinecke, and, when funds got low, King Alphonso granted him a pension for the purpose of completing his studies at Brussels. Senor Albeuiz afterwards had lessons from Liszt, and then tried another American tour, which was even more successful than the first. On returning home he got married, appeared as conductor at the Grenada, Seville and other Opera Houses; and was finally, in 1883, appointed Court pianist. In 1884 he gave five concerts in Paris, and first appeared in this country at Princes' Hall last year.

Governor Phillip, the naval officer who filled the triple office of gaoler, boss hangman, and chief flogger to the infant colony of Australia, is shortly to be honored with a statue in Sydney. He was the first pompous official in the great roll of Australian Bumbledom, and his dull name is therefore to be written large on a massive column in order that all the world may remember him. His history sets forth the fact that he built the first gallows and the first gaol, and whaled the first convict, and looked after the details of the first execution ever performed on that continent, and there the record of his good deeds comes to an end. He was an ordinary bull-headed officer of the type which prevailed in the last century—that, and nothing more. But he was the representative of loyalty, and therefore his parochial individuality is to be enshrined on a meaningless plug of brass.

Lady Rosebery had four children, the Ladies Sybil and Peggy, whose portraits by Sir F. Leighton and Sir J. E. Millais not long ago adorned the walls of the Academy; Archibald (Lord Dalmeny) and Neil. In her home she was known as an admirable mistress of a household, and her goodness to her poor neighbours at Montmore was proverbial in that district. Naturally, she sometimes felt the fatigue of entertaining, especially when her husband was in office, and when, either at Lansdowne House or at the Foreign Office, she had to receive vast numbers of official or semi-official guests.

Miss Kate Steel, who for some years past has been known at the Royal Academy of Music as one of the ablest assistant teachers, has just been appointed the first lady professor at the R. A. M. It was generally supposed that the old Conservative institution in Tenterden-street stood out against the system of lady professors, but the committee have shown sound sense in securing first-rate talent wherever they could get it—male or female. Miss Steel was known for a short time at the Academy as an accomplished pianist, but she has now for some years devoted herself entirely to vocal tuition, and in her person we may congratulate her sex upon having scored one more victory and wrested one more official position out of the grip of all-devouring man.

Sir Edward Watkin, who has been spending a few days among his constituents on the south coast, mooted, says *Piccadilly*, during his stay, a project of the bold and uncompromising nature that marks all the conceptions that emanate from him. He suggested that Folkestone, Sandgate, and Hythe should merge themselves into one large borough, which for extent of coast line, for variety of sites and aspects, and even for diversities of climate would be unrivalled amongst the watering-places of England. At present the resources of these three towns are frittered away in jealousies and petty rivalries. Taken singly, Folkestone alone is strong enough to do justice to its population of residents and visitors. United, the three communities would be stronger than any of their rivals—Brighton excepted—on the southern shore.

Toole is as inveterate a joker as ever. On his way to New Zealand his steamer made a brief stay at Hobart, the capital of Tasmania. He went ashore, and made straight for the Theatre Royal, having previously made himself up as an itinerant showman. Getting an interview with the manager of the Royal, he guilelessly asked the use of the theatre "for a hacrobatic show. Me and my pardner, you see, does big tricks—heavy weight-business, ground and lofty tumbling, hastonishing feats of strehgth, et cetera." The manager said he was very sorry, but they had come to the wrong shop, and sarcastically suggested that they had better engage the Exhibition building for their entertainment. Toole and his companion then backed out with profuse thanks for the suggestion, and saying he would go there. Afterwards Johnny changed his costume and revealed his identity, whereupon the manager and himself laughed heartily over the joke and the champagne.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE City Line s. s. City of Dublin, 2,150 tons, Captain John Campbell, cleared yesterday for Liverpool, with a general cargo.

THE B. I. S. N. Co.' s. s. Lawada, 2,140 tons, Captain E. C. Russel, sailed yesterday for Rangoon and Moulmein with a general cargo.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steam-ship Henry Balckow, 639 tons, Captain Fairweather, arrived in harbour on Wednesday evening from Jeddah via Aden with a general cargo and 119 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Ursa, 1,796 tons, Captain W Phippin, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Middlesbrough, with Railway materials. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Cursetjee and Eduljee.

THE Sultan of Zanzibar's steam-ship Swordsman, 909 tons, Captain E Detlefsen, arrived in harbour on Wednesday from Zanzibar via Cutch Mandvi, with a general cargo, Mr. Bell, and Dr Gonsalves, as cabin and 53 deck passengers.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—DECEMBER 18.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
„ Clan Drummond	1904	Harrison	B	F Muir & Co.
„ Hoosainee ..	993	Cronin	C	B & P S N Co.
„ C of Dublin.	2150	Campbell	D	Sir Charles & Co.
„ Inchmarlo ..	1944	Hembery	F	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Hesper	1782	Leadly	H J	W&A Graham &Co.
„ Drachenfels	1459	Lintag	K	Glade & Co.
„ Huzara.....	1333	Campbell	O	M Mackenzie & Co.

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No.	
S.S. Etolia	2231	Billings.....	1	K. Nixon & Co.
„ Hispania	2140	Abrey	2	W&A Graham &Co.
„ Singapore ..	2431	Parodi	3	F Bozzoni.
„ Ganges.....	2110	Alderton	4	P & O S N Co.
„ Nizam	1815	Gadd.....	5	P & O S N Co.
„ Altmore	1351	Watson	6	Finlay Muir & Co.
„ Melpomene .	1913	Walusching.	7	A H Loyds & Co.
„ Medusa	1775	Costanzo	8	A H Loyds & Co.
„ Kt. Companion	2543	Durant	10	K Nixon & Co.
„ China	1419	Leahy	12	K Nixon & Co.
„ Glasgow	895	Nacoda	15	A Manjee.
„ Ursa	1794	Phippin	16	K. Nixon & Co.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	From.
17	Ursa (s).....	Phippin	Middlesborough.
18	Henry Balckow (s)	Fairweather.	Jeddah, Nov 27.
	Malwa (s).....	.....	Calcutta.

DEPARTURES.

Dec.	Vessel.	Commander.	Destination.
18	City of Dublin (s)	Campbell.....	Liverpool.
	Lawada (s)	Russell	Rangoon, &c.
	H. M. Troopship Serapis	Hicks.....	England.

The following vessels began to load yesterday:—
Steamer Chupra, for Rangoon and Moulmein.
„ Hooscinee, for Aden, Jeddah, &c.

CALCUTTA.

ARRIVALS.

Dec.
12 Satara s.....Coope.....Bombay, Nov 21.
Roma s.....Rait .....Bombay, Nov 28.
13 Palitana s.....Dougherty ..Singapore, Dec 1.

DEPARTURES.

Dec. 12.—Steamers Maharani, Coconada, Rajpootana, City of Vienna and Bhundara. Ships County of Inverness, Ardencraig, Alcester and Mooltan.
Dec 13.—Steamers I. M. Mayo and Kasara. Ships Valiant and Sokoto.
Dec. 14.—Steamers Patna, Fazilka, Lansdowne Tower, Palamcotta, Benares, Vadala and Castle Eden. Ships Galgate, First Lancashire and Roby.

MADRAS.

Dec. DEPARTURE.
16 Sirsa s .... Negapatam.

DAILY IMPORTS.—DECEMBER 18.

FROM GLASGOW.

Clan Drummond s—17 cases writing paper, M A M Shurufally; 20 cases school slates, S G Hooson; 15 cases school slates, S Essoofbhoy.

FROM LONDON.

Huzara s—16 cases confectionery, E Russooljee; 10 cases confectionery, N Cowasjee; 9 cases musical instruments, &c, Soundy and Co; 100 boxes candles, S Abdoolalli.

Sutlej s—32 cases oilmenstores, &c, A Sumsoodin.

Ganges s—6 packages photo. materials, Madhowrao and Babajee; 9 cases books, &c, Thacker and Co; 49 packages provisions, &c, Treacher and Co; 5 packages books, &c, The Bombay Circulating Library; 9 cases oilmenstores, Cowasjee Dadabhoy; 4 cases books, Radhabai A Sagoon; 2 cases books, Hormusjee Sorabjee and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Huzara s—12 cases window glass, A C M Ebramjee.

FROM HAMBURG.

Drachenfels s—1 case piano, Soundy and Co.

FROM MARSEILLES.

Singapore s—2 cases saffron, N Vishram.

FROM GENOA.

Singapore s—23 packages cheese, &c, L G Inzoli.

DAILY EXPORTS.—DECEMBER 18.

FOR LIVERPOOL

City of Dublin s—14,000 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co; 3,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co.

FOR LONDON.

Clyde s—15 bales skins and 1 bundle woollen carpet, Ewart, Latham and Co; 16 cases peacock feathers and 26 cwts. fishmaws, H A H Mowjee; 32 bundles ivory, E Passeanee and Co; 54 bales skins, S Moloobhoy and Co; 4 bundles ivory, Aldridge Salmon and Co; 4 cases peacock feathers, Fazull Ookeda; 13 hogshead chutney, M Poonjiajee and Sons; 162 cwts olibanum, J Malsee; 125 cwts gun arabic, Tod, Durant and Co; 1,000 cwts, myrabollams, David, Sassoon and Co; 7 bales hides, Pestonjee Eduljee; 31 bales skins, H F H Gunny; 8 bales hides and 9 bales skins, Messrs W and A Graham and Co; 73¼ cwts fishmaws, Alladin Baboo; 400 lbs nutmeg, 1 case tortoise shell and 62 cwts gum olibanum, Kessowjee Vussonjee; 22 bales hides, F Rowland and Co; 69 cwts gum arabic, A Allimahomed; 42 bales skins, W and A Graham and Co; 10 bales hides and skins, Volkart Brothers.

Huzara s—115 cwts horns, R Caderbhoy.

FOR BARCELONA.

Hispania s—100 balks cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR HULL.

Inchmarlo s—1,000 cwts wheat, Gopaljee Ramjee; 2,000 cwts wheat, Ramjee Ebjee.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kt Companion s—1,203 cwts rapeseed, and 155 lbs castorseed, Ralli Brothers; 150 bales cotton, Gaddum, Bythell and Co; 200 bales cotton, E. Spinner and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hesper s—400 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 111 cwts patchouli leaves, Cawasjee Brothers.

FOR TRIESTE.

Baron Androssan s—660 bales cotton, Lyon and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Singapore s—200 bales cotton and 1,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers.

FOR CALCUTTA.

Lawada s—87 bales cotton, R Luchmondass.

FOR HONGKONG.

Melpomene s—14 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram; 35 bales twist, Doongersey Ganjee: 250 cwts onions Allana Moosa; 145 cwts sandal woodchip, C Vursee; 200 bales twist, and 52 bales cotton, Sassoon J David & Co; 16 bales twist, David Sassoon & Co.

Ganges s—2 cases ivory, M Dawoodbhoy; 75 chests opium, E D Sassoon & Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Melpomene s—65 bales twist, Doongersey Ganjee; 40 bales twist, John Fleming and Co; 204 bales twist, Currimbhoy Ebram: 5 bales twist, T Moolji & Co; 50 bales twist, Silas E Sassoon; 100 bales cotton, The Union S and M Co.

Ganges s—90 chests opium, N G Abraham; 99 chests opium, Sassoon J David & Co; 19 bales twist, Tata & Co; 50 bales twist, Tata & Co; 50 chests opium, E J Abraham; 120 bales twist, E D Sassoon & Co.

FOR KOBE.

Melpomene s—25 bales twist, Finlay Muir & Co.

DECEMBER 18.

FOR LONDON.

Clyde s—120 bales coir yarn, G Henke and Co; 67½ cwts gum, S Ramjee; 24½ cwts fishmaws, R Dhamjee; 12¾ cwts fishmaws, L Chuttoo; 21 bales skin, W and A Graham and Co; 2 bales skin, Syed Mirza; 90 cwts olibanum, J Sewjee; 3 casks chutney, D P Batha and Co; 3 hogsheads chutney, F Nowrojee; 12½ cwts ivory, M Goolam Mamed; 1 bale cotton, A S Moodeliar and Co; 2 cases opium, Bombay and P S N Co.

Huzara s—601 cwts myrabollams, N Kheraz and Co; 400 cwts olibanum, D Khimjee; 100 bales cotton, Thos H Moore and Co; 2,000 cwts bone meal, and 1,200 cwts crushed bones, Croft Wells and Co.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Hesper s—100 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co; 4½ cwts gum, F Hurst; 2,001 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers; 2,000 cwts wheat, 2,000 cwts rapeseed, and 2,000 linseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Kt Companion s—55 bales cotton, A Blascheck and Co; 20 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co; 330 bales cotton, F. Sauquet and Co; 80 bales cotton, Durst and Co; 350 bales cottonfly, Dewjee Virjee; 10,000 cwts wheat, J C Bushby and Co; 4,000 cwts wheat, Killick, Nixon and Co.

Huzara s—1,446 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Brothers; 2,001 cwts linseed, and 2,001 cwts gingellyseed, Killick, Nixon and Co.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Hispania s—25 bales cotton, Glade and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Baron Andrason s—110 bales cotton, T G Young and Co; 110 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co.

FOR HULL.

Inchmarlo—2,000 cwt wheat, Tod Durant and Co; 1,780 cwt wheat, A Vinayek Chhatre and Co; 7,000 cwt wheat, J C Bushby and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Singapore s—250 cwt linseed, Itcharam Harjivandas; 100 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR BARCELONA.

Hispania s—26 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Huzara s—2,001 cwt linseed, Thos H Moore and Co.

FOR PLYMOUTH.

Melpomene s—50 bales twist, C Macdonald and Co; 74 bales twist, Sassoon J David and Co; 100 bales twist, Sorabjee N Talati and Co; 50 bales twist, C Bomanjee and Co.

Ganges s—26 chests opium, Currimbhoy Ebram; 9½ chests opium, N J Abhram; 16 chests opium, D P Marker; 25 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 52 chests opium, J Peerbhoy and Co; 6½ chests opium, Doongersy Goolraj; 15 chests opium, F N Postwalla; 450 chests opium, Bombay and Persia S N Co; 30½ chests opium, Sorabjee N Talati and Co; 10 chests opium, P F Talati; 48 chests opium, H A Esmall and Co; 10 chests opium, Silas E Sassoon.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Ganges s—65 chests opium, E D Sassoon and Co; 12 chests opium, B Bhansidhar; 59 chests opium, Sassoon J David and Co; 140 chests opium, David Sassoon and Co; 14 chests opium, Cursetjee Bomonjee and Co; 60 chests opium, N J Abraham; 84½ chests opium, Currimbhoy Ebram; 11 chests opium, H Ramgopal; 16 chests opium, Sorabjee N Talati and Co.

MILITARY INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVALS.—DECEMBER 16.

Wighton, Lt-Col, Bo, Ordinance Dept, from inspection duty, from Poona.

DECEMBER 18.

Moore, Lieut, Bo. Con Rangers, for examination, from Deolali.

Dunlop, Lieut, Bo, R A, on leave, from Burhampore.

DEPARTURES.—DECEMBER 16.

Geoghegan, 2nd Lt, Bo, 2nd Gloster, on duty, to Deesa.

DECEMBER 18.

Clery, Surgeon-Major, Bengal Medical Staff, on duty, to Lahore.

Barnes, Surgeon, Bo, Medical Staff, on duty, to Poona.

Leader, Lieut, Bo, on leave, to Khandalla.

Welsh, Surgeon, Bengal, Medical, Staff, from leave, to Jhansi.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER RIFLES.
REGIMENTAL ORDERS BY LIEUT-COL. THE HON'BLE L. H. BAYLEY, COMMANDING B. V. RIFLES.

Bombay, 19th December, 1890.

BOMBAY LIGHT HORSE.

There will be a mounted parade at the Town Hall on Saturday, the 20th instant, at 4-15 p.m.

By Order,
(Sd.) T. W. C. LEATHEM, Captain and Adjutant, B. V. Rifles.

BOMBAY VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.
BATTERY ORDERS BY CAPTAIN A. LESLIE, OFFG. COMMANDANT, B. V. ARTILLERY.

Bombay, 19th December, 1890.

1. There will be gun drill at Head-Quarters to-day at 6-30 p.m.

2. On Saturday, the 20th instant, the Battery will parade at the Apollo Bunder, at 4-15 p.m., and proceed to Oyster Rock Fort for drill at the 10" R. M. L. Guns—Dress—Drill Order.

3. There will be a Smoking Concert at Head-Quarters to-morrow, the 20th instant, at 9p.m. Dress:—Mess Uniform.

By Order,
(Sd.) A. LESLIE, Capt, Offg. Commandant, B. V. A.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT ORDERS.

(*Bombay Government Gazette*, December 18.)

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

THE undermentioned officers are allowed furlough to Europe for one year on medical certificate:—Surgn S T Avetoom, I M S in Medical charge, 27th Bombay L I; and Capt H E C Way, S C, Wing Officer, 13th Bombay Infy.

The undermentioned officers are granted leave to proceed out of India on medical certificate:—Lieut. Col B G Humfrey, S C, Second-in-Command, 10th Bombay Infy, for one year; and Lieut R Wapshare, S C, Sqdn Officer and Adjt., 3rd Lancers Hyderabad Contingent, for six months.

The following Native promotions are made:—12th Bombay Infantry—Jamadar Piruji Nikam to be Subhedar, and Color Havaldar Narayen Kandarkar to be Jamadar (provisionally) vice Subhedar Raghu Sellar, pensioned, dated 17th June 1890; and Jamadar Ganuji Indulkar to be Subhedar, and Quarter Master Havaldar David Moses to be Jamadar vice Subhedar Shaikh Daud, pensioned, dated 17th August 1890.

The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Capt C I Fry, and Lieut J M Ransom, Staff Corps.

The services of Second Lieut A K Hudson, 1st Battn Connaught Rangers, are placed at the disposal of Government for employment in the Civil Dept.

The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Secy of State for India to return to duty:—Lieut C D Lester, Staff Corps.

The undermentioned Warrant officer has been granted by the Secy of State for India an extension of leave for the period specified:—Sub-Condr F W Howard, Commissariat Dept, three months, medical certificate.

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS, &c.

POLITICAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr C B Winchester, C S, to act as Political Agent, Janjira, pending further orders.

It is notified that Capt J S Ashby, Fifth Assist Political Resident, Aden, has been allowed by H M's Secy of State for India a further extension of furlough on medical certificate for one month.

JUDICIAL DEPARTMENT.

The Governor in Council is pleased to invest the, undermentioned Magistrates of the Second Class in the district of Ahmedabad with jurisdiction to try cases arising under Section 62 of the Bombay District Police Act, No. IV. of 1890:—Rao Saheb Becharlal Jivanlal Mamlatdar of taluka Daskroi; Rao Saheb Narsilal Revadas, Mamlatdar of taluka Viramgam; Rao Saheb Ramchandra Ichharam, Mamlatdar of taluka Gogha; Rao Saheb Navnidhrai Madhavram, Mamlatdar of taluka Sanand; Rao Saheb Manishankar Lajjashankar, Mamlatdar of taluka Dholka; and A'zam Vrijbhukhandas Mukandas, Mahalkari of petha Modasa.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased, to apdoint Mr Manakji Cowasji Doteewala to be a Delegate to aid in the adjudication of cases in the Parsi District Matrimonial Court at Poona vice Mr Mancharji Dorabji Vakil, deceased.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Saheb Ranchodlal Kapurchand Desai, Second class, First Grade, Subordinate Judge of Surat, to act as First Class, Third Grade, Subordinate Judge of Tanna With power to appeals from such decrees and orders of Subordinate Courts in the Thana District as may be referred to him by the Judge of that district.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr W C Rand, Assist Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Belgaum, to be a Visitor of the Subordinate Jail at Belgaum.

H E the Governor in Council is to pleased to appoint Mr L G Deshmukh, Assist Collector and Magistrate of the First Class in the district of Nasik, to be a Visitor of the District Jail at Nasik.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments pending further orders:—

Rao Saheb Balaji Mahdev Ketkar, second class Subordinate Judge of Vadgaon and Baramati, to be Joint Second Class Subordinate Judge at Poona; Rao Saheb Nanaji Vithal Atre, Joint second class Subordinate Judge at Poona, to be second class Subordinate Judge of Baramati; and Rao Saheb Waman Mahdev Bodas, second class Subordinate Judge of Haveli and Vadgaon.

The Govr in Council is also pleased to direct that from the 1st Jany 1891 Rao Saheb Waman Mahadev Bodas, the Subordinate Judge of Haveli in the Poona district, shall hold his court at Haveli as well as at Vadgaon and Lonavli.

The following appointments have been made of Clerks of Subordinate Courts in the Hyderabad District:—Mr. Harjasrai Udhavdas to be Clerk of the Subordinate Court of Hyderabad vice Mr Jeramdas Bhojraj; and Mr. Jeramdas Bhojraj to be Clerk of the Subordinate Court of Tando vice Mr Harjasrai Udhavdas.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Mr H P Jacob, Educational Inspr, Sind Division, has been granted privilege leave for three months.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Rao Bahadur Alumal Tricumdas Bhojwani, B.A, to act in the Fourth Grade as Educational Inspector in Sind during the absence of Mr H P Jacob on privilege, or pending further orders.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following promotions with effect from the date of Mr W Wordsworth's retirement:—Mr R G Oxenham, M A, from the second grade to the first grade of the Educational Dept; Mr S Cooke, M A, F I C, F G S A M I C E, from the third to the second grade of the Educational Dept and Mr G W Forrest, B A, from the fourth to the third grade of the Edtl Dept.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr H P Jacob to act in the third Grade of the Educational Dept during the absence of Dr P Peterson and vice Mr M MacMillan confirmed in the third grade.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments with effect from the date of the retirement of Mr W Wordsworth, M A—Mr R G Oxenham, M A, to be Principal, Elphintone College; and Mr F G Selby, M A, to be Principal, Deccan College.

REVENUE DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Mr B G Deshpande to act as Sub-Assist Conservator of Forests and to do duty in the Southern Circle so long as the vacancy in the third grade of Assist Conservator may continue, or pending further order.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to make the following appointments:—Mr H O Quin, C S, to act as Talukdari Settlement Officer, Gujarat, vice Mr A D Younghusband, transferred to the Political Dept; and Mr G S Curtis, C S, on relief by Capt Ashby, to revert to the Revenue Dept and to do duty as Assist Collector, Ahmedabad.

Mr H W J Bagnell, C S, reverted to his appointment of Assist Collector, Bombay, with attached duties, on being relieved of the duties of Assist Collector, Poona, by Mr E L Cappel, C S.

Rao Bahadur Kashinath Narayan Bhangaonkar, Dist Depy Collector, Kolaba, has been allowed privilege leave of absence for two months and six days.

Mr L C Crump, appointed by H M's Secy of State for India a Member of H M's Covenanted Civil Service on the Bombay Establishment, reported his arrival on the 10th inst, and has been placed under the orders of the Collector of Surat.

GENERAL DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governot in Council is pleased to appoint Mr G W Vidal, C S, to act as Chief Secy to Government, Revenue, Financial, General and Separate Departments during the absence of Mr J Nugent, C S, or pending further orders.

Mr Erachji Sheriarji Bharucha, L M & S, is appointed an Assist Surgn of the third grade.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint the City Magistrate of Surat to be Inspector within the limits of the City of Surat. He shall for the purposes of the Act be officially subordinate to the District Magistrate.

H E the Governor in Council is pleased to appoint Surgn B B Grayfoot to act as Secy to the Surgn-Genl with the Government of Bombay vice Surgn M A T Collie, M B, C M.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

H E the Governor in Bouucil is pleased to make the following promotions in the Engineering Establishment:—Mr J C Pottinger to be Ex Engr, 1st grade, Permanent; Mr C T Burke to be Ex Engr, 1st grade, sub pro tem; Khan Bahadur M C Murzban, to be Ex Engr, 2nd grade, Permanent; Capt W J Lister, R E, to be Ex Engr, 2nd grade, sub pro tem; Mr T Summers to be Ex Engr, 2rd grade permanent; Mr. F A Dashwood to be Ex Engr. 3rd grade sub pro tem; and Rao Saheb Ganesh Krishna Apte to be Ex Engr, 4th grade, temporary.

BY THE COMMISSIONERS.

Northern Division.

The following transfers and appointments of Mamlatdars in the Thana District are made:—

1. Rao Saheb Rajaram Vishwanath Gudkari is transferred from Shahapur to Bhiwndi during the absence of Rao Bahadur Anna Gopal, and is permitted to draw the First Class Magisterial allowance attached to that taluka from the date of his assuming charge at Bhiwndi.

2. Azam Anandrao Bhasker Prudhan is appointed to be acting Mamlatdar at Shahapur.

3. Azam Wishwanath Narayan Sathe, B.A., is appointed to be acting Mamlatdar of Salsette during the absence of Rao Saheb Balaji Lakshman Ok on special duty in connection with forest matters.

The following transfer and appointment of Mamlatdars vice Khan Bahadur Sorabsha Hormasjee appointed to act as Deputy Collector:—

1. Rao Saheb Narayenshanker Manishanker is and is transferred from Amod to Jambusar in Broach and is permitted to draw the Magisterial allowance attached to that taluka.

2. Azam Maneklal Gokaldas, Chitnis to the Commissioner, N. D., is appointed acting Mamlatdar of Amod in Broach.

Central Division.

Mr G Scott, Dist Depy Collector, Satara, is granted one month's privilege leave from the 5th inst.

SOUTHERN DIVISION.

The following transfers of Mamlatdars are ordered on public grounds:—Rao Saheb Gururao Ramchandra Mokashi from Panvel to Mangoan in the Kolaba District: and Rao Saheb Keshav Vishnu Ghaisas from Mangaon to Panvel.

HIGH COURT.—DECEMBER 19.

(Before the Hon'ble the CHIEF JUSTICE and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice BAYLEY.)

To settle form of decree.

378-87—Thakurdas, D and C—Rahimbhoy Alladinbhoy vs C A Turner—Little, S F and N.

378-87—Little, S, F and N—C A Turner vs Rahimbhoy Alladinbhoy—Thakurdas, D and C.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

680—Payne, G and S—Esmail Khairaj vs Govindram Girdharidas and another—Conroy and B.

681—Mirza H K—For pauper—Jan Mahomed Laduck vs Laduck Haji and others—Wadia and G.

683—Macfarlane, E and H—Peeroo Mahomed vs Oomer Jamal and others—Ardesir, H and D, and J B D and K.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice TELANG.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

116-89—T A Bland—H Dewhurst and another vs Tribhowan Hansraj and others—Tyebjee and D. Part heard.

459-90—Ardesir, H and D—Oomer Jamal Vuyadina vs Haji Mehdi Kajurani—Conroy and B.

393-90—In person, a pauper—Rangoobai vs Luximon Valnjee and others—E Wilkin.

423-90—Ardesir, H and D—Beghraj Jhanirai and others vs Ebrahim Haji Jakaria and another—Jefferson, B D and K.

425-90—J C Cama—Morarji Babaji Chewelker vs Narayen Babaji and another.

120-89—Macfarlane, E and H—Emnabai vs Nusserwanjee Dossabhoy Fracis and another—Jefferson B, D and K.

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice FARRAN.)

Suits for hearing and final disposal.

Postponed Long Causes.

357-90—Khunderao M—Hari Shridhur vs Hajee Adum Hajee Abdul Latiff and others—C, L and O, C, W and S, and T and D.

290-90—Crawford, B, B and B—Nandoo Dossa vs Soondardas Dossa and others—Conroy and B.

412-90—Tyabji and D—Beharilal Buldeodas & another vs Saligram Chajumul and others—Macfarlane, E and H.

480-90—Balkrishna aad D—Rukhmabai and another vs Parashram Vittoba.

428-90—E Wilkin—Nensey Dewjee and another vs Bai Gangabai—Payne, G and S.

451-90—A F Turner—Harri Gopal Borker vs. Baba alias Damodhur Rajoba Borker and others—Bicknell and M.

210-89—Jefferson, B D and K—Cursondass Ludha and others vs. Purshotum alias Baba Ruttonsey—Conroy and B.

442-90—Little, S, F and N—J M Tunish vs. Vussonjee Veerjee—Conroy and B.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills.—Old Wounds, Sores and Ulcers.—Daily experience confirms the fact which has triumphed over all opposition for more than fifty years, viz, that no means are known equal to Holloway's remedies for curing bad legs, bad breasts, sores, wounds, diseases of the skin, erysipelas, abscesses, burns, scalds, and, in truth, all maladies where the skin is broken. To cure these infirmities quickly is of primary importance, as compulsory confinement indoors weakens the general health. The ready means of cure are found in Holloway's Ointment and Pills, which heal the sores and expel their cause. In the very worst cases the Ointment has succeeded in effecting a perfect cure after every other means had failed in giving adequate relief.

NOTICES.

A WONDERFUL MEDICINE

BEECHAM'S PILLS

BEECHAM'S PATENT PILLS. ST. HELENS LANCASHIRE

ARE universally admitted to be worth a Guinea a Box for Bilious and Nervous Disorders, such as Wind and Pain in the Stomach, Sick Headache, Giddiness, Fulness, Swelling after Meals, Dizziness and Drowsiness; Cold Chills, Flushings of Heat, Loss of Appetite, Shortness of Breath, Costiveness, Scurvy and Blotches on the Skin, Disturbed Sleep, Frightful Dreams, and all Nervous and Trembling Sensations, &c. The first dose will give relief in twenty minutes

Every sufferer is earnestly invited to try one box of these Pills, and they will be acknowledged to be

WORTH A GUINEA A BOX.

For females of all ages these Pills are invaluable, as a few doses of them carry off all humours, and bring about all that is required. No female should be without them. There is no medicine to be found equal to Beecham's Pills for removing any obstruction or irregularity of the system. If taken according to the directions given with each box, they will soon restore females of all ages to sound and robust health. This has been proved by thousands who have tried them, and found the benefits which are ensured by their use.

For a Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, and all Disorders of the Liver, they act like magic, and a few doses will be found to work wonders on the most important organs in human machine.

They strengthen the whole muscular system, restore the long-lost complexion, bring back the keen edge of appetite, and arouse into action, with the rosebud of health, the whole physical energy of the human frame. These are FACTS testified continually by members of all classes of society, and one of the best guarantees to the Nervous and Debilitated is BEECHAM'S PILLS *have the Largest Sale of any Patent Medicine in the world.*

Beecham's Magic Cough Pills

As a remedy for Coughs in general, Asthma, Bronchial Affections, Hoarseness, Shortness of Breath, Tightness and Oppression of the Chest, Wheezing, &c., these Pills stand unrivalled. They are the best ever offered to the public, and will speedily remove that sense of oppression and difficulty of breathing which nightly deprive the patient of rest. Let any person give Beecham's Cough Pills a trial, and the most violent Cough will in a short time be removed.

The Natives of India will find **Beecham's Pills** the finest medicine ever introduced to their notice; the English residents also will find them of great value for Cooling the Blood: as for throwing off Fevers and preventing inflammations in hot climates, they stand without a Rival.

Notice.—Messrs. NAYLOR, SON, GRIMES & Co. will forward, on

NOTICES.

SANTAL-MIDY

The pure Essence of Santal obtained by Midy's process from the best Mysore wood.

SANTAL-MIDY entirely different from the santal oil of the Indian Bazars, is superior to Copaiba, Cubeb, or injections, and free from all bad smell or other inconveniences.

SANTAL-MIDY cures all derangements of the urinary organs in either sex in 48 hours.

SANTAL-MIDY is contained in small round Capsules, each of which bears the name..... (MIDY) in black letters, without which none are genuine.

SANTAL-MIDY Beware of imitations, all other Capsules or mixtures contain impurities, resins, oils &c. and are worse than useless.

SANTAL-MIDY is sold by all druggists and medicine dealers throughout the world.

PARIS, 8, RUE VIVIENNE, 8

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP OF HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME

FOR DISEASES OF THE CHEST

All suffering from **Catarrh, Consumption, Obstinate Coughs or Colds** and those affected with diseases of the **Chest, Lungs** and **Bronchial Tubes,** should take

GRIMAULT'S SYRUP of HYPO-PHOSPHITE of LIME

Prescribed by the leading medical authorities in all countries for the last twenty-five years with the greatest success, it continues to retain its reputation where all other medecines have failed.

Grimault's Syrup immediately arrests the **Cough,** Spitting of blood and **Nightsweats,** and the **Appetite** improves rapidly—a fact soon demonstrated by an increase of weight and healthy appearance.

Grimault's Syrup has a rose colour, and is sold in flat oval bottles. **Beware of Imitations.**

GRIMAULT & Co, Paris. Sold by all Chemists

KANANGA OF JAPAN

(REGISTERED)

RIGAUD and Co PARIS

Kananga Water the most delightfully refreshing Toilet Water. It renders the skin firm, relieves mosquito bites and imparts a delicate fragance and feeling of comfort and freshness.

JULIEN'S FRUIT

A REFRESHING VEGETABLE LAXATIVE "BON-BON"

Julien's Fruit Purgative is exclusively a vegetable composition and has the appearance and taste of a delicious Bon-Bon. It is perfectly harmless, and is the best remedy for

Constipation,	Liver complaints,
Sick headaches,	Dyspepsia,
Dysentery,	Overheated blood,
Gastralgia,	Eruptions.

Its refreshing and purifying qualities are invaluable to persons predisposed to headaches, biliousness, and apoplexy; while it prevents convulsions in children, and is very useful in all infant disorders.

Grimault & Co., Paris. Sold by all Chemists

DUSART'S SYRUP OF Lactophosphate of Lime

HEALTH VIGOUR BONE MUSCLE

This syrup enriches the blood, and streghtens and restores all the vital energies. It contains Phosphate of Lime the substance most necessary to our existence, and indispensable for the formation of the bony and muscular system. It is a specific in Infants' green Diarrhœa, and assists children in the formation and cutting of their teeth, and where the limbs are weak, they greatly improve by this bone-forming material.

DUSART'S SYRUP is the best Tonic for Lymphatic subjects, and all suffering from nervous **Debility, Poorness of Blood** and the **Excesses of Youth.**

L. DUSART, 8, rue Vivienne, PARIS

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE

TONIC, DIGESTIVE & NUTRITIVE

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE nourishes the Sick & Convalescent, without fatiguing the stomach by the process of digestion; and is far superior to Beef Teas, Jellies, and Meat Extracts, which cannot nourrish the body if the digestive organs are defective.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE is used in the London and Paris Hospitals, for affections of the *Stomach, Liver,* and *Intestines,* and for **Indigestion, Anæmia, Consumption, Diabetes, Dysentery;** in extreme weakness and exhaustion arising from *Tumours, Cancerous Affections,* and **all wasting diseases** whenever an extra amount of nourishment is required.

CHAPOTEAUT'S PEPTONE WINE cannot be too highly recommended as a Tonic stimulant and Restorative to the Aged, Delicate Females, Lymphatic subjects and children.

8, RUE VIVIENNE, PARIS.

HAMILTON & COMPANY

(OF CALCUTTA).

BOMBAY BRANCH:

73, ESPLANADE ROAD.

1146 G. Gold Brooch, Set with Single Diamond. Rs. 60 Cash.

1147 G. Gold Feather Brooch, Set with Pearls. Rs. 28 Cash.

1148 G. Gold Brooch, Set with Pearls. Rs. 45 Cash.

1149 G. Gold Bamboo Links Per-pair, Rs. 29 Cash.

1150 G. Gold Brooch, Set with Pearls. Rs. 108 Cash.

1151 G. Gold Brooch, Set with a Pearl. Rs. 27 Cash.

1152 G. Gold Spray Brooch, Set with Pearls. Rs. 58 Cash.

1153 G. Gold Knot Bangle. Rs. 36 Cash.

1154 G. Plain Gold Bangles. Various Widths. At Rs. 38, 50 and 65 Cash.

1155 G. Pearl Safety Pin. Rs. 13 Cash.

1156 G. Pearl Safety Pin. Rs. 12 Cash.

Each Article fitted in a neat Morocco Case.

HAMILTON & COMPANY,

73, ESPLANADE ROAD,

BOMBAY.

DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA

THE BEST REMEDY FOR ACIDITY OF THE STOMACH, HEARTBURN, HEADACHE, GOUT AND INDIGESTION.

THE SAFEST MILD APERIENT FOR DELICATE CONSTITUTIONS, LADIES, CHILDREN AND INFANTS, AND FOR REGULAR USE IN WARM CLIMATES.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA

Of Druggists and Storekeepers throughout the World.

N.B. ASK FOR DINNEFORD'S MAGNESIA.

Used by Her Majesty's Servants at Home and Abroad.

Needham's Polishing Paste

LATEST HONOURS:—Highest Award—Paris, Melbourne and Barcelona; Gold Medals, Diplomas and Certificates, wherever exhibited.

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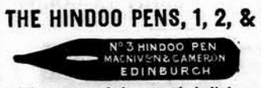

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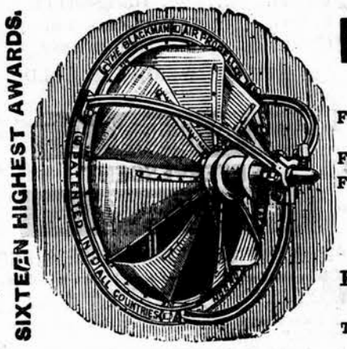

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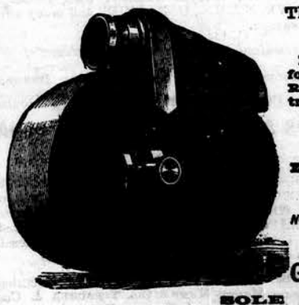

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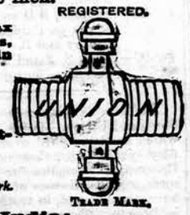

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